Revised 11/07/2025

The table below shows the changes that were made to the 2023 Edition to create the proposed 2026 Edition City of Seattle Standard Specifications and Standard Plans for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction.

Revised Standard Plans are posted as redlined PDF's (showing recent edits) and clean PDF's. A list of Standard Plan revisions for the 2026 Edition are shown at the end of the table below.

Our Construction Standards can be found here: <a href="https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/construction-resources/standards-and-guidelines/standard-specs-and-plans">https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/construction-resources/standards-and-guidelines/standard-specs-and-plans</a>

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	1-01.3	DEFINITIONS	Delete the entire PDF BID FILE item with no replacement.  Replace BID FORM with BID FORMS and replace the definition with the following:  BID FORMS  The forms provided by the Owner on OpenGov which must be submitted with a Bid.
	1-03.6 1-05.13(2) 1- 07.9(1)D1 1-07.11 1-07.18(2) 1-07.18(5) 1-07-28	VARIES:	Replace the mailing address with:  Mailing address for USPS: City of Seattle Department of Finance and Administrative Services – Purchasing and Contracting PO Box 94687, Seattle, WA 98124-4687
	PREFACE 1-01.2(1) 1-03.1(2) 1-03.6 1-05.13(2) 1-07.18(2) 1-07.18(5)	VARIES:	Change Department of Facilities and Administrative Services name to:  Department of Finance and Administrative Services
	1-02.1	RESPONSIBLE BIDDER	Replace the third paragraph with:  The apparent low Bidder, see Section 1-03.1(3), must also demonstrate compliance with the following City requirements:  a. The Bidder must show substantial compliance with social equity Contract requirements on past projects or evidence to responsibly perform, including, but not limited to, compliance with the Inclusion Plan, Social Equity Plan, or Community Workforce Agreement.  b. The Bidder must have a current Seattle Business License and must be current on all Business and Occupancy Taxes pursuant to SMC 5.55.030 A, before Award when the Work is in the City of Seattle, the Bidder conducts business in the City of Seattle, or the Contractor owes Taxes to the City of Seattle.  c. The Bidder must not owe any monetary disincentive assessments or penalties regarding Apprentice Utilization on prior projects before Award.  d. The Bidder must be registered on the City of Seattle's Procurement Portal, powered by OpenGov, before Award: https://procurement.opengov.com/portal/seattle  e. Equal Benefits (SMC 20.45): Except as may be provided in the Equal Benefits Program Rules, the apparent low Bidder must submit the Equal Benefits Declaration as part of the SBRC.  f. Labor Standards (SMC 14.16,14.17,14.19,14.20): Except as may be provided in the Office of Labor Standards rules, the Apparent Low Bidder must demonstrate compliance with the City's fair labor standards.  g. Campaign Contributions (SMC 2.04): The Bidder must not be found in violation of earning more than \$250,000 in City contracts in the last fiscal year and contributed to a City elected official's campaign.  h. The Bidder must comply with any additional requirements as a condition of state or federal funding, loans, or grants for the Work.

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	1-02.4(1)	GENERAL	Replace the last paragraph with the following:  The Bidder has a responsibility to ask about any perceived defect or ambiguity in the Bid Documents. Bidders who need an explanation or clarification of the Bid Documents must make this request in writing before 5:00 p.m. on that Thursday preceding the Bid opening. A claim will not be allowed if a Bidder failed to request clarification or if a reasonably prudent contractor would have discovered such defects or ambiguities while preparing their Bid.
	1-02.4(2)	SUBSURFACE INFORMATION	Replace the second paragraph with the following:  In addition to the above data, SDCI has geotechnical reports for private property located in an Environmentally Critical Area Geographically Hazardous zone if the private property has been under SDCI permit review. This data is available for the Contractor's review at: SDCI, Soils Reports, 700 Fifth Avenue, 22nd Floor, Seattle, WA 98104, (206) 684-8950.
	1-02.5	FORM AND STYLE OF BID	Replace this Section with the following:  A Bid must only be submitted on the Bid Form provided on OpenGov. A price must be submitted for each Bid Item listed.  The Bidder must not make a stipulation on the Bid Forms or qualify the Bid in any manner. A Bid amount must be included for every bid item listed on the Bid Form. A person authorized to legally bind the Bidder must provide an Electronic Signature on the Declaration page.
	1-02.6	ADDENDA	Replace the last paragraph with the following:  The Bidder must acknowledge receipt of each Addendum by checking the appropriate boxes on OpenGov.
	1-02.7	BID GUARANTY	Replace the fifth paragraph with the following:  A Bid Guaranty must accompany all Bids. Bidders must upload a scanned copy of the wet signed and notarized Bid Guaranty through OpenGov as a PDF file. The Bidder must mail Bid Guaranty originals with a postmark no later than one Business Day following the Bid Opening Date. PC will not accept Electronic Signatures or electronic notarizations on the Bid Guaranty originals. Mail original Bid Guaranty documents to:  FAS - Purchasing and Contracting City of Seattle P.O. Box 94687 Seattle, WA 98124-4687  Replace the sixth paragraph with the following:  A Bid may be declared non-responsive if a Bidder submitting an electronic Bid fails to mail a hard copy original of the Bid Guaranty with the required USPS postmark.
	1-02.8	NONCOLLUSION REQUIREMENT	Replace this Section with the following:  The Bidder declares by signing the Declaration that they have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free, competitive bidding in the preparation and submission of its Bid. The Bidder and other potential Bidders or participants in collusion may be declared not responsible under Section 1-02.14 and may be debarred under SMC Chapter 20.70.

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	1-02.9(1)	GENERAL	Replace this Section with the following:
			The Bid must be submitted through OpenGov by the time and date specified in the Advertisement for Bids or as modified by Addenda. The Bid, together with the Bid Guaranty and any other required documents due at the Bid submittal deadline, must be submitted through OpenGov. Any required documents that are due after the Bid submittal deadline must be emailed as a PDF file(s) to FAS_PWSecureBid@seattle.gov by the appropriate deadline; OpenGov cannot accept submittals after the Bid submittal deadline.
			PC designates the official Bid clock. The Bidder is responsible for the timely submittal of the Bid. A Bid submitted or received after the Bid submittal deadline will not be accepted, unless determined by the Owner that the lateness was outside of the Bidder's control and that there is no bidding advantage to accepting a late Bid.
			Bidders must submit Bids electronically through OpenGov by the Bid submittal deadline. PC will accept Electronic Signature for the Declaration and the Bidder/Subcontractor List, if applicable.
			Email additional required documents, that are due after the Bid submittal deadline as a PDF File(s) with a maximum individual file size of 15MB. Email additional required documents to the following address by the appropriate deadline:
			FAS_PWSecureBid@seattle.gov
			Identify both the email and the attached PDF file with the full Public Works Contract Number (PW#) and name of the Bidder (e.g. "PW# 2020-001 – Pat's Construction").
			Bids must be entered and submitted by 2:00 PM through OpenGov on the Bid Opening Date. OpenGov will not allow any Bid submission after the 2:00 PM Bid submittal deadline. Any required documents that are due after the 2:00 PM deadline must be submitted by email as a PDF file(s) to FAS_PWSecureBid@seattle.gov.
			The Email Time Stamp constitutes the official time for electronic submittal receipt for required documents that are due after the Bid submittal deadline and are submitted by email.
			If mandatory pre-bid meetings were required as part of the Bid's solicitation, the Bidder's company must be represented on the pre-bid meeting sign-in sheet, or the Bid will not be accepted.
			If the Bidder/Subcontractor List is required and is not included with the Bid Forms, it must be emailed to the City within 1 hour following the Bid submittal deadline to: FAS_PWSecureBid@seattle.gov. Identify both the email and attached Bidder/Subcontractor List document with the full Public Works Contract Number (PW#) and Bidder name.
	1-02.9(3)	BIDDER/SUBCONT RACTOR LIST	Replace this Section with the following:
			In compliance with RCW 39.30.060 for all projects estimated to cost \$1,000,000 or more, all Bidders must complete and submit the Bidder/Subcontractor List, Section 0-01.5 of the Project Manual. The completed Bidder/Subcontractor list must identify the Subcontractors the Bidder will contract with for HVAC, plumbing, electrical, structural steel, or rebar installation work; or indicate the Bidder intends to self-perform the work, if awarded the Contract; or that category of work is not applicable. The Bidder/Subcontractor List may be submitted with the Bid Forms or separately within 1 hour of the time and date for Bid Submittal. The Bidder is responsible for the timely delivery of the Bidder/Subcontractor List.
			The Bidder may list no more than 1 Subcontractor for each category of work, unless Subcontractors vary with Bid Alternates, Additives, or Deductives, in which case the Bidder must indicate on a separate Bidder/Subcontractor List which Subcontractor will be used for which Alternate, Additive, or Deductive.
			If the HVAC, plumbing, electrical, structural steel, or rebar installation specialty is left blank meaning either the name of a Subcontractor is blank, or a checkbox is not checked, the City will accept the blank as self-performance. The Bidder is bound to self-performance of that specialty for the duration of the Project.
			The Bid will be rejected as non-responsive if the Bidder/Subcontractor list is not provided. The Bidder/Subcontractor List may be submitted with the Bid Forms emailed to FAS_PWSecureBid@Seattle.gov separate from the Bid Forms as a PDF file with an Electronic Signature. The email must include the project name, PW#, and Bidder's name to ensure the form is routed correctly.
			If awarded the Contract, the Bidder agrees to use the Subcontractors identified on the Bidder/Subcontractor List unless the City agrees to a substitution.
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	1-02.10		Replace this Section with the following:

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		MODIFICATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF BID	After submitting a Bid, but prior to the Bid submittal deadline, a Bidder may either (1) withdraw or (2) revise its Bid through OpenGov.
	1-02.12	PUBLIC OPENING FOR BIDS	Replace this Section with the following:
			Bids submitted through OpenGov will be opened and read aloud via Microsoft Teams following the 2:00 PM Bid submittal deadline specified in the Advertisement for Bids or in an Addendum. There is no in-person Bid opening.
			Microsoft Teams' call-in information is:
			Phone number to connect:
			a. 1-206-686-8357 (Seattle) or (United States) 2. Meeting Number ID: 190 706 876#
	1-02.13	IRREGULAR BIDS	Replace this Section with the following:
			The Owner has the right to review Bids for material irregularities. If the Owner determines a Bid to be irregular and rejects it, notification will be sent to the Bidder in writing containing the reason for the determination.
			A Bid will be considered irregular and non-responsive if:
			a. The authorized Bid Forms are not used;
			b. The completed Bid Forms contains any unauthorized additions, deletions, alternate Bids, or conditions;
			c. The Bidder did not Bid on all Alternates, Additives, or Deductives, when required;
			d. The Bid Guaranty is not included with the Bid;
			e. For projects estimated to cost \$1,000,000 or more, the Bidder did not comply with the Bidder/Subcontractor list requirements, see Section 1-02.9(3), Bidder/Subcontractor List;
			f. The Bid does not constitute a definite and unqualified offer to comply with the material terms of the Bid invitation;
			g. The Inclusion Plan is not submitted with the Bid when required; or
			h. The Inclusion Plan does not receive the minimum score as identified in the plan to be considered responsive when submitted with the Bid when required.
			2. A Bid may be considered irregular and non-responsive if:
			a. The Bid Guaranty is not complete or not sufficient;
			b. Any of the Bid Item prices are excessively above or below the amount of a reasonable Bid, to the potential detriment of the Owner; or
			c. A lump sum Bid is excessively lower than other Bids;
			d. Receipt of Addenda is not acknowledged;
			e. The Bidder is a member of a joint venture or partnership and the joint venture or partnership submits a Bid for the same project. In such an instance, both Bids may be rejected;
			f. The Bid is not properly Executed.
	1-03.1(1)	BID TABULATION	Replace this Section with the following:
			If a minimum Bid amount has been established for any item and the Bidder's unit or lump sum price is less than the minimum specified amount, the Owner will revise the unit or lump sum price, to the minimum specified amount and recalculate the extension and/or the total Bid price.
	1-03.1(1)A	RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE	Delete the third paragraph.

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		FOR RESIDENT CONTRACTORS	
	1-04.4(3)	CLAIMS	Replace item 9.d. with the following:  d.The Contractor's written explanation of the reason for the requested change including the method of analysis used and where appropriate referring to the relevant schedules; supporting documents such as look-ahead, As-Builts, daily records, time sheets, and the basis for the rates of affected tasks that the baseline CPM schedule was founded on, may be required by the Engineer.
	1-05.3(1)C	BULK SAMPLE SUBMITTALS	Replace the phone number in the last sentence with: (206)-733-9524
	1-05.3(4)	SUBMITTAL CONTROL DOCUMENT	Replace the last two sentences of the first paragraph with the following:  The Contractor may reference the baseline CPM schedule and show major submittals and review times in the CPM. The initial Submittal Control Document must be submitted with the baseline CPM schedule, see Section 1-08.3(1) for time requirements.
	1-07.3(2)	SUBMITTALS	Replace item 4 with the following:  4. Provide a waste management plan for any wastes that are to be stored on the Project Site before recycling or disposal. The waste management plan must provide procedures to ensure that wastes are stored in a safe, secure manner that does not allow for leakage or other releases of waste.  Add the following after item 5:  6. Include all documentation that will apply to or must be completed by the Engineer under the Contract, including, but not limited to, the following:  a. Waste acceptance criteria for the facility, including any physical characteristics and maximum allowable chemical parameters.  b. Waste profile forms.  c. Waste acceptance or approval documents.
			d. Bills of lading or other shipping documents required to be presented at the receiving facility; and e. All other documents required to be completed and submitted by the Engineer for waste review, approval, acceptance, and receipt at the facility.  At the Owner's option, all documentation may be reviewed specified in Section 1-07.3(1).
	1-07.11	SOCIAL EQUITY IN CONTRACTING	Replace the first paragraph with the following:  The City provides assistance to Contractors that desire to Bid on, or have been awarded a City Contract, to comply with equal opportunity, non-discrimination, Affirmative Efforts, and Apprenticeship provisions. Should a Contractor desire assistance or information in recruiting, tutoring, and training or otherwise preparing potential employees and Subcontractors, a Contractor may contact PC at (206) 684-0444. Direct all questions, reports, or other submittals regarding the requirements of this Section to PC. Telephone: (206) 684-0444.
	1-07.11(4)A	ACCEPTABLE WORK SITE	Add the following new Section:  The Contractor must ensure an Acceptable Work Site and must include this Section in all subcontracts.  The intent of the person that appears to violate the Acceptable Work Site is not a measure of whether such behaviors are appropriate; rather the standard is whether a reasonable person should have known that such behavior would cause a worker to be humiliated, intimidated, or otherwise treated in an inappropriate, discriminatory, or differential manner.  Behaviors that violate an Acceptable Work Site include but are not limited to:  1. Persistent conduct that to the reasonable person would be perceived as offensive and unwelcome;

