

City of Seattle Budget 101

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Agenda – SMA Back to Basics: Budget 101

- Intro (5 mins)
- How the City's budget process works (10 mins)
- City budget sources (20 mins)
- City budget uses (10 mins)
- Questions (10 mins)

How the City's Budget Process Works

Result: You will know how the City's budget is created and ways to influence the budget.

City Budget Office – Citywide fiscal oversight

- Manage the annual budget process
 - Assess the impact of wage increases, inflationary pressures and one-time funding on current services budget.
 - Provide guidance to departments for budget submittals
 - Evaluate departmental proposals and review with Mayor for alignment with policy and with financial constraints
 - Support Council and Council Staff during public deliberations.
- Manage the quarterly supplemental budget process
 - Evaluate emerging issues
 - Respond to changes in revenue
- Manage revenue forecast

City budget process – high level overview

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

Baseline Budget
Process

Current Services

- Revenue Forecast
- Wage increases
- Inflation
- One-time items

Executive Budget Process

Proposed Budget

- CBO Guidance
- Dept Proposals
- Mayor's Priorities
- Revenue Forecast
- Balancing

Council Budget
Process

Adopted Budget

- Council Review
- Issue Identification
- Public Participation
- Revenue Update
- Budget Legislation

Process for submitting and approving budget changes

Executive Budget Process

- Department Finance Managers submit memos in April with ideas for budget proposals, receive feedback by early May.
- Department budget proposals (Budget Issue Paper/BIP) are finalized in May, submitted to budget office in early June.
- Decisions finalized by Mayor by end of August.

Council Budget Process

- Council receives proposed budget from the executive typically on the last Monday in September.
- Council holds budget hearings in October and November to consider the Proposed Budget and make changes via "green sheets", the Council BIP-equivalent.
- Budget is typically adopted Monday before Thanksgiving.

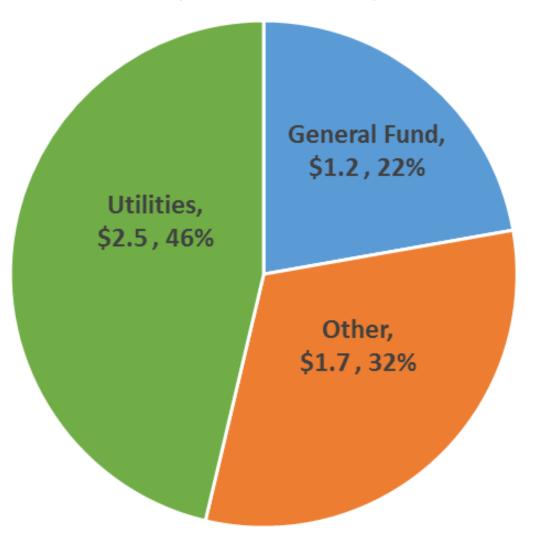
City Budget Sources

Result: You will know the sources of revenue that fund the City's budget.

Sources of revenue

2017 Adopted Revenues - \$5.4 billion

(in billions of dollars)



Sources – example revenue sources

General Fund

- Property Tax
- Sales Tax
- Business Tax
- Utility Tax
- Other

Other

- Levies Housing, Transportation, Education, Library, etc.
- Fees Building Permits, Parks, etc.
- Grants
- Misc Vehicle License Fee, Commercial Parking Tax, Gas Tax