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			<ol> <li>Conduct that a reasonable person would perceive to be harassing or bullying in nature;</li> <li>Conduct that a reasonable person would perceive to be hazing;</li> <li>Verbal references that a reasonable person would perceive to be offensive stereotypes or racial/gender slurs;</li> <li>Jokes about race, gender, or sexuality that a reasonable person would perceive to be offensive;</li> <li>Task assignments that stratify, or give a perception of stratification, based on race, gender, or other defining characteristics;</li> <li>Language that a reasonable person would perceive to be offensive based on race, gender, or oriented towards sexuality;</li> <li>Name-calling, cursing or unnecessary yelling, including from a supervisor, foreman, or other more senior person that a reasonable person would perceive as offensive;</li> <li>Repeating rumors about individuals in the Work Site that a reasonable person would perceive as harassing or harmful to the individual's reputation;</li> <li>Refusal to hire someone based on race, gender, sexuality, or any other protected class; and</li> <li>Reference to or requests for immigration status other than those required by law, religious affiliation, gender affiliation, criminal background, or other related aspects of a worker unless mandated by federal law.</li> <li>To maintain an Acceptable Work Site, all Work must be assigned in a manner that respects training objectives for apprentices and ensures an equitable distribution of meaningful work, training, and assignments among all workers.</li> <li>While maintaining and managing an Acceptable Work Site is the Contractor's responsibility, each subcontractor must also have accountability for performance in sustaining and managing their Work Sites. Purchasing and Contracting (PC) will monitor Work Site, interviews of individuals familiar with the Work Site, collection of data that may ewidence disparities, investigation of complaints by an individual familiar with the Work Site, o</li></ol>
1	1-07.16(3)	FENCES MAILBOXES, AND MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS  Note: also see changes to Section 1-07.28 item 15	Replace the second paragraph with the following:  The Contractor must comply with all requirements of the U.S. Postal Service for maintenance and relocation of postal service, collection, and mail receptacles. Where U.S. Postal Service Structures need to be temporarily relocated, the Contractor must make the notification specified in Section 1-07.28. Information to be provided to the Post Office includes the Location I.D. Number included on the box label or, if no label, the street location; date needed for temporary relocation, and approximate date the area impacted by construction will be completed. All U.S. Postal Service Structure relocation must be done by the Contractor once written permission has been granted by the U.S. Post Office. Do not impair access to existing or temporarily relocated postal Structures. Upon completion of the Work which required the relocation of mail receptacles, the Contractor must notify the U.S. Postal Service in writing that the box has been reinstalled to the original location.
	1-07.17(1)	GENERAL	Replace the SDCI website in the 6 <sup>th</sup> paragraph with the following: <a href="https://maps.seattle.gov/sidesewercardviewer/">https://maps.seattle.gov/sidesewercardviewer/</a>
	1-07.17(1)	GENERAL	Replace the fifth paragraph with the following:  The Contractor may encounter side Sewers during Work operations. Side Sewers typically extend from a tee or wye connection on a Sewer or Storm Drain to a property. Beyond the property line, the side Sewer may be a single pipe or may branch into multiple pipes. Up to date plats of as-built side Sewer constructions are maintained by the SPU geographic information systems (GIS) staff. GIS mapping is available online at <a href="https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/construction-resources/water-and-sewer-map">https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/construction-resources/water-and-sewer-map</a> , http://web1.seattle.gov/dpd/sidesewercardsv2/ or by e-mail request: sidesewerinfo@seattle.gov. It is the Contractor's responsibility to locate and protect these existing side Sewers.

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2023	1-07.28	NOTIFICATIONS RELATIVE TO CONTRACTOR'S ACTIVITIES	Replace item 3. with the following:  3. City of Seattle - Signage, Parking Pay Stations, Parking Meters:  a. Parking Meters, Parking Pay Stations, and sidewalk containing parking or loading signs, posts, and numbered base plates: 10 Working Days advance notice is required for the following:  1) To request covering of parking meters and placing no parking markers on numbered base plates where parking pay stations exist, contact (206) 684-5086. Also see Section 1-10.3(3)N.  2) To request removal of parking meters, parking pay stations, and sidewalk containing parking or loading signs, posts, and numbered base plate, contact 206-684-8175. Also see Section 2-02.3(3)F.  3) After completion and acceptance of newly constructed sidewalk, to request installation of parking pay station, parking or loading signage, and numbered base plates, contact 206-684-8175.  4) The Contractor must reimburse SDOT for lost parking revenue unless this is an SDOT Project.
	1-07.28	NOTIFICATIONS RELATIVE TO CONTRACTOR'S ACTIVITIES  Note: also see changes to Section 1-07.16(3)	Replace item 15 with the following:  15.U.S. Postal Service Collection Boxes, Mail Receptacles, and other structures: the Contractor must receive written permission from the local U.S. Post Office to relocate a Collection Box, Mail Receptacle or structure. The U.S. Postal Service recommends contacting them at least 7 Calendar Days in advance for approval for the Contractor to relocate a Collection Box, Mail Receptacle or other U.S. Postal structure. See Section 1-07.16(3).
	1-08.1(2)A	PRECONSTRUCTI ON CONFERENCE	After the Contract has been Executed, but before the Contractor starts Work, a preconstruction conference will be held for the Contractor, the Engineer and such other interested parties as may be invited.  The purpose of the preconstruction conference will be:  1. To review the preliminary critical path schedule indicating major work activities including the order and duration of work activities, milestones and time frames required in the Contract, and the critical path.  2. To establish a working understanding among the various parties affected by the Work.  3.To establish and review procedures for items including but not limited to progress estimates and cut-off Dates, notifications, approvals, reviews, and submittal delivery methods.  4. To establish normal working hours for the Work.  5. To review safety standards, traffic control, and maintaining cleanliness.  6. To review the Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Submittal requirements and leads specified in Sections 1-05.13, 1-07.5, 1-07.15, and Section 8-01 and related permits, as applicable.  7. To review Material sources as may be applicable.  8. To discuss such other related items as may be pertinent to the work.  See Section 1-05.3(5) for submittals due at the preconstruction conference.
	1-08.3(1)B3	CPM SCHEDULE UPDATE	Replace Item 2. a. with the following:  a. Schedule updates must be presented in a Tracking Gantt format, showing 2 sets of Gantt-style progress bars consisting of 1) the latest accepted baseline CPM schedule versus 2) a combination of the actual start/finish progress of completed tasks and projected start/finish Dates of uncompleted tasks.

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	1-09.1	MEASUREMENT OF QUANTITIES Note: also see changes to Section 9-07	Delete the reference to AASHTO M 32 in item b) Gauge and replace with the following: ; and in the measurement of wire as specified in AASHTO M 336 and ASTM A 1064.
	1-09.9(4)A	REQUEST FOR CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE	Replace the first paragraph and item #1 with the following:  The Engineer will submit an acceptance package with supporting documents to PC after the Physical Completion Date and after all obligations, including disputes and settlements, of the Contract except retainage release have been completed. In order for PC to declare the project complete, PC requires the following:  1. Documents that all Work is completed:  a. The State Notice of Completion (NOC) of Public Works Contract form (LNI form F215-038-000) filled out electronically by the administering department with as much information as possible (PC will submit the form);  b. NTP, Substantial, and Physical Completion Notices with Dates;  c. All Change Orders;  d. All calculations of Liquidated Damages;  e. All claims under Section 1-04.4 resolved and the Final Contract Price set;  f. All permit conditions completed;  g. The Contractor Performance Evaluation is completed for all applicable projects; and  h. Evidence that all other requirements of the Work are met.
	1-10.1(2)	MATERIALS	Supplement the table with the following:  Temporary Pedestrian Curb Ramps 9-38.16 Pedestrian Channelizing Devices 9-38.17
	1-10.2(5)C	GENERAL TRAFFIC CONTROL RESTRICTIONS	Replace the last paragraph with the following:  The Contractor must discontinue Work if a conflict exists with special events such as parades, sporting events, miscellaneous rallies, and large public meetings or with seasonal conditions, such as the Holiday Construction Moratorium. Information concerning such events can be obtained by emailing:  dot_events@seattle.gov.
	1-10.3(1)C	TRAFFIC CONTROL PEACE OFFICERS	Replace this Section with the following:  Only use an off-duty uniformed peace officer as a flagger to:  1. Countermand a traffic signal indication at a signalized intersection. 2. Direct vehicle and pedestrian traffic when a traffic signal indication is turned off or inoperative. 3. Perform flagging duties outside of the required uses in items 1 or 2 above only if it is determined by the Engineer that such work would present an extenuating safety risk if not performed by personnel who are Uniformed Peace Officers. Such use of Uniformed Peace Officers must be specified in the accepted traffic control plan. when and where specified in the accepted traffic control plan or elsewhere in the Contract.  4. If flagging duties indicated exclude the required uses in item 1, or and 2 or 3 above, or any combination of the above, then the Engineer will may direct the Contractor to stop use of the Uniformed Peace Officer before the next Working Day.

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			For new traffic signal Work, officers are also required. as specified in Section 8-31.3(1)A. The off-duty uniformed peace officer must be provided by the Contractor. On the next Working Day, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer a copy of the daily timecard for Traffic Control Peace Officers showing the hours actually worked.
	1-10.3(3)L	PAINT LINES AND LEGENDS	Replace this Section with the following:
			Temporary pavement markings must be provided for all lane shifts resulting from construction activities, or when permanent markings are removed because of construction operations. Temporary pavement markings must be maintained in serviceable condition and removed only on installation of permanent traffic channelization. When lane shifts resulting from construction activities will be in place for more than 15 Calendar days, temporary centerline striping and temporary dashed lane line striping must be installed.
			Temporary centerline striping must consist of placing yellow strips of pressure sensitive pavement marking tape or temporary paint at 15-foot intervals along the centerline. Temporary markings tape must be placed in sets of two 36-inch strips of yellow 4-inch wide markings tape set 16 inches apart and parallel to the center line with each set of 3-foot double line spaced every15 feet along the center line of the roadway, or the equivalent surface area in yellow temporary lane markers.
			Temporary dashed lane line striping must consist of placing white strips of pressure sensitive pavement marking tape or temporary paint at 15-foot intervals along the dashed lane lines, separating multiple lanes of traffic moving in the same direction. Temporary markings-tape must be placed in 36" strips of white 4- inch wide marking spaced every 15 feet along the lane lines, or the equivalent surface area in white temporary lane markers.
			Temporary stop bars must conform to the dimensions and location requirements provided in Standard Plan 712. Stop bars may consist of parallel adjacent 4-inch strips of temporary pavement marking tape.
			When permanent green pavement markings are temporarily removed during construction, and the temporary traffic control plans require the bike lanes to remain operational in the same location, install temporary skip lines for the outer edge of the bike lane or cross-bike using the same skip pattern of the permanent markings as provided in standard plan 780 and 781. Infilling with green markings is not required.
			Temporary crosswalks must be "ladder style" conforming to the dimensions and placement requirements in Standard Plan 712. Crosswalks may consist of parallel adjacent 4-inch strips of temporary pavement marking tape.
			Temporary symbols and legends must conform to the dimensions of permanent installations as provided in the 700 series Standard Plans using white temporary marking tape or approved traffic paint with reflectivity.
			Pressure-sensitive pavement marking tape or temporary paint used on the wearing course before installation of permanent lane markers, traffic buttons, or permanent paint striping must be removed from the pavement current with, or immediately after, the installation of permanent pavement markings.
			Temporary pavement markings must be maintained in serviceable condition by the Contractor for the duration of time it is in use. The Contractor must lay out temporary markings for the permanent marking application and, after installation of the permanent markings, must remove the temporary striping.
			Temporary pavement marking tape and paint must comply with Section 9-29. Damage to the pavement resulting from removal of temporary pavement marking, including the use of high heat sources, must be repaired by the Contractor at no expense to the Owner.
	2-02.3(3)F	REMOVE SIDEWALK	Delete the second and third paragraphs.
	2-02.3(3)J	REMOVE PAVEMENT MARKING	Replace the first sentence with the following:  Pavement paint and plastic stripes and markings, traffic buttons, and lane markers to be removed, as described in the Contract, must be obliterated until
			blemishes caused by pavement marking removal conform to the coloration of the adjacent pavement.
	2-02.3(7)C	ILLUMINATION, SIGNALS,	Replace the second paragraph with the following:
		SIGNS	The Contractor must deliver items 1 through 4 to City Light South Service Center at Fourth Avenue South and South Spokane Street. Call (206) 386 1707 before delivery of wood poles, metal poles, high pressure sodium, induction and LED luminaires, lamps, photoelectric cells, and aluminum bracket arms.
	2-02.4	MEASUREMENT	Replace the 7th and 8th paragraphs with the following:

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			"Remove Paint Striping" and "Remove Plastic Striping" is measured by the actual linear foot. Unpainted skips in pavement marking removal, and removal of traffic buttons and lane marker incidental to pavement marking removal, will not be measured.  "Remove Paint Legend/Symbol" and "Remove Plastic Legend/Symbol" is measured per each.
	2-02.5	PAYMENT	Replace the paragraph regarding traffic sign posts under item 4 with the following:
			Payment for removal of sign posts includes all costs for the removal of the post, sign(s), mounting hardware and restoration of the surface where sign posts were removed. No separate payment will be made for removal and salvage of signs from a removed post that is paid as "Remove Post, (Description)".
			Replace the paragraph regarding pavement marking removal under item 4 with the following:
			The Bid item price for "Remove Paint Striping", "Remove Plastic Striping", "Remove Paint Legend/Symbol" and "Remove Plastic Legend/Symbol" includes all costs for the work required to remove and dispose of pavement marking including traffic buttons and lane markers. Pavement materially damaged by Contractor removal methods requiring restoration of the damaged pavement will be at the sole expense of the Contractor and no separate or additional payment will be made. No payment will be made for removal of pavement marking when the underlying pavement is removed.
			Add the following after the last paragraph under item 4.
			Required sawcutting on the perimeter of sidewalk removal is paid as "Sawcut Asphalt Concrete, Full Depth" or "Sawcut Cement Concrete, Full Depth."  All other sawcutting associated with removal of sidewalk is considered incidental to the removal Bid Item. Sidewalk removal areas are shown on the Drawings or directed by the Engineer. Adjacent sidewalk removal areas are considered 1 area regardless of the method of Work.
	5- 04.3(10)B1	GRINDING CONCRETE FOR BUTT JOINTS	Add the following new Section:  Grinding concrete for butt joints must be accomplished with abrasive grinding equipment utilizing diamond cutting blades. The equipment must be self-propelled machinery specifically designed for grinding Portland cement concrete pavement. The equipment must be such that it doesn't strain or damage the underlying pavement that is to remain. The grinder must have depth control allowing for accurately cutting to specified depth and for making wedge cuts necessary for butt joints. The equipment must be capable of cutting or planing up to 3 feet in width on one pass.  Residue from grinding operations must be picked up by means of a vacuum attachment to the grinding machine and any slurry must not be allowed to flow across the pavement or left on the pavement. Pavement must be left in a washed clean condition, free of all slipperiness from slurry. Grindings and slurry must become the property of the Contractor and disposed of in accordance with Section 1-07.3.  Grinding must not produce a smooth or polished surface. The blades utilized for grinding must provide a rough surface to achieve an acceptable bond between cement concrete and asphalt pavement.
	5-04.4	MEASUREMENT	Add the following to the end of this Section:
			Measurement of "Cement Concrete Grinding for Butt Joint, 0-2-inch Depth" will be by the square yard, based on the actual width and length of the grind.
	5-04.5	PAYMENT	Add the following immediately after item 10. and before remaining paragraphs:  12."Cement Concrete Grinding for Butt Joint, 0-2-inch Depth", per square yard
			The Bid item price for "Cement Concrete Grinding for Butt Joint, 0-2-inch Depth" is full payment for all costs to complete the work. Costs for grinding, removing and disposing of grindings and slurry and cleaning pavement of all slurry are included in the unit cost of the work.
	5-05.3(8)	JOINTS - ROADWAY	Replace the last paragraph with the following:

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			Where called for on the Drawings or directed by the Engineer, the vertical face of the joint between new cement concrete base pavement and existing cement concrete pavement must be covered with a bond breaking Material such as polyethylene film, roofing paper, or other Materials approved by the Engineer.
	5-05.3(8)A4	WEAKENED PLANE CONTRACTION JOINTS (BASE ONLY)	Replace the first sentence of the first paragraph with the following:  A weakened plane must be made in the plastic concrete to match existing joints or cracks as designated by the Engineer or as shown on the Drawings and Standard Plans.  Replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:
			The plane must be weakened with a joint cutter to a minimum depth of 1/3 to ½ depth of the base pavement.
	5-05.3(8)B	CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	Replace the third paragraph with the following:  Except for base paving, all transverse and longitudinal construction joints, including the joint between new and existing pavement when widened must be formed and sealed with a 3/8-inch thick premolded joint filler as specified in Section 9-04.1(1) or as shown on the Drawings or Standard Plans.
	5-05.3(8)E1	TRANSVERSE JOINTS	Replace the last sentence in the fifth paragraph with the following:  In the event uncontrolled cracks in the existing lane are too frequent or in random locations and impossible to match with a uniform spacing, the 2 lanes must be completely separated by a longitudinal through joint (for non-base paving) or a bond breaking material (for base paving) when directed by the Engineer.
	5-05.3(9)	CASTINGS AND STEEL REINFORCEMENT IN CONCRETE PAVEMENT	Replace the first paragraph and points 1 and 2 with the following:  Unless otherwise specified in the Drawings or directed by the Engineer, use reinforcing steel to reinforce cement concrete in rigid pavement around all maintenance hole castings, drainage structures, vaults and monument casings in the roadway. Reinforcing steel not required when the casting crosses or is less than 18 inches from any pavement joint unless otherwise specified in the Drawings or directed by the Engineer.  Use one of the following methods of reinforcement:  1. Steel Reinforcement (Wire Mesh): Install square or rectangle steel reinforcement around the casting at mid depth of the concrete pavement slab as shown on Standard Plan 406. The centered hole cut for the casting must be cut a minimum of 3 inches to a maximum of 4 inches from the casting at mid depth of the concrete pavement. Wire mesh must be W4.0 with spacing of 4 inches on-center in both the lateral and transverse directions. Wire mesh for concrete reinforcement must conform to the requirements of Section 9-07.7.  2. Steel Reinforcement (Rebar): Install #5 rebar at 12 inches on center each way, around the casting at mid depth of the concrete pavement slab as shown on Standard Plan 406. Rebar must be tied at rebar intersection points as shown. Reinforcing steel must not be within 2-1/2 inches of any cement concrete pavement surfaces or the flange of a casting. Rebar must be as specified in Section 9-07.2.  Delete the second paragraph.
	5-05.3(10)A	"NEW TO EXISTING" JOINTS – TIE-BARS AND DOWELS	Replace the second paragraph with the following:  Tie bars are not required when the existing pavement is less than 8 inches thick.  Dowel bars are not required when the existing pavement is 8 inches or less in thickness.  Tie bars or dowels are not required when indicated on the Drawings or when the Engineer determines the existing concrete to be incompetent.

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	5-05.3(13)A	CURING COMPOUND	Replace the first paragraph with the following:
		COMPOUND	Liquid membrane-forming concrete curing compound Type 2 meeting the requirements of Section 9-23.2must be applied to the entire area of the exposed surface of the concrete with an approved mechanical spray machine. The spray fog must be protected from the wind with an adequate shield. It Curing compound must be applied uniformly in two coats at the rate of 1 gallon to not more than 150 square feet for the combined total of both coats. Apply the second coat approximately at right angles to the direction of application of the first coat. Coat the surfaces in contact with forms immediately after the forms are removed. Reapply the curing compound after removing surface imperfections with a carborundum brick or cleaning the slurry from sawn decorative scoring.
			Replace the fifth paragraph with the following:
			Before placing the curing compound in the spray tank, it must be thoroughly agitated as recommended by the Manufacturer, and the curing compound must be properly mixed and ready for spraying. Do not dilute the compound by adding solvents, or alter it in any manner. If the compound has become chilled to the extent that it is too viscous for proper stirring or application or if portions of the vehicle have been precipitated from solution, it must be heated to restore proper fluidity but not above 100 °F or manufacture's recommendations. All curing compound must have been accepted in accordance to Section 1-05.3 before placing in the spray tanks.
			Replace the sixth paragraph with the following:
			The curing compound must be applied immediately after the concrete has been finished and after any bleed water that has collected on the surface has disappeared, or at a time designated by the Engineer. The compound must form a uniform, continuous, coherent film that will not check, crack, or peel and must be free from pinholes or other imperfections. If pinholes, abrasion, or other discontinuities exist, apply an additional coat to the affected areas within 30 minutes.
			If hairline cracking develops in the pavement before finishing is completed, the Engineer may direct the application of the curing compound at an earlier stage, in which event any concrete cut from the surface in finishing operations must be removed entirely from the pavement. If additional mortar is then needed to fill torn areas, it must be obtained ahead of the spraying operations. All areas cut by finishing tools after the application of the curing compound must immediately be given new applications at the rate specified above.
	5-05.4	MEASUREMENT	Replace the second and third paragraphs following points 1. and 2. with the following:
			If Bid Item is included in the Bid Form, dowel bar will be measured per each for the actual number of bars used in the completed Work, otherwise, no measurement will be made.
			If Bid Item is included in the Bid Form, Tie bar with drill hole will be measured per each for the actual number of bars used in the completed Work, otherwise no measurement will be made.
	5-05.5	PAYMENT	Replace the 2nd sentence of item 8. with the following:
			If no Bid Items for "Dowel Bar" and "Tie Bar with Drill Hole" are included in the Bid Form this work is included in the unit Contract price per square yard for "Roadway Cement Concrete".
	6-02.3(6)E	TOLERANCES	Supplement this Section with the following:
			Bridge deck, bridge approach slab, and bridge traffic barrier expansion joint gaps with a specified temperature range, measured at a stable temperature: ±0.25 inch.
			Horizontal deviation of centerline of bearing pad, oak block or other bearing assembly: ±0.125 inch.
			Horizontal deviation of centerline of supported element from centerline of bearing pad, oak block or other bearing assembly: ±0.25 inch.  Vertical deviation of top of bearing pad, oak block or other bearing assembly: ±0.125 inch.

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	7-08.5	PAYMENT	Add the following to item 7. Other Payment Information:
			All costs for the work required to furnish and install Polyethylene Foam between utilities must be included in the applicable Bid Item cost for pipe.
	7-11-1	DESCRIPTION	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			Work will also include assisting SPU Water Operations with the cut, cap, and blocking of existing Water Mains; temporary and permanent Water Main connections - including the furnishing of pipe materials, fittings, and valves for these connections; and temporary and permanent water services connection transfers.
	7-11.3(2)C	HANDLING HIGH- DENSITY	Add the following new Section:
		POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE	7-11.3(2)C HANDLING HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE
			HDPE pressure pipe must be handled in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and per AWWA M55, AWWA C906, and ASTM D2774. Cut out and remove sections of pipe with cuts or gouges in excess of 10 percent of the pipe wall thickness. Rejoin the undamaged portions of the pipe using heat fusion joining.
	7-11.3(3)	CUTTING PIPE	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			Cut HDPE pipe per the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The Contractor must submit method for cutting pipe at least 10 Working Days in advance of installation, including a manufacturer's certificate of compliance stating the cutting process does not adversely impact the pipe material or integrity of the joint.
	7- 11.3(4)D1	INSTALLING HDPE PIPE ON CURVES	Add the following new Section:
	11.3(4)01	THE ON CORVES	7-11.3(4)D1 INSTALLING HDPE PIPE ON CURVES
			Install HDPE pipe as shown on the Drawings and per the Line Layout Plan as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F1.
			For HDPE pipe shown curved, either horizontal or vertical, on the Drawings and no special fittings are indicated, the Contractor may cold (field) bend the pipe if the following conditions are met:
			<ol> <li>Minimum, long-term cold bending radius per AWWA M55 (based on the pipe's dimension ratio and outside diameter) and pipe manufacturer's recommendations is achieved. Submit to the Engineer the pipe manufacturer's minimum bending radius recommendations indicating minimum bend radius is within allowable AWWA limits and for the ambient air temperatures anticipated during install.</li> <li>Minimum cover as specified in Section 7-11.3(4)C and utility vertical and horizontal separation requirements as specified in Section 1-07.17(2) are maintained.</li> </ol>
			3. Line and grade for all tangent sections are maintained.
			If fittings, electrofusion couplings, or connections are present in the bend, then the minimum cold radius must be at a minimum 100 times the outside diameter of the pipe or per the pipe manufacturer's recommendations, whichever is greater. Cold temperatures increase the energy required to bend HDPE. Effective minimum radius of cold-bending may exceed 70 times the diameter during cold weather. Include the consideration of HDPE material property changes, due to cold or hot temperatures, in construction scheduling decisions and construction resource planning.
			If the conditions for field bending cannot be met, or, where indicated on the Drawings, fittings must be installed.

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		INSTALLING AND JOINTING UCLTILE IRON PIPE AND APPURTENANCES	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:  At transitions between ductile iron pipe and mechanical joint fittings, wedge restraint glands must be used to restrain mechanical joint fittings.
	7-11.3(6)F	INSTALLING AND JOINTING OF HDPE PIPE AND APPURTENANCES	Add the following new Sections:  7-11.3(6)F INSTALLING AND JOINING OF HDPE PIPE AND APPURTENANCES  Install HDPE pipe in accordance with the pipe and fitting manufacturer's recommendations, AWWA M55, ASTM D2774, and as specified herein. HDPE
			pipe joining methods used must be per the pipe and fitting manufacturer's recommendations.  1. Ensure kinking or bending of the pipe in excess of the minimum allowable bend radius of the pipe does not occur during the installation process.  2. Laterally support the pipe upon placement in the trench to meet dimensional requirements, as shown on Drawings, for placement of pipe bedding Material on both sides and under the haunches of the pipe.  3. Utilize occasional sand bags (which may be left in the finished backfill), pre-placement of pipe bedding Material, or other approved separation method, to separate pipe from the trench wall around curves and to control snaking of the pipe prior to backfill.  4. Control pipe temperature prior to and during installation to avoid undesired pipe movement following backfill.  7-11.3(6)F1 PROJECT FIELD MANUAL FOR HDPE PIPE
			Submit the Installer's Project Field Manual, which must include:  1. All equipment and O&M instructions for fusion technicians for all fusion operations required, including but not limited to the following:  a. Field Operating Instructions: Simplified, "need-to-know" information, organized step-wise, and customized for the project. Field operating instructions may be supplemented by, but not replaced with, industry or manufacturer reference documents.  b. Butt fusion equipment O&M instructions.  c. Electrofusion fitting or coupling equipment O&M instructions, where electrofusion fittings or couplings are proposed and approved by the Engineer.  d. Flanged adapter equipment O&M instructions, where flanged adapters are proposed and approved by the Engineer.  e. O&M instructions for on-site McElroy (or approved equal) Guided Side Bend Tester equipment and procedures for performing the side bend test.  2. Methods for pipe delivery, storage, staging, and installation, including handling and support information, details, and descriptions which indicate the type, number, and other pertinent details of the slings, strutting, and other methods proposed for pipe support and handling during transport and installation.
			3. Methods for environmental controls (wind, dust, precipitation, heat, cold) for fusion operations, and pipe storage and installation.  4. Detailed layout of staging area for typical fusion equipment set-up and pipe layout.  5. Methods for pipe defect identification and measurement, including methods and equipment for removal and repair per the pipe manufacturer's recommendation.  6. Identify equipment to be used for welding. Equipment used for welding must include a continuous data logger that records the plate temperature, pressure applied, and a graphic representation of the fusion cycle.  7. Welding procedure specifications, adapted for each fusion machine utilized, including but not limited to the following information:  a. Clarify distinction between interfacial pressure, drag pressure, heat pressure, fusion pressure, and gauge pressure.  b. Measure of actual drag pressure in-situ.  c. Pipe mounting and clamping.  d. Pipe and equipment cleaning.  e. Joint facing.  f. Alignment tolerances, angular and horizontal.  g. Setup and use of Continuous Data Logger.  h. Heating element temperature.  i. Shifting sequence for fusion machine.  j. Identification of initial bead-up.