Utility Charges

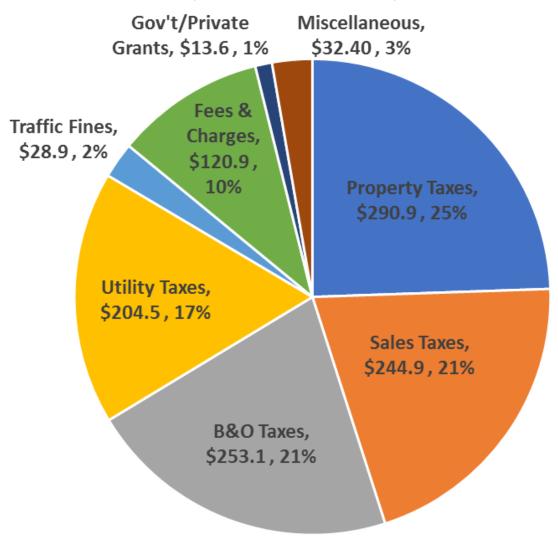
Funding sources – restrictions on use

- Levies are for passed by voters for specific purposes
 - Seawall levy, for example, can only be used for costs associated with replacement of that infrastructure.
- Fees are limited to cost recovery for services provided
- Utility revenue can only be used for utility purposes
- Transportation revenues have many restrictions
 - Commercial Parking Tax cannot be used to purchase transit service.
 - \$60 Vehicle License Fee can <u>only</u> be used to purchase/improve transit service
 - Competition is intense for General Fund resources.

General Fund Revenue Sources

2017 Adopted General Fund Revenues - \$1.2 billion

(in millions of dollars)



General Fund issues

Sales Tax Volatility

- Sales Tax between 20% and 28% of overall General Fund revenue
- In 2017, construction will generate approximately 25% of sales tax or 5% of overall General Fund revenue
- In 2017, new construction will generate approximately 10% of the business and occupation tax, or 2% of overall General Fund revenue
- Construction is cyclical; there will be a dropoff

Inflation has averaged 2% over the past 10 years

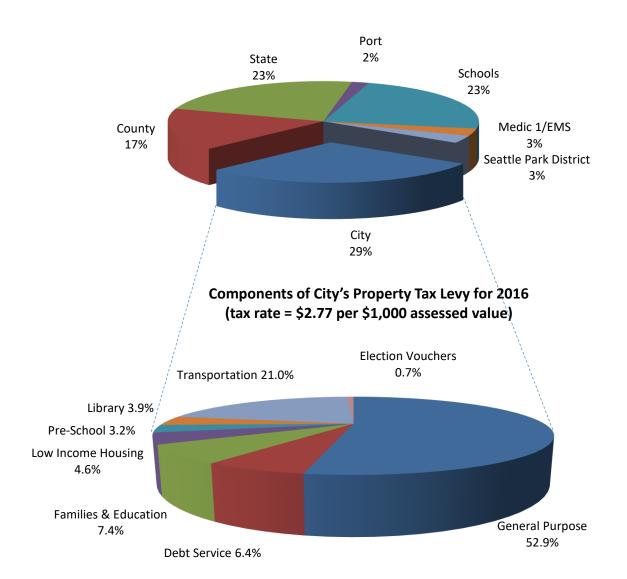
 The City competes in the same market for goods, services and labor as other private sector companies

Property tax limitation

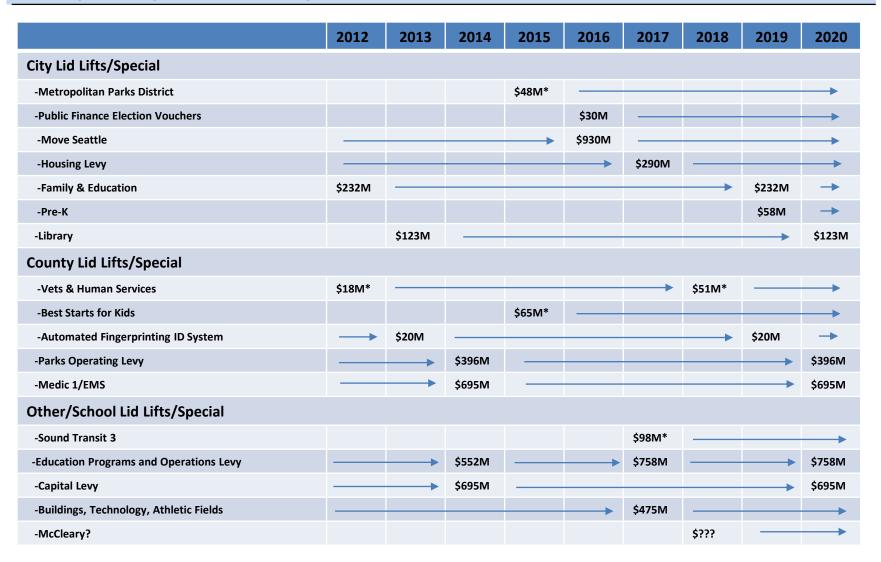
- Initiative I-747 limits annual property tax collection increase to 1% per year (excluding impact of new construction)
- Property tax provides 25% of overall General Fund revenue