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Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> ,			k. Proper heating pressure following bead-up (drag pressure).  I. Minimum heat soak time.  m. Special procedures for fusing non-equal thickness pipe ends.  n. Acceptable appearance of heated ends.  O. Maximum lag time between heating and fusion.  p. Calculated list using gauge pressure for each wall thickness.  q. Graphic and dimensional descriptions of acceptable joint beads.  r. Joint identification stamp (initials and joint number) and large marking with metallic pen for visibility.  s. Cooling time and handling instructions following joining.  t. Procedure for removing defective joints.  u. Download, processing, and analysis instructions of Data Logger records.  8. Forms for field qualify centre records, including but not limited to:  a. Equipment maintenance check lists. Equipment must be maintained and calibrated per manufacturer's requirements and recommendations. Submit manufacturer's recommendations for equipment maintenance.  b. Butt Joint Acceptance Checklists. Exercipment maintenance.  c. Electrofusion Joint Acceptance Checklist, where proposed and approved by the Engineer, for Engineer to complete.  c. Electrofusion Joint Acceptance Checklist, where proposed and approved by the Engineer, for Engineer to complete.  d. Flanged Joint Acceptance Checklist, where proposed and approved by the Engineer, for Engineer to complete. Submit flanged adapter and gasket manufacturer's recommendations for flange boiling and installation procedures, including the maximum allowable torque that can be applied and the anticipated compressive loads from the flange assembly that are needed to hold gaskets in place. Indicate the procedures for 'retorque' if applicable.  e. Data Logger Records for each installed joint.  f. Joint map, station location of each installed joint.  f. Joint map, station location of each installed joint.  7.11.3(6)P2  HDPE PIPE LINE LAYOUT DRAWINGS  Submit a HDPE Pipe Line Layout Plan to the Engineer at least 20 Working Days before pipe installation. The Pipe Line Layout Plan must include the fo
			7-11.3(6)F3 HDPE JOINTS  Unless otherwise indicated, butt fusion connections are the only joining method for all HDPE pipe and fittings.  Electrofusion is acceptable only if specifically approved in writing by the Engineer. Flanged connections are acceptable joining methods for HDPE fittings to other pipe materials. Each fusion joint must be recorded and logged by an electronic monitoring device (data logger) connected to the fusion machine that must register and/or record the parameters required by the manufacturer and these specifications.

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			1. Butt Fusion: a. Use procedures outlined in ASTM F2820 and perform in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. Inspect and test butt fusion joints in accordance with joint field inspection and quality control requirements as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F4.  b. The pipe manufacturer must be consulted to obtain machinery and expertise for the joining by butt fusion of HDPE pipe and fittings. c. Personnel joining HDPE pipe or fittings by butt fusion must meet the qualification requirements as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F4 for hands on training of fusion procedures per ASTM F2820. d. Perform butt fusion between pipe ends, or pipe ends and fittings that have the same outside diameter and are not different in wall thickness by more than one standard dimension ratio (SDR) step. Make transitions between unlike wall thickness greater than one SDR step with a fabricated transition where the inside pipe diameter has been machined to match the thinner pipe end.  2. Electrofusion, where approved by the Engineer: a. Use procedures outlined in ASTM F1290 and perform in accordance with the pipe and coupling manufacturer's recommendations. Inspect and test ploints in accordance with joint field inspection and quality control requirements as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F3. b. Electrofusion fittings and joints must be manufactured and tested in accordance with ASTM F1055 and AWWA C906. c. The pipe and coupling manufacturer must be consulted to obtain machinery and expentise and accordance with point flowing of the pioning by electrofusion and HDPE pipe and fittings. d. Personnel joining HDPE pipe or fittings by electrofusion must meet the qualification requirements as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F3. b. The pipe manufacturer must be consulted to obtain machinery and expentise or the joining by electrofusion and PP-TN38. Inspect and test joints in accordance with joint field inspection and quality control requirements as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F3. b. The pipe manufacturer must be consulted to obta
			<ol> <li>Identify the type of joint made for each joint ID (butt fusion, electrofusion, or flanged).</li> <li>Each joint shall be assigned a specific ID and shall be correlated to the data logger of the machine. The joint ID shall be noted on the As-Builts at the joint's final location.</li> <li>The critical parameters of each fusion joint (butt fusion or electrofusion), as required by the manufacturer and this Section, shall be recorded.</li> </ol>
			7-11.3(6)F5 HDPE PIPE QUALIFICATIONS
			See Section 7-11.3(17) for Submittal requirements.
			In addition to requirements listed elsewhere in the Contract, only qualified personnel, whether by the Contractor or Subcontractor, must be responsible for and perform the proposed joining and installation procedures for HDPE pipe. The Contractor must identify the qualified personnel who will be responsible for performing each joining procedure proposed, and submit the following for each qualified person indicated by the Contractor:

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			<ol> <li>A record or certificate of training that verifies qualifications for being able to make each type of fusion joint per ASTM F3190, including proof of:         <ul> <li>Current and formal training on all fusion equipment utilized on the project. Contractor's personnel joining HDPE pipe by pipe or fitting manufacturer's recommended joining method(s) must be trained and qualified or re-qualified in the pipe or fitting manufacturer's recommended procedures within the last 12 months before commencing construction. Training more than two years prior to operation with no evidence of activity within the past 6 months must not be considered current.</li> <li>Classroom and hands-on training of fusion procedures per ASTM F2620 and PPI TN-42 for butt fusion and per ASTM F1290 for electrofusion.</li> <li>Minimum 4-hour equipment-specific field training by fusion equipment manufacturer's authorized training specialist.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	7-11.3(9)D	TEMPORARY WATER MAINS AND SERVICES	Replace this Section with the following:  The Contractor's critical path schedule must allow adequate time for installation and connection of these temporary Water Mains and services. Provide the Engineer a minimum of 10 Working Days advance written notice for scheduling of the temporary Water Main and service work. Temporary Water Mains and Services must be maintained by the Contractor in such a manner as to provide constant, adequate water supply to customers and to avoid impeding traffic and access to abutting properties.  Temporary Water Mains and Services must be furnished and installed by the Contractor unless otherwise noted on the Drawings or Project Manual. If work is identified to be completed by SPU Water Operations, the Contractor must support SPU by furnishing pipe and performing all required excavation, backfill, and compaction.  All temporary Water Mains must be disinfected, flushed, and sampled for bacteriological testing by the SPU Customer Service / Inspection Services. When found acceptable, the temporary Water Mains will be placed in service per Section 7-11.3(9)B. Transfer existing Water Services to the Temporary Water Main or Service per Section 7-15.3.  The Contractor is solely responsible for maintaining private water service laterals in service. When it is necessary to provide temporary water supply, the Contractor is responsible for providing temporary services on the private side of the water service. Should construction activity damage or disrupt private
	7-11.5	PAYMENT	water service laterals or appurtenances, immediately notify the Engineer of any such damage or disruption. The Contractor must start repairs immediately as directed by the Engineer, and work continuously until the water service lateral is restored.
	7-11.5	PATMENT	Add item i. to the list following item h. as follows:  i. Costs required for removal and disposal of existing pipe and fittings within trench neat line limits when pipe replacement is called for in the Contract.
	7-11.3(10)	LOCATING WIRE AND TRENCH MARKER TAPE	Replace Section 7-11.3(10) LOCATING WIRE with the following new title and content:  7-11.3(10) LOCATING WIRE AND TRENCH MARKER TAPE  7-11.3(10)A LOCATING WIRE  Install locating wire 6 inches directly above the centerline of all nonmetallic and non-HDPE pipe, except that the locating wire must be bonded by exothermic welds to all metallic fittings, valves and valve boxes to form an electrically continuous system.  For HDPE pipe, the locating wire must be centered on the pipe as shown on the Drawings. Locating wire must be secured to the crown of the HDPE pipe with 7 mil plastic tape every 5 feet, except the locating wire must be bonded by exothermic welds to all ductile iron fittings and valves to form an electrically continuous system per Standard Plan 362.  After all the trench backfill operations are successfully completed and prior to the final paving, the Contractor must perform continuity and trace tests on all tracer wire in the presence of the Engineer. If the tracer wire is found to be not continuous after testing, the Contractor must repair or replace the failed segment of wire.

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		7-11.3(10)B TRENCH MARKER TAPE
		Install continuous marker tape centered above the pipe just below the sub-base of the roadway or sidewalk, or, if pipe located in landscaped areas 12-inches below finished grade, during backfilling operations.  For wall anchor blocks, the marker tape must be placed on top of the wall anchor blocks in grid pattern with one-foot spacing between tapes and also extending out a minimum of 2 feet beyond the perimeter of the wall anchor block.
7-11.3(13)A	WALL ANCHOR BLOCK	Add the following new Section:
		7-11.3(13) WALL ANCHOR BLOCK
		Place wall anchor blocks as shown on the Drawings. Wall anchor blocks must be Class 3000, as specified in Section 6-02, concrete mix poured in place.
		Wall anchor blocks must bear against solid, undisturbed earth at the sides and bottom of the trench excavation and be shaped so as not to obstruct access to the joints of the pipe or fittings.
		Provide the Engineer at least 1 Working Day advance notice before pouring concrete wall anchor blocks and 1 Working Day advance notice for inspection and approval of all wall anchor blocks before backfilling. Protect all metallic components of wall anchor blocks from corrosion by a wax tape system or another method approved by the Engineer. Unacceptable wall anchor blocking and corrosion protection must be replaced at the Contractor's expense.
7-14.3(3)	RESETTING EXISTING	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
	HYDRANTS	<ol> <li>Unless otherwise noted, the Contractor must assist SPU Water Operations with resetting the hydrant, and is responsible for the following elements of work:         <ol> <li>Protection of the Water Main and services during construction</li> <li>Coordination with the Engineer and SPU Water Operations, including excavation, dewatering, support and safety systems, and traffic control.</li> <li>Establishing staking points. Do not install hydrants within 3 feet of a traveled roadway. In addition, provide a minimum 4-foot radius unobstructed working area around all hydrants.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Providing equipment and operators required for trench excavation and to move component parts of the hydrant and connection pipe into position.</li> <li>Furnishing and installing concrete shear block with rebar, as shown by the hydrant details on Standard Plan 310a through 311b, as indicated in the Contractor or as directed by the Engineer. Construction, Materials, and finishing of the concrete shear block must conform to Section 8-14. The shear block must be set flush with the immediately surrounding finish grade.</li> <li>Removal of abandoned pipes and appurtenances</li> <li>Placement of bedding and backfill, compaction, and placement of temporary pavement patch.</li> <li>Furnishing and installing hydrant markers.</li> </ol>
7-14.3(4)	RELOCATING EXISTING	Replace this Section with the following:
	TIDRANIS	Relocating hydrants, or moving an existing hydrant and connection pipe to a new location, will be done by SPU Water Operations—crews. Unless otherwise noted, the Contractor must assist SPU Water Operations with the hydrant and hydrant connection pipe relocation, and is responsible for the following elements of work:  1. Protection of the Water Main and services during construction 2. Coordination with the Engineer and SPU Water Operations, including excavation, dewatering, support and safety systems, and traffic control. 3. Establishing staking points. Do not install hydrants within 3 feet of a traveled roadway. In addition, provide a minimum 4-foot radius unobstructed working area around all hydrants. 4. Providing equipment and operators required for trench excavation and to move component parts of the hydrant and connection pipe into position.
	7-11.3(13)A 7-14.3(3)	7-11.3(13)A WALL ANCHOR BLOCK  RESETTING EXISTING HYDRANTS  7-14.3(4) RELOCATING

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			<ul> <li>5. Furnishing and install concrete shear block with rebar, as shown by the hydrant details on Standard Plan 310a through 311b, as indicated in the Contractor or as directed by the Engineer. Construction, Materials, and finishing of the concrete shear block must conform to Section 8-14. The shear block must be set flush with the immediately surrounding finish grade.</li> <li>6. Removal of abandoned pipes and appurtenances</li> <li>7. Placement of bedding and backfill, compaction, and placement of temporary pavement patch.</li> <li>8. Furnishing and installing hydrant markers.</li> </ul>
	7-14.4	MEASUREMENT	Replace this Section with the following:
			Measurement for rock facing walls will be as specified in Section 2-13.4 as for the Bid Item "Rock Facing".  Measurement for hydrant and hydrant connection will be per each.  Measurement for Assisting SPU with hydrant reset will be per each.  Measurement for Assisting SPU with hydrant and hydrant connection pipe relocation will be per each.  Measurement for Mineral Aggregate for hydrant walls will be by the ton.
	7-14.5	PAYMENT	Add the following new items 2. and 3. immediately following item 1. Renumber item 2. Other payment information to 4. Other payment information:  2. "Assist SPU with Resetting Existing Hydrant", per each The Bid Item price for "Assist SPU with Resetting Existing Hydrant" includes all costs for labor, material, and equipment to assist SPU with resetting of an existing hydrant, including but not limited to the concrete shear block, excavation, safety systems, backfilling and compaction, disposal of material, and hydrant markers.  3. "Assist SPU with Relocating Existing Hydrant", per each The Bid Item price for "Assist SPU with Relocating Existing Hydrant" includes all costs for labor, material, and equipment to assist SPU with the hydrant and hydrant connection pipe relocation, including but not limited to installation of the concrete shear block, excavation, safety systems, backfilling and compaction, and hydrant markers.
	7-15.3	CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS	Replace the 4th paragraph and numbered list with the following:  SPU will, at no cost to the Contractor, mark the exact field locations of service taps and tees on services 2 inches and smaller. Locations of services larger than 2 inches will be identified on the Drawings. The Contractor must assist SPU Water Operations and the Contractor is responsible for the following elements of work:  1. Protection of the Water Main and services during construction. 2. Excavation for the water service connections, including shoring and dewatering. 3. Installation of bedding for water service connection pipe. Bedding must be the same as the for the Water Main. 4. Furnish and install valve boxes for curb stops on 1.5-inch and 2-inch water services as shown on Standard Plan 316. SPU Water Operations will furnish the necessary equipment, pipe, and fittings for 2 inches diameter and smaller services, unless otherwise noted in the Contract. 5. Removal of abandoned pipes, appurtenances, and blocking. 6. Backfill, compaction, and placement of temporary pavement patch. Maintain the temporary pavement patch until completion of all work by SPU Water Operations. 7. Upon completion of work by SPU Water Operations, make all final adjustments of valve boxes, water meter boxes, and rings and covers to final grade at no cost to the Owner, and then make the final surface restorations as specified in the Contract.
	7-15.3(1)	HDPE WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS	Add the following new Section:  7-15.3(1) HDPE WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS

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			Water service connections to HDPE pipe must be made using HDPE tee fittings or mechanical-type saddles as defined in Section 9-30.5(2).  HDPE tee fitting connections must be installed in accordance with Section 7-11.3(6).  Mechanical-type saddles must be installed in accordance with the connection manufacturer's recommendations.
	7-17.5	PAYMENT	Add the following to the end of item 9. Other Payment Information:  All costs for the work required to furnish and install Polyethylene Foam between utilities must be included in the applicable Bid Item cost for pipe.
	7-18.1	DESCRIPTION	Replace the first paragraph with the following:  Section 7-18 describes Work consisting of locating and placing a side Sewer, locating tees, and testing of side Sewers. This Section also accommodates private construction in the Right of Way under permit by SPU and SDOT Street Use.
	7-18.3(1)A	SIDE SEWER CONSTRUCTION / GENERAL	Delete the third paragraph of this Section:  Unless noted otherwise in the Contract, side Sewer Work within the Right of Way must be performed by a registered side Sewer Contractor.
	7-18.3(6)B	TESTING	Replace the last paragraph with the following:  Side Sewer installed with pipe extending beyond the Right of Way margin that includes other connection, such as runoff or downspout, and is associated with private construction under the inspection of SPU, is not part of the Contract, and may require testing of the entire side Sewer system including pipe in the Right of Way.
	7-18.3(7)C	PLUGS	Replace this Section with the following:  In the Right of Way, securely seal unused side Sewer openings with a water tight plug fastened in place. The only exception is private construction under permit from SPU and SDOT Street Use where unused side Sewer openings in private property and side Sewer openings in the Right of Way, must be closed with a water tight plug fastened in place as approved by SPU.
	7-18.3(7)D	SEPTIC TANKS AND CESSPOOLS – PRIVATE PROPERTY	Replace this Section with the following:  Do not construct side Sewer through or adjacent to an existing cesspool or septic tank. If Job Site conditions prohibit any other location, abate the cesspool or septic tank by such means as the SPU inspector may direct.
	7-18.3(8)	RESTORATION, FINISHING, AND CLEANUP – PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION	Replace this Section with the following:  Restoration, finishing, and cleanup due to private construction in Seattle's street Right of Way under Street Use permit and SPU permit, must comply with the Right-of-Way Opening and Restoration Rule.
	7-18.3(9)	EXTENDING SIDE SEWER INTO PROVATE PROPERTY	Replace this Section with the following:  Extending side Sewer into private property is not part of the Contract and will not be allowed. Unless authorized by Title 21 of the SMC, private property owners who wish to extend side Sewer into the Right of Way or connect with Sewer or Storm Drain, must do so under permit with SPU and SDOT Street Use.

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	7-18.5	PAYMENT	Replace the last paragraph with the following:  All costs relating to construction in private property, and to private construction in Seattle's Right of Way under the jurisdiction of SPU and SDOT Street Use, is not part of the Contract and no separate or additional payment will be made.
	7-21.2	MATERIALS	Replace the first line of the table in the Section with the following:
			Material Section
			Bioretention Soil (Type) Section 9-14.1(4)
			Add the following two rows beneath line 1 of the table:
			Material Section
			Bioretention Polishing Layer Section 9-14.1(8)  Media
			Impermeable Liner for Section 2-15 Bioretention
			Add the following after the last paragraph:  Unless otherwise specified or shown on the Drawings, bioretention soil refers to bioretention soil, type 7030.
	7-21.3(1)	GENERAL	Supplement the third paragraph of this Section with the following:
			The requirements for bioretention soil in this Section also apply to bioretention polishing layer media.
	7-21.3(2)A	EXCAVATION	Replace this Section with the following:
			At the locations shown on the Drawings, excavate bioretention cells to the depth necessary to accommodate the placement of bioretention soil and, if applicable, bioretention polishing layer media and Mineral Aggregate, Type 26.  Excavation within 6 inches of final native soil grade is not permitted if the Project Site soil is frozen, has standing water, or has been subjected to more than 1/2 inch of precipitation within 48 hours.
			Where shown on the Drawings, place construction geotextile for separation and impermeable liner for bioretention as specified in Section 2-15.
			Provide the Engineer the opportunity to inspect the excavation at least 1 Working Day before placement of any Materials or subgrade soil scarification.  After excavation to subgrade, if any sediment laden runoff has entered the cell before placement of bioretention soil, bioretention polishing layer media, or Mineral Aggregate, Type 26, remove the sediment deposition by over-excavating the cell by 3-inch minimum, and place an additional 3 inches of bioretention soil, at no expense to the Owner.
	7-21.3(2)B	SUBGRADE	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			The requirements for bioretention soil in this Section also apply to bioretention polishing layer media.

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			Where shown on the Drawings, bioretention polishing layer media must be placed in loose lifts, hand raked and tamped to final grade. Should sediment laden runoff enter the cell before placement of bioretention soil, the Contractor must remove and replace all contaminated bioretention polishing layer media (3 inches minimum) and replace with clean bioretention polishing layer media at no expense to the Owner.
	7-21.3(2)C	PLACEMENT OF BIORETENTION SOIL	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:  The requirements for bioretention soil in this Section also apply to bioretention polishing layer media.
	7- 21.3(2)C4	PLACEMENT	Replace the first sentence of in this Section with the following: i  Place bioretention soil and bioretention polishing layer media loosely in even lifts no deeper than 6 inches on the underlying material in conformity with the lines, grades, depth, and typical cross-section shown on the Drawings or as established by the Engineer.
	7- 21.3(2)C8	HIGH PERFORMANCE BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (HPBSM) FLUSHING	Add the following new section 7-21.3(2)C8:  7-21.3(2)C8 HIGH PERFORMANCE BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (HPBSM) FLUSHING  All bioretention cells with high performance bioretention soil media (HPBSM) discharging to an underground injection control (UIC) well, including those called "drilled drains", must be flushed prior to receiving stormwater as follows:  1. If UIC wells downstream of HPBSM cell(s) are constructed with an offline bypass such as a valve or temporarily installed pipe plug, keep cell(s) in an offline state until the upstream HPBSM cell(s) has been flushed with potable water.  2. Contact the Engineer 72 hours prior to potable water flushing and provide the time, date and location of flushing so they may observe.  3. To flush the bioretention cells apply 50 gallons of clean potable water per square foot of cell bottom area uniformly across the cell and wait for all water to drain from the cells.  4. Water from potable water flushing that accumulates in the underdrains must be removed by a pump or other means so it does not enter the UIC well. Prepare any necessary pumps such that all water which exits the underdrain of the bioretention cell(s) is pumped around the downstream UIC well and discharged to the public storm drain system.  5. When directed by the Engineer, put the UIC well(s) online by either removing the pump or opening the valve.
	8-01.3(2)B	TREE, VEGETATION AND SOIL PROTECTION PLAN (TVSPP)	Replace the second paragraph after the numbered list on Page 8-4 with the following:  For protection of rain gardens or bioretention areas, as specified in item 6. above, and where construction operations abut, impact, or are within the limits of rain gardens or bioretention areas for a duration of more than 30 Calendar Days, protection per Standard Plan 132a, surrounding the entire area as shown on the Drawings is required. Where construction operations are within the limits shown on the Drawings for a duration of 30 Calendar Days or less, a Standard Plan 132b enclosure must surround the entire area and be anchored and maintained in a stable upright condition.
	8-02.1	DESCRIPTION	Replace the first sentence with the following:  Section 8-02 describes the Work consisting of the preparation of soil; furnishing, planting, and maintaining of lawns and planting beds; furnishing and installing paver blocks, grid blocks, cedar edging, bollards, benches, root barriers, and tree grates; and furnishing and installing soil cell systems. Finished soil cell systems will provide subsurface storage for stormwater management, extend tree rooting volume under HL-93 load bearing surfaces, and create favorable conditions to grow large trees in urban areas.  Supplement the end of this Section with the following:  Soil cell systems must be furnished and installed in accordance with the Drawings, Specifications, Standard Plans 150a, 150b, 151 and 152, manufacturer's requirements, and/or as directed by the Engineer.

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	8-02.2	MATERIALS	Add the following item 13. to the numbered list:  13. Soil cell: Soil cells must conform to Section 9-14.20.
			Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			Protect soil cell components from damage during delivery, storage, and handling. Deliver packaged components in original, unopened containers. Cover soil cell components with a tarp to protect them from sunlight when storage exceeds 30 days prior to installation.
	8-02.3(1)C	SOIL CELL INSTALLER	Add the following new Section:
		QUALIFICATIONS	8-02.3(1)C SOIL CELL INSTALLER QUALIFICATIONS
			Soil Cells must be installed by a Contractor with a minimum of 5 years of experience installing soil cells or successful installation of planting soils and planter drainage systems, underground piping, chambers and vault structures of similar size and scope having similar work tasks as shown on the Drawings. The Contractor must submit to the Engineer, for acceptance at least 20 Working Days prior to installation, the qualifications of the Soil Cell Installer, including a list of completed projects of similar scope and size demonstrating capabilities and experience.
			The installer and the field supervisor must have a minimum of five years of successful experience with construction of similar scope in dense urban areas.
			Installer is required to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on the Project Site when work is in progress. This person must be identified during the Preconstruction Meeting as defined in Section 8-02.3(27)B, with appropriate contact information provided, as necessary. The same supervisor must be utilized throughout the duration of the project, unless a substitution is submitted and approved in writing per Section 1-05.13.
	8-02.3(3)	PESTICIDES	Replace this Section with the following:
	3 3218(0)		All uses of pesticides and herbicides (hereafter 'pesticide') within the municipal limits of the City of Seattle must comply with the City of Seattle's pesticide reduction strategy (as found under the keyword "pesticide reduction" at http://www.seattle.gov ). The City's strategy attempts to (1) eliminate use of the most hazardous pesticides and (2) achieve a 30% reduction in overall pesticide use. Pesticides include, but are not restricted to, any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any pest, including but not limited to, insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, adjuvants, and additives, including plant regulators, defoliants, and desiccants.
			The City's Integrated Pest Management Interdepartmental Team (IPM-IDT) is responsible for evaluating the hazardous characteristics of pesticides and the City's use of those pesticides. The Contractor must submit a Weed and Pest Control Plan to the Engineer for review a minimum of 10 Working Days before scheduled use so the City has sufficient time to allow review by the IPM-IDT. The Contractor's submittal must include:
			1. Means and methods of pest control, including a site plan indicating where the pest control will be implemented; site-specific restrictions such as avoidance of surface waters and permit condition-related requirements; and the plan to ensure worker safety until pesticide re-entry periods are met;
			2. Application rate and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for the pesticide product;
			3. Verification the pesticide product complies with all laws and regulations and is registered for use within the State of Washington;
			4. Verification the pesticide product is not a soil residual pesticide and is not toxic to non-target landscaping and lawn, unless the Contract specifies otherwise; and
			5. The name of the pesticide applicator, including a copy of the applicator's current Washington State pesticide applicator license with applicable endorsements for the intended application.
			Apply pesticides per pesticide label recommendations, the Washington State Department of Ecology requirements, City of Seattle environmentally critical area (SMC 25.09) and Shoreline Management (SMC 23.60A) regulations, and Washington State Department of Agriculture laws and regulations, including Chapter 16-228 WAC. All personnel applying pesticides within the project limits, including off-site mitigation and staging and stockpile areas, must be licensed by the State of Washington as a Commercial Applicator or Commercial Operator, with additional endorsements as required by physical work locations, or the proposed Weed and Pest Control Plan. All licenses and endorsements must be current and in good standing for the duration of the project.
			The Contractor must ensure pesticide application is confined to the target area(s). Broadcast spray-applied pesticides must use anti-drift and activating agents and a spray pattern indicator, unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer. Pesticide application must be restricted when near surface waters as specified in Section 1-07.5. Pesticide must not be applied during unreasonable wind conditions, when wet conditions exist, or when wet weather is forecast within 24 hours of pesticide application, unless the pesticide manufacturer recommends otherwise as provided in the submittal. The Contractor must notify the Engineer at least 2 Working Days in advance of the location of any pesticide application.