Property Tax Levy for 2016

Components of Total Property Tax Levy for 2016 (tax rate = \$9.19 per \$1,000 assessed value)



Property Tax Levy for 2016

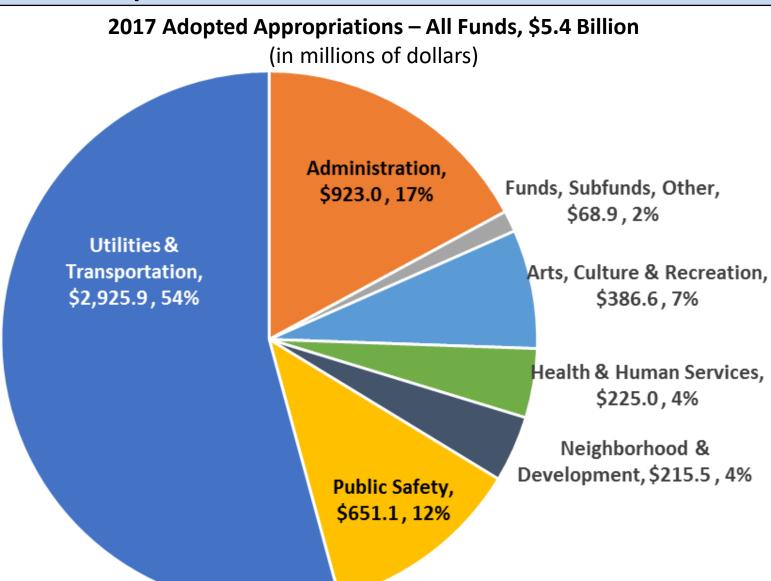


^{*}One-year amount. All other amounts are estimated life-time collection from current levies and do not include anticipated increases.

City Budget Uses

Result: You will know how the City uses its resources.

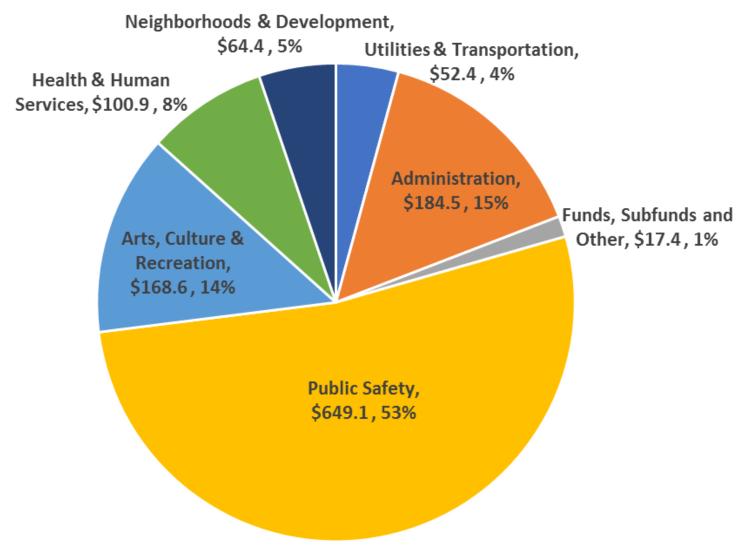
Uses of City Resources



General Fund

2017 Adopted General Fund Appropriations – All Funds, \$1.2 Billion

(in millions of dollars)



Key Take-Aways

- If budget changes are needed, department discussions begin in Q1 of the prior year.
- City General Fund resources are balanced among property, sales, B&O, utility and other taxes, but growth heavily-dependent on new construction
- More than half of the City's General Fund budget is allocated to public safety, a core City service.

Additional Info

- Read the budget:
 - http://www.seattle.gov/financedepartment/ 17adoptedbudget/default.htm
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