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			The Contractor must post information on pesticide application at the Project Site for 24 hours post-application. Postings must include the name of licensed applicator, pesticide used, time of application, method of application, and target vegetation or pest. The Contractor is responsible for rendering any area unsatisfactory for planting by reason of pesticide application. Damage to adjacent areas, either on or off the Project Site, must be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer or the property owner at no additional cost to the Owner.
	8-02.3(27)	SOIL CELLS	Add the following new Sections:
			8-02.3(27) SOIL CELLS
			Install soil cells at the depths and locations shown in the Drawings and in accordance with Standard Plans 150a, 150b, 151 and 152 and the manufacturer's instructions. When conflicts arise between the manufacturer's instructions and these Specifications, the Engineer will determine and direct the applicable requirements to resolve the conflict, per Section 1-05.3(6).
			8-02.3(27)A SUBMITTALS
			All submittals must be made in accordance with the requirements of Sections 1-05.3 and 1-06.1.
			The Contractor must submit catalog data for soil cell systems and other appurtenances per Section 1-05.3(11). Shop Drawings must include typical cross sections, profiles and plan views; minimum cover requirements; complete system configuration, including connection details, elevations, and restraint mechanisms; interface points with pavement, utilities, tree openings, and drainage elements; material specifications confirming compliance with performance and structural standards.
			No fabrication or installation may begin prior to written Engineer acceptance of submittals.
			For each facility, submit a soil cell layout installation plan per Section 1-05.3. The Engineer will review and accept this submittal before any ground-
			disturbing activity begins.  The plan must include:
			1. A facility layout plan identifying product configuration, soil cell spacing, elevations, dimensions, and all temporary lateral support requirements;
			Measures for protection of the prepared subgrade, including methods to prevent weather damage, runoff intrusion, erosion, or contamination;
			3. Procedures for subgrade preparation, verification of bearing capacity, and any conditioning of native materials prior to placement of imported fill;
			4. A material management plan identifying sourcing, blending, hauling, protection, and placement methods, including compaction and consolidation criteria;
			5. Identification and sequencing of all major work activities, showing coordination with other Project Site utilities, pavements, and plantings;
			6. Details for installation of geotextiles, geogrids, aggregates, pavement and soil cell systems;
			7. Step-by-step work sequence for constructing each facility;
			8. Inspection and quality assurance activities, per Sections 8-02.3(27);
			<ol> <li>Performance testing procedures, such as compaction testing, geomembrane seam testing, subgrade condition assessment, soil cell condition inspection, geogrid and geotextile installation verification, or other verification required under these Specifications;</li> </ol>
			10. Planting plan and schedule with species identification, procurement timelines, and sequence relative to facility completion; and
			11. Identification of responsible work crews, trades, and Subcontractors.
			Any deviations from the approved soil cell installation plan require resubmission of the revised portion of the plan to the Engineer for review. The Contractor must obtain written approval for the deviation, as specified in Section 1-05.3, before implementing changes.
			The Contractor must describe how soil cell installation activates align with the Temporary Discharge Plan (TDP) outlined in Section 8-0.3(2)D. The TDP must explicitly address or cross-reference other submittals to demonstrate measures that ensure no negative impacts on surface water leaving the Project Site.
			All work activities related to each soil cell must be incorporated into the most current versions of the look-ahead schedule. The schedule must include inspection activities as specified in Section 8-02.3(27).
			Refer to Section 1-08.3(1)B4 for additional details on look-ahead schedule requirements.
			At least 20 days prior to installation of the items in this Section, the Contractor must submit the manufacturer's product data including compressive strength, service temperature, and unit weight; the manufacturer's protection recommendations and installation instructions; and a product sample for review. Reviewed and accepted samples will be kept at the Project Site for comparison purposes and will not be returned to the Contractor.

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			At least 20 days prior to installation of the items in this Section, the Contractor must submit a letter from the soil cell manufacturer confirming their review and acceptance of the project, including Drawings and Specifications, Addenda, clarifications and modifications, and compliance with product installation requirements.
			At least 20 days prior to installation of the items in this Section, the Contractor must also submit a test and evaluation report, including the following:
			a. Compaction testing results required by these Specifications for acceptance.
			b. Compost material testing results demonstrating materials meet the requirements of Section 9-14.4(8).
			c. Mineral Aggregate testing results demonstrating materials meet the requirements of Section 9-03.0.
			d. Planting soil testing results demonstrating materials meet the requirements of Section 9-14.1(2).
			Prior to project closeout, submit the manufacturer's warranty, fully executed.
			8-02.3(27)B PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING
			Prior to the start of construction of the soil cell system, including excavation and any required shoring, the Contractor must coordinate, schedule and attend a preconstruction meeting at the Project Site with the Engineer and soil cell installer. The meeting must include:
			<ol> <li>Review of installation layout, procedures, and means and methods (including shoring);</li> </ol>
			2. Verification of existing conditions, such as utilities and site constraints; and
			3. Identification of the field supervisor and their contact information.
			8-02.3(27)C LAYOUT AND ELEVATION CONTROL
			Prior to excavation, stake the limits of the soil cell excavation tree pit openings using horizontal points established from the stationing, offsets, and dimensions as shown in the Drawings. Submit a layout with ties to project control for Engineer acceptance.
			After excavation and acceptance of the prepared subgrade, re-establish vertical control using project benchmarks and verify the subgrade conforms to the requirements in Section 1-05.4.
			Mark the following on the prepared subgrade as shown in the Drawings:
			1. Inside dimensions and centerlines of all tree pit openings;
			2. Locations of light pole bases, drain inlets, utility structure and other project features within or adjacent to the soil cell layout;
			3. Required minimum horizontal and vertical clearances to all existing and proposed utilities; and
			4. Extent of soil cell modules to be omitted, trimmed or modified around conflicting features.
			Submit a final layout for the Engineer's acceptance prior to placing and soil cell components.
			8-02.3(27)D INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS
			8-02.3(27)D1 EXCAVATION
			Excavate to the depths, lines, grades, and dimensions shown in the Drawings. The base of the excavation for the soil cells must be uniform, level, and free of lumps, debris, or soft yielding subgrade areas.
			Questions about the base of excavation, including about unsuitable soils or other soil conditions, must be directed to the Engineer. The Engineer will accept the subgrade conditions prior to placement of geotextile and aggregate subbase.
			If unsuitable soils are encountered at the subgrade, or if the subgrade is pumping or appears excessively soft, repair the area in accordance with the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer. If indications of the water table are observed during excavation, the Engineer must be notified in writing to provide recommendations. Do not begin installation of soil cells until unsatisfactory subgrade conditions are accepted by the Engineer.
			Over-excavate beyond the soil cell perimeter to allow for the extension of aggregate subbase a minimum of 6 inches beyond the soil cell frames, and to provide adequate space for compaction of backfill around the soil cell system.
			Notify the Engineer in writing of any conflicts during excavation and propose actions. Proceed only after written approval.
		1	Where applicable, protective systems must be provided in accordance with Section 2-07.3.

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			8-02.3(27)D2 BASE PREPARATION
			Subgrade for soil cells must be excavated, graded, and compacted as specified in conformance with the lines, grades, and cross-sections shown on the Standard Plans, Drawings, or as established by the Engineer.
			Compact the subgrade to a minimum of 95 percent of the maximum density as specified in Section 2-11.
			The subgrade slope must not exceed 5 percent in any direction. If exceeded, consult the manufacturer's representative for guidance.
			8-02.3(27)D3 GEOTEXTILE INSTALLATION (OVER SUBGRADE)
			Install geotextile per Section 2-15.3. Geotextile must be placed on the prepared subgrade prior to placing the aggregate subbase. Provide full coverage and prevent the geotextile from being torn. Damaged geotextile must be repaired as indicated by the manufacturer and to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Overlaps of the geotextile must be a minimum 24 inches or to the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is greater.
			8-02.3(27)D4 IMPERMEABLE MEMBRANE INSTALLATION
			An impermeable membrane liner must be installed along the side slope of the roadway zone of influence adjacent to the soil cell system following excavation as shown in the Standard Plans.
			Unroll the membrane along the side slope, starting at the top and working downward, ensuring alignment with the soil cell boundary. Overlap adjacent panels by a minimum of 12 inches or as specified by the manufacturer. Secure the membrane temporarily with sandbags or approved weights to prevent movement during installation. Ensure temporary anchors do not puncture the membrane.
			Seal overlaps using manufacture-approved sealant, tape, or thermal welding techniques. Ensure all seams are continuous, watertight, and free of gaps.  Test seams for integrity using non-destructive methods as specified by the manufacturer.
			Secure the membrane at the curb or pavement edge using one of the following methods, unless otherwise specified in the Drawings:
			<ol> <li>Anchor Trench: Excavate a shallow anchor trench 6-12 inches deep by 6-12 inches wide immediately adjacent to the curb or pavement edge, parallel to the roadway. Place the membrane's edge into the trench, fold neatly, and backfill with compacted soil or gravel and compact to 95%; or</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Mechanical Fastening: Fasten the membrane to the back of curb or pavement edge using corrosion-resistant battens or strips. Lay the membrane edge over the curb lip, secure with a batten strip, and fasten with concrete anchors or bolts spaced 2 feet apart. Apply a manufacturer-approved waterproof sealant along the fastening edge to ensure a watertight seal.</li> </ol>
			Secure the membrane along the slope and at the base using corrosion resistant landscape pins or staples as needed to prevent uplift or slippage. At the base of the slope, bury the membrane's lower edge below a thin layer of aggregate.
			Place non-woven geotextile fabric over the membrane to protect against puncture during installation of aggregate subbase and backfill operations.
			8-02.3(27)D5 AGGREGATE SUBBASE INSTALLATION BELOW SOIL CELL BASES
			See Section 4-01.3 for Mineral Aggregate construction requirements.  Install Mineral Aggregate Type 22 for discharge subbase gravel to the depths shown in the Drawings, extending a minimum of 6 inches beyond the soil
			cell frames.
			Unless addressed elsewhere in the Contact, construction methods used must comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 4-04.3. Ensure the subbase surface slope does not exceed 5 percent. Step soil cells if grades exceed this limit to maintain proper relation to finished grade.
			8-02.3(27)D6 SOIL CELL SYSTEM AND GEOGRID INSTALLATION
			Starting at tree pit openings and working outward as shown on the Drawings, place and anchor the soil cell base components on the compacted aggregate subbase following the manufacturer's installation instructions,
			Ensure full contact with the subbase, adjusting material to eliminate rocking or bending. The maximum tolerance for deviations in the subbase plane under soil cell base is 1/4 inch in 4 feet.
			Install soil cell bases around, over, or under existing or proposed utility lines, as shown in the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer.  Check each component for damage prior to placement. Cracked or chipped units will be rejected.

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			Where showing on the Drawings, install perforated lateral aeration pipes withing 24 inches of the soil cell frame edge in the top layer, with vertical risers at 12-ft intervals, trimmed to 6 inches above pavement level, secured with caps.
			Wrap geogrid around the sides of the soil cell system, where backfill and planting soil interface, to prevent the clean aggregate backfill from entering the soil cell. Do not place geogrid between the edge of the soil cells and adjacent planting area. Cut geogrid to allow for a 6-inch overlap at the soil cell base and a 12-inch overlap over the soil cell deck or lid. Provide a minimum 12-inch overlap between adjacent geogrid sheets. Secure geogrid with cable ties along post ridges per manufacturer's instructions.
			8-02.3(27)D7 BACKFILL AND PLANTING SOIL WITHIN SOIL CELL
			Install backfill and planting soil in lifts with a maximum thickness of 6 inches. Place the first lift of backfill material loosely around the perimeter of the soil cell system, between the geogrid and the excavation sides.
			Place the first lift of planting soil within the soil cell system to match the backfill level. Level the planting soil throughout the system, moisten and walk through the placed soil to remove air pockets and settle the soil, ensuring compaction does not exceed 80 percent.
			Compact the first lift of backfill to a minimum of 95 percent of the maximum density as specified in Section 2-11.
			Continue adding backfill and planting soil in 6-inch lifts as described above until the material is 2 to 3 inches below the top of the soil cell, maintaining geogrid separation. Do not compact backfill until after planting soil has been placed to backfill level.
			Use special care to ensure the compaction process does not allow machinery to come into contact with the soil cells to prevent damage to the geogrid and soil cells.
			No compaction equipment is permitted to operate directly on the soil cells.
			During construction, keep the soil cell system free from foreign materials. The cells must be clean to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
			Obtain Engineer acceptance for backfill and planting soil before installing decks and geotextile.
			8-02.3(27)D8 SOIL CELL DECKS AND GEOTEXTILE
			After Engineer acceptance of planting soil, remove any temporary support structure material, level soil, and install soil cell decks or top units per the manufacturer's instructions, ensuring clips lock into posts.
			Fold the geogrid, installed between the backfill and planting soil, over the top of the decks, overlapping the decks by at least 12 inches. Obtain Engineer acceptance before proceeding to geotextile installation.
			Install geotextile over the decks, extending to the excavation edge with a minimum 18-inch joint overlap. Leave sufficient slack for the pavement base course to push the geotextile into gaps between the decks.
			For soil cell-supported sidewalk sections, install an impermeable membrane liner over the geotextile.
			For soil cell-supported flexible pavement sections, place and compact final lift of backfill material to a minimum of 95 percent of the maximum density as specified in Section 2-11, such that the backfill is flush with the top of the installed deck. Compacting equipment must not come in contact with the decks. Obtain Engineer acceptance before proceeding.
			8-02.3(27)D9 PAVEMENT BASE COURSE OR FULL DEPTH SIDEWALK
			For soil cell-supported sidewalk sections, install reinforced sidewalk directly over the impermeable membrane liner. Install dowel bars between at all transverse through joints per Section 5-05.3(10) and install reinforcement grid in concrete as shown in the Standard Plans.
			For soil cell-supported flexible pavement sections, immediately install the pavement base course over the geotextile to protect it, working from one side to conform to deck contours, if applicable.
			Equipment must be kept outside the excavation area to prevent damage. For confined areas, obtain manufacturer acceptance for equipment and procedures.
			Compact to a minimum of 95 percent of the maximum density as specified in Section 2-11 using a vibration or plate compactor weighing no more than 800 lbs.
			Obtain Engineer acceptance before installing pavement or sidewalk.

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			8-02.3(27)D10 ROOT BARRIER
			Install root barrier in accordance with Section 8-02.3(26).
			8-02.3(27)D11 PLANTING SOIL WITHIN TREE PLANTING AREA
			Remove all rubble, debris, dust, and silt from the top of the planting soil within the tree opening that may have accumulated after the initial installation of the planting soil within the soil cell.
			Install additional planting soil within the tree openings to the depths indicated in the Drawings. Use the same soil used within the soil cell for planting soil within the tree openings.
			Compact planting soil under the tree root ball to between 85 and 90 percent of maximum density in accordance with ASTM D698, Standard Proctor Method, to prevent settlement of the root ball.
			Place trees in accordance with the Drawings.
			8-02.3(27)D12 PROTECTION OF SOIL CELLS
			Keep construction traffic away from the limits of the soil cell system until the final pavement or sidewalk is installed. The soil cell system does not meet full loading strength until the final paving is installed.
			Provide fencing or other barriers to prevent vehicles from entering the soil cell area.
	8-02.4	MEASUREMENT	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			Measurement for "Soil Cell" is measured by the cubic foot based on the vertical neat line limits of the facility's excavation footprint.  The vertical neat line limits for measuring the soil cell will be a vertical plane: 1 foot, measured horizontally, outside of and parallel to the neat line of the soil cell footprint. No measurement will be made for material removed outside of the vertical neat line limits.
	8-02.5	PAYMENT	Add the following item 25. "Soil Cell", per cubic foot to the numbered list and renumber 25. Other payment information to 26. Other Payment information:
			25. "Soil Cell", per cubic foot  Payment for "Soil Cell" includes all costs for the Work to furnish and install a complete soil cell system as specified and per the manufacturer's requirements within the soil cell vertical neat line limits, including the soil cell system components, excavation, subgrade preparation, aggregates, geotextile, geogrid, geomembrane, anchors, ties, placement of soil in soil cell and tree pit areas, root barrier, backfill, dewatering, and disposal of excavated material.  Pavement or sidewalk installed above the soil cell limits and tree planting will be paid separately.  Payment for protective system, when applicable, will be as specified in Section 2-07.5.
	8-02.5	PAYMENT	Replace the first sentence of item 4. Landscape Establishmentwith the following:
			The Bid Item price for "Landscape Establishment, Min. Bid (\$)" must include all costs for the work required to establish the landscape including all costs to provide and apply water and all costs for the work required in Section 8-02.3(12).
	8-03.1	DESCRIPTION	Replace the last sentence of the second paragraph with the following:
			At least 3 Working Days before backfilling, the Contractor must provide notice to the Engineer for SPU Customer Service Division to inspect and approve the piping and back flow prevention devices in accordance with 1-07.28 item 8D.

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	8-03.3(1)	GENERAL	Replace the last sentence of the third paragraph (which will be the fourth paragraph after the previous edit) with the following:
			The Contractor must request service coordination with the Engineer and must allow 8 weeks for installation by SPU Water Operations.
			Replace the last paragraph with the following:
			Where indicated on the Drawings, piping and wiring must be installed within plastic pipe sleeves of sufficient inside diameter to allow easy withdrawal and reinserting of the piping or wire. Pipe sleeves and piping must have a minimum of 12 inches soil cover for water pipes. Electrical conduit including conduit sleeves must have 18 inches soil cover or depth of soil cover conforming to the applicable electrical code for electrical wire or conduit with electrical wire, whichever is greater. The detect-a-tape must be installed 6 inches above the piping or conduit, and 4 inches above the sleeve as shown on Standard Plan 128.
	8-03.3(3)	EXCAVATION	Replace the last paragraph with the following:
			Care must be exercised by the Contractor when excavating near existing trees. In addition to the requirements of Section 1-07.16(2), where roots are 2 inches or more in diameter, the pipe trench must be hand excavated or tunneled. When tree roots 2 inches or larger are exposed, they must be wrapped with heavy burlap for protection and be kept moist to prevent drying. Cutting of tree roots larger than 2 inches will not be allowed. When tree roots 2 inches or less in diameter are exposed during excavation, the Contractor must clean cut the exposed roots to minimize further damage to the tree. Tree roots must not be removed by pulling them from the soil. Trenches with exposed tree roots must be backfilled within 24 hours. Trenches with burlapped roots must have the burlap removed before backfilling.
	8-03.3(4)	PIPING	Replace the first paragraph with the following:
			All lateral lines and power supply lines must be a minimum of 18 inches below finished grade measured from the bottom of the pipe, and all mainlines and sleeved pipe must be a minimum 24 inches below finished grade measured from the bottom of the pipe or sleeve (see Standard Plan 128). All irrigation pipe placed under pavement, without exception, must be placed in sleeves. Such sleeves must extend a minimum of 1 foot beyond the limits of pavement.  All jacking operations must be performed per an approved jacking plan which must be submitted to the Engineer at least 5 Working Days in advance for review. Where possible, mains and laterals or section piping must be placed in the same trench and horizontally separated by 6 inches. Bedding Material must extend from 4 inches below to 6 inches above laterals, mainlines, and sleeves with the exception that power supply lines do not require 4-inch excavation or bedding below the conduit.
			Replace the second paragraph (which will be third paragraph after the previous edit) with the following:
			Mainlines and lateral lines are defined as follows:
			Mainlines: All pressurized supply pipe and fittings between the water meter and the irrigation control valves.
			Lateral lines: All supply pipe and fittings between the irrigation control valves and the connections to the irrigation heads. Swing joints, thick-walled pipe, flexible risers, rigid pipe risers, and associated fittings are not considered part of the lateral line but are considered incidental components of the irrigation heads.
	8-03.3(7)	ELECTRICAL WIRE AND CONTROLLER	Replace the NOTE under the table with the following:  NOTE: Wire sizes in the above table are AWG.
		INSTALLATION	
	8-03.3(11)	BACKFILL	Replace the second paragraph with the following:
			Detectable marking tape must be placed in the trench 6 inches directly above, parallel to, and along the entire length of all nonmetallic water pipes and all nonmetallic and aluminum conduits placed under existing or future pavement. The width of the tape must be as recommended by the manufacturer for the maximum burial depth to be encountered on the project.

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	8-04.3(6)	DRAIN CURB CUT	Add the following new section 8-04.3(6):
		BIORETENTION	8-04.3(6) DRAIN CURB CUT FOR BIORETENTION SWALE
		CELL	Drain curb cuts must be constructed at locations shown on the Drawings per Standard Plans 295a – 295d.
			9 04 2/C\A DDAIN CUDD CUT NOTIFICATION requirements
			8-04.3(6)A DRAIN CURB CUT NOTIFICATION requirements  The Contractor must notify the Engineer of the completion of the first drain out appetruated on the Drainet Site for the Engineer's review and
			The Contractor must notify the Engineer of the completion of the first drain curb cut constructed on the Project Site for the Engineer's review and approval per Section 1-05.6. The Contractor must have the Engineer's approval of the first installation before additional drain curb cuts are constructed.
			8-04.3(6)B DRAIN CURB CUT GUTTER FLOW TEST
			Gutter flow tests must be performed for all drain curb cuts, inlets and catch basin discharging into a bioretention cell. The flow tests must be performed prior to planting bioretention cells.
			Gutter flow test procedure:
			All gutter flow tests will be recorded on video in the presence of the Engineer.
			<ol><li>Ensure roadway and gutter upstream of the drain curb cut and/or inlet and catch basin are free of sediment and debris. Remove debris and sediment as needed prior to conducting flow test.</li></ol>
			3. Flow test will use potable water, see Section 2-12.3(2) for hydrant permit requirements, if applicable.
			4. Remove temporary plug or other flow diversion measures used at drain curb cuts, inlets or catch basins.
			5. Place the discharge hose in the traveled lane a minimum of 15 feet upstream along the gutter line of the drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin to be tested and 3 feet away from the gutter line.
			6. Adjust the flow of water and/or the upstream distance as necessary such that the flow in the gutter line spreads to cover 18 inches from the curb, 1 foot prior to reaching the drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin. For an inlet test, the flow in the gutter will spread 24 inches from the curb 1 foot prior to reaching the inlet.
			7. Videotape gutter flow test to document flow patterns through each drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin in presence of Engineer.
			8. All water in the gutter must flow through the drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin into the bioretention cell.
			9. Upon completion of the gutter flow test, replace the temporary plug.
			10. If flow is not freely flowing through the drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin to the bioretention cell as required, the Engineer will note deficiencies where adjustments are required including, but not limited to, adjusting or grinding drain curb cuts or pavement, adjusting landscaping boulders, adjusting frame and grates on new inlets and new catch basins, removing and replacing drain curb cuts, removing debris and other material inhibiting gutter flow from freely flowing into cell.
			11. If erosion occurs, restore soils and plants and other materials affected.
			12. Once adjustments are made, re-conduct gutter flow test including the video taping in the presence of the Engineer to confirm water flows through the drain curb cut, inlet or catch basin as required. Upon completion of the additional gutter flow test, replace the temporary plug.
			13. Bioretention cell must not be planted until gutter flow test is successfully completed and documented.
			8-04.3(6)C GUTTER FLOW TEST VIDEO SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS
			Within 5 Working Days of completion of each gutter flow test, the Contractor must submit a video recording of the flow test to the Engineer. Video recording files must be submitted in MP4 format or as requested by the Engineer.
			Corresponding data files must be named to indicate the location of the drain curb cut. The videos must be submitted in accordance with Section 1-05.3, with a transmittal letter defining the contents. Include the following information in the transmittal letter for each gutter flow test:
			Date and time of day flow test performed.
			2. Names of test crew members and their company name.
			3. Project name, vault plan number listed on Drawings, and Drawing sheet number.
			4. Location (e.g., NW 130th St, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ave NW to 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ave NW).
			:
	8-04.4	MEASUREMENT	Supplement this Section with the following:
			Measurement for "Drain Curb Cut (Type)" will be per each.

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	8-04.5	PAYMENT	7. "Drain Curb Cut (Type)", per each. The Bid Item price for "Drain Curb Cut (Type)" includes all costs for the Work to install a drain curb cut, perform flow tests, and make one initial adjustment if the flow rate test results are unacceptable.  Payment for gutter flow tests and performing one initial adjustment if necessary for inlets or catch basins will be incidental to the payment for those structures.  No separate payment or extension of time will be allowed for delay to schedule based on rejection of any drain curb cut by the Engineer.
	8-14.3(4)B	FINISHING CONCRETE	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:  Soil cell supported sidewalk must be brushed and scored to distinguish it from on-grade supported sidewalk. The surface must be brushed in a diagonal direction and scored with a 1-foot by 2-foot pattern with the 1-foot grooves in the transverse direction and 2-foot grooves in the longitudinal direction, matching the pattern of the existing adjacent sidewalk.
	8-14.3(7)B	RESERVED	Replace the Title and Section with the following:  8-14.3(7)B WASTE ACCESS RAMP  Waste access ramps must be as shown on the Drawings and Standard Plan 433. Waste access ramps must adhere to the construction requirements for curb ramps except detectable warning plate will not be installed. Tactile directional indicator must be installed at top of ramp as indicated.
	8-14.4	MEASUREMENT	Add the following after the 7 <sup>th</sup> paragraph:  Measurement for "Tactile Directional Indicator" will be by the linear foot.
	8-14.5	PAYMENT	Add the following immediately after item 8. "Detectable Warning Plate Retrofit" as a new number 9. Then renumber the list making the numbered list end at item 17. Other Payment Information:  9. "Tactile Directional Indicator, (Type)", per linear foot.  The Bid Item price for "Tactile Directional Indicator, (Type)" must include all costs for the work required to furnish and install the tactile directional indicator.  Add the following to the end of item 17. Other Payment Information:  Payment for waste access ramps will be paid as "Curb Ramp" per square yard.
	8-18.1	DESCRIPTION	Replace the last sentence with the following:  See Standard Plans 440a, 440b, 440c, 440d, 441, 442, and 443.
	8-18.2	MATERIALS	Replace the first row of the table with the following:

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				Materials	Section	
				Cement Concrete	Section 6-02	
				irst sentence of the paragraph immediately following	•	
	8-18.4	MEASUREMENT	Replace this	Section with the following:		
			Measu	ntion for stairways, landings, gutters, and bike runnels wi rement of "Steps, Cement Concrete", "Steps, Cement Co ype) w/25% Pozzolans," will be by the square foot of tre	oncrete w/25% Pozzolans", "Stairway, Cement Concre	•
			post includin			
			specified in S	te landings or walkways outside the stairway measurem Section 8-14.4.	ent limits will be measured as "Sidewalk, Cement Con	crete" by the square yard as
			•	t walks will be measured as specified in Section 5-04.4.		
				will be measured by the linear foot along the gutter end t		
				rement for "Bike Runnel, Cement Concrete" and "Bike R n end to end of the runnel, including the stairway slope,		
	8-18-5	PAYMENT	Replace this	Section with the following:		
			2. "Stair	way, Cement Concrete, (Type)", per square foot way, Cement Concrete, (Type) w/25% Pozzolans", per s	•	
			work require	If Item price for "Stairway, Cement Concrete, (Type) and to construct the concrete stairway to the width describent matching the standard plans, the Type designation widrail, (Type)", per linear foot	ed in the Standard Plans. Where stairways are shown	
			The Bio along the sta 4. "Step	d Item price for "Handrail, (Type)" of the type specified mairway or sidewalk. s, Cement Concrete", per square foot		abricate and install the handrail
			The Bid	s, Cement Concrete w/25% Pozzolans", per square foot I Item price for "Steps, Cement Concrete" and "Steps, C ncrete steps. er, Cement Concrete, Type 440", per linear foot		osts for the work required to
			The Bio stairways an 7. "Bike	d Item price for "Gutter, Cement Concrete, Type 440" mu		gutter section along the edge of
			The Bio	d item price for "Bike Runnel, Cement Concrete" and "Bil onstruct the concrete bike runnel, including "walk bike" s payment information	e Runnel, Cement Concrete w/25% Pozzolans" must	
			Payme 04.	nt for excavation required for stairways, landings, gutter,	and bike runnel sections will be paid as "Common Ex	cavation" as specified in Section 2-

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			Payment for concrete landings and walkways will be made as "Sidewalk, Cement Concrete" as specified in Section 8-14.  Reinforcing steel is considered as incidental to the Bid Item price for the appropriate Bid Item.
	8-22.3(7)	TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKING	Replace this Section with:  See Section 1-07.23(1) and Section 1-10.3(3)L.
	8-22.3(9)	RED PAVEMENT MARKING	Replace the Title and Section with the following:  8-22.3(9) COLORED PAVEMENT MARKING AREAS
			Colored pavement marking areas must be installed where shown in the Drawings and per Standard plans. The product used must have a durable, color stable, skid resistant surface meeting the material requirements of MMA or pre-formed thermoplastic.  The product used must integrate an aggregate that enables the surface to have a skid resistance greater than 60 units per ASTM E303.  The color for MMA and Thermoplastic must be per section 9-29.3(2). Install per the manufacturer's recommendations.
	8-22.4	MEASUREMENT	Replace the last sentence in this Section with the following:  Measurement for "Pavement Marking Area, (Material), (Color) will be per square foot of material actually placed.
	8-22.5	PAYMENT	Delete item 8 and insert the new item 8 immediately after item 7 and above the payment description paragraph:  8. "Pavement Marking Area, (Material), (Color)", per square foot.
	8-31.3(3)B	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEADS	Replace the first paragraph with the following:  The bottom of vehicle signals mounted over roadways, excluding backplates, must have a range of clearance between 17 feet to 19 feet above roadway grade at the grade of the roadway. On designated truck and overhead trolley routes, the range of clearance must be 18 feet to 19 feet. The top of the vehicle signal face cannot be more than 25.6 feet above roadway grade. Vehicle signals mounted on poles or pedestals must be 12 to 15 feet above sidewalk grade. Vehicular signals mounted to aluminum pedestal poles must be installed with a supplemental pole base collar. The pole base collar is not required for vehicular steel pedestal poles. Pole plates used for bracket mounted installations must be of the type that must fit flush against the pole surface without altering the pole or pole plate.  Replace the last paragraph with the following:  For signal heads that include a visual restrictor, referred to as optically programmed or geometrically programmed signals, where specified to be span
			wire mounted, a tether cable must be installed. The tether cable must be complete with connections and hardware as recommended by the signal head manufacturer to provide and maintain proper optical visibility of all indications. The tether cable clamps used must be designed to release under severe wind loads and impact. The tether cable must be ½" and be installed a minimum 18 feet above roadway grade. Where in proximity to existing or planned trolley wires, span wires or electrical wires tether cable must be insulated. Optically programmed and geometrically programmed traffic signal heads must be programmed before traffic signal system turn on. Programming must be performed in the presence of the Engineer by allowing 2 Working Days advance notice.  Move paragraph 6 to the end of the Section after the last paragraph edited above.
	8-31.3(5)A	INDUCTIVE DETECTOR LOOPS	Delete the 4th paragraph and replace the 5th paragraph with the following:  Replace the 5th paragraph with the following:

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			For polyurethane detector sealant, remove all dust, water or other debris from the wire loop prior to installation. After installing detector wire, apply sealant to seal detector wires and fill slot to approximately 1/8" below the roadway surface. Roadway may be reopened as long as sealant is not filled to surface. All additional manufacturer installation instructions must be followed.
			For hot-applied asphaltic sealant, sealants must be melted in jacketed double boiler melters with effective agitation that meet Appendix X1.1 of ASTM D6690. The melter must be capable of safely heating the product to 420F. Product must be applied to clean, dry pavement at a temperature greater than 40F. Sealant should be installed flush with the pavement surface in a neat manner which fills the sawcut. All additional manufacturer installation instructions must be followed.
	8-33.5	PAYMENT	Add the following to Item 8:
			The (Use) designation in the Bid Item name is optional and intended to clarify the asset owner or intended use. Modification of the Bid Item name to include or exclude the (Use) designation does not change the intent of the Specifications relating to these items.
	9-03.9	CRUSHED GRAVEL	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
		0.0	Mineral Aggregate Types 1G or 2G must not be used as base course materials for asphalt concrete pavement.
	9-07.7	WIRE MESH	Replace this Section with the following:
		Note: also see changes to Section 1-09.1	Welded wire for concrete reinforcement must meet the requirements of ASTM A1064, Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete. Welded wire reinforcement manufacturers must participate in the NTPEP Audit Program for Reinforcing Steel (rebar) Manufacturers and must be listed on the NTPEP audit program website displaying NTPEP compliance.
	9-07.8	DEFORMED WIRE	Replace the first sentence with the following:
		Note: also see changes to Section 1-09.1	Deformed wire must conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 336, Deformed Steel Wire for Concrete Reinforcement.
	9-07.9	COLD DRAWN WIRE	Replace the first sentence with the following:
		Note: also see changes to Section 1-09.1	Cold drawn wire must conform to the requirements of AASHTO M336, Cold Drawn Steel Wire for Concrete Reinforcement.
	9-12.7(2)	METAL FRAME AND GRATE AND	Supplement this Section with the following:
		METAL COVER FOR CATCH BASINS	For Project Sites located in the City of Seattle, the Contractor must only procure compost from approved vendors found here: https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/protecting-our-environment/sustainability-tips/landscaping/for-professionals/soil-and-compost. For all other Project Site locations, procure Compost manufactured by facilities which have an active solid waste handling permit from the local jurisdictional Health Department per WAC 173-350-220 or WAC 173-308.
	9-14.1(1)B	HIGH PERFORMANCE	Add the following new section:
		BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (HPBSM) TESTING	9-14.1(1)B HIGH PERFORMANCE BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (HPBSM) TESTING AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS
		(TII DOW) TESTING	All test results must be within 45 days of blending and be taken from the same stockpile, batch, or source as will be used in the blending.

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		AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS	At least 10 Working Days prior to the blending of the HPBSM the Contractor must submit to the Engineer the following:  1. Component Sourcing and Testing a. Coconut Coir Fiber 1) Source certificate or manufacturer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material. 2) Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (SPLP) performed by an independent Washington State Department of Ecology certified laboratory. 3) Electrical conductivity (TMECC Method 04.10-A) performed by an independent certified laboratory. 4) Material density in Ibs./CF or Ibs./CY. b. Filter Sand 1) Source certificate or manufacturer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material. 2) Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (SPLP) performed by an independent washington State Department of Ecology certified laboratory. 3) Grain size analysis and coefficient of uniformity results performed by an independent certified laboratory in accordance with Section 9-03.13 for at least the sieves specified in Section 9-03.1(2)C for Mineral Aggregate, Type 6. 4) Material density in Ibs./CF or Ibs./CY. 5) The grain size analysis testing must be performed on the filter sand at least once for every 100 CY of HPBSM produced. c. Biochar 1) Source certificate or manufacturer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material including feedstocks. 2) Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (SPLP) performed by an independent Washington State Department of Ecology certified laboratory. 3) Proximate analysis results performed by an independent certified laboratory in accordance with ASTM D1762, Standard Test Method for Chemical Analysis of Wood Charcoal for the criteria shown. 4) Presence of the metals listed per EPA method 6020. 5) Grain size analysis results performed by an independent certified laboratory in accordance with ASTM D1762, Standard Test Method for Chemical Analysis of Wood Charcoal for the criteria shown. 4) Presence of the metals listed per EPA method 6020. 5) Grain size analysis results performed by an indep
	9-14.1(1)C	HIGH PERFORMANCE BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (HPBSM) AND BIORETENTION POLISHING LAYER MEDIA BLENDING REQUIREMENTS	9-14.1(1)C HPBSM AND BIORETENTION POLISHING LAYER MEDIA BLENDING REQUIREMENTS  The Contractor must submit a "HPBSM and Bioretention Polishing Layer Media Blending, Delivery, and Protection Plan" in accordance with Section 1-05.3. The submittal must be approved by the Engineer prior to any blending of the HPBSM, or bioretention polishing layer media. The submittal must include the completed "HPBSM Blending, Delivery, and Protection Plan Form", as shown here: https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/your-services/sewer-and-drainage/for-our-waters/green-stormwater-infrastructure.  The HPBSM and bioretention polishing layer media blending Vendor/Contractor must have at least 3-years of soil blending experience. The blending must occur within 50 miles of Seattle, WA.  The Contractor must notify the Engineer at least 72 hours prior to blending of the date, time and location where the blending is to occur so the Engineer may attend and observe the blending.  The blending must occur on an impervious (asphalt or concrete) surface pad that has been thoroughly washed clean (e.g., pressure washed) prior to blending or in purpose-built soil blending equipment that has been washed. The blending pad must be large enough to be able to turn and mix the media without introducing contamination. The blending pad must be free of standing water before blending and must be protected from stormwater run-on from off the pad.  The HPBSM and bioretention polishing layer media must be mechanically blended to produce a homogeneous mix. The measurement of the components to be blended must be by weight on scale equipment capable of measuring within 1 pound or in full vessels of a known volume. Estimating the volumes of materials of partially full buckets or vessels must not be used. Prior to blending, the coconut coir fiber must be loose and hydrated such that its density is 4-5 pounds per cubic foot.  The materials must be blended until they are in a homogenous mixed state and then protected from contamination or saturation during storage, deliver

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			The HPBSM and bioretention polishing layer media must be delivered to the Project Site in "super sack" bulk bags and must not be transported loose in a truck.  Suppliers who have demonstrated they can meet the qualifications in the past are provided at: https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/your-services/sewer-and-drainage/for-our-waters/green-stormwater-infrastructure
	9-14.1(1)D	BIORETENTION POLISHING LAYER MEDIA TESTING AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS	Add the following new section:  9.14.1(1)D  BIORETENTION POLISHING LAYER MEDIA TESTING AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS  A It least 10 Working Days prior to the blending of the bioretention polishing layer media, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer the following. This information is required even if using the pre-approved Material. The dates of the tests must be within 45 days of blending and be taken from the same stockpile, batch, or source as will be used in the blending. All testing must be by a certified laboratory.  1. Component Sourcing and Testing  a. Filter Sand  1. Source certificate or manufacturer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material.  2. Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (SPLP) performed by an independent Washington State Department of Ecology certified laboratory.  3. Grain size analysis results performed by an independent certified laboratory in accordance with Section 9-03.13 for at least the sieves specified in Section 9-03.13 (12) for Mineral Aggregate, Type 6.  4. Material density in Ibs./CF or Ibs./CY.  5. The grain size analysis must be performed on the filter sand at least once for every 50 CY of bioretention polishing layer media produced.  b. Activated Alumina  1. Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (SPLP) performed by an independent Washington State Department of Ecology certified laboratory.  2. Producer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material including Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) content, bulk density, surface area and gradation for at least the sieves shown in the material description above.  3. Material density in Ibs./CF or Ibs./CY. Material densities provided by the manufacturer are acceptable for the activated alumina.  c. Iron Aggregate  1. Producer cut sheet showing the source for and description of the material including Iron content, and gradation for at least the sieves shown in the material description in a coordance with ASTM D422, Standard Test Method for Particle Size Analysis of Soils for at least the sieves sh
	9-14.1(4)	BIORETENTION SOIL	Procure bioretention soil only from suppliers which have an active solid waste handling permit from the local jurisdictional Health Department as per WAC 173-350-220 or WAC 173-308.  Bioretention soil must be a well-blended mixture of Mineral Aggregate and compost measured on a volume basis. Fertilizer must not be added to bioretention soil. Bioretention soil for the types shown below must consist of fine compost as specified in Section 9-14.4(8) and Mineral Aggregate as specified in Section 9-03.2(2) in the ratios shown in the table below. The mixture must be well blended to produce a homogeneous mix and have the organic matter contents shown in the table below determined using the loss on ignition method.  Material Mineral Aggregate Fine Compost Organic Matter
			Bioretention Soil, Type 68% - 72% 28% - 32% 3% - 7% 7030

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			The HPBSM must be a blend of the following components in the following ratios.						
				Component	Ratio (by volume)				
				Filter Sand	70% (+/- 3%)				
				Coconut Coir Fiber	20% (+/- 2%)				
				Biochar	10% (+/- 1%)				
	9-14.1(4)	(4) BIORETENTION SOIL	Blending must not commence until the E rejection within 10 Business Days of receiving  Add the following new sections:  9-14.1(4)A COCONUT COIR FIBER  The Coconut Coir Fiber must be double in the commence of the commence o	the complete list of required submitta	ls.				
			Test / Method <sup>a</sup>	Criterion	Requirement				
			Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) an EPA Method 353.2		0.15 mg/L (Max.)				
			Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) an NEMI Method SM 4500-P E-99	d Ortho-phosphorus	0.80 mg/L (Max.)				
			Synthetic Precipitation Leachir Protocol (EPA Method 1312) a EPA Method 200.8 UCT-KED	nd Copper	10 μg/L (Max.)				
			Test Methods for the Examination of Compost and Composting (TMECC) Method 04.10-A		1.0 mmhos/cm (Max.	)			
			the extraction fluid in lieu o	ecipitation Leaching Protocol testing re f the diluted acid described in EPA Me serial extractions on the same sample	ethod 1312. The lab must condu	ied to use deionized water as uct one extraction per media			
			Suppliers who have demonstrated they r services/sewer-and-drainage/for-our-waters/gr	neet the qualifications for this compon reen-stormwater-infrastructure	ent in the past are provided at:	https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/your-			
			9-14.1(4)B FILTER SAND						
			The filter sand must be fine aggregate fo The filter sand must also meet the follow		lass 1) as per Sections 9-03.1(2	2)A, 9-03.1(2)B and 9-03.1(2)C.			

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2023				Test / Method <sup>a</sup>	Criterion	Requirement		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 200.8 UCT-KED	Copper	10 μg/L (Max.)		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 353.2	NO3+NO2	0.15 mg/L (Max.)		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and NEMI Method SM 4500-P E-99	Orthophosphorus	0.15 mg/L (Max.)		
				<sup>a</sup> The Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol testing referenced above must be modified to use deionized water as the extraction fluid in lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA Method 1312. The lab must conduct one extraction per media sample and never conduct serial extractions on the same sample.				
			9-14.1(4)C	BIOCHAR				
			The bid	ochar must consist of screened and proving the province of the contract of the	rocessed organic and inorganic resid	ue remaining after the thermal proce	ssing of biomass in an oxygen-	
				omass feed-stocks must be limited to				
			a. Woo lumber);	dy by-products of Pacific Northwest for	orestry operations (including cut resid	dues left after a timber harvest, cut tre	ees that are not marketable as	
			-	ped trees and brush from biomass re	•			
			•	cultural residues such as nut shells, st	•	·		
				omass feedstocks must not include ar d with paints or sealers, metal, plastic		ourced woody biomass (i.e., construc	tion or demolition waste, wood	
				ochar must be sourced from a product owing requirements for quality and gr		producing biochar for soil amendme	nts and/or water filtration and	
				Test / Method <sup>a</sup>	Criterion	Requirement		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 353.2	NO <sub>3</sub> +NO <sub>2</sub>	0.20 mg/L (Max.)		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and NEMI Method SM 4500-P E-99	Ortho-phosphorus	0.80 mg/L (Max.)		
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 200.8 UCT-KED	Copper	10 μg/L (Max.)		
				Total C and H analysis by dry combustion-elemental analyzer (EPA Method 440.0). Inorganic C	Organic Carbon (C <sub>org</sub> )	60% (Min.)		
				analysis by determination of CO2-C content with 1N HCl, as outlined in ASTM D4373 Standard Test Method for Rapid Determination of Carbonate Content of Soils. Organic C calculated as Total C – Inorganic C	H: Corg	0.7 (Max.)		

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				Proximate Analysis (ASTM	Volatile matter	20% (Max.)	
				D1762)	Ash	10% (Max.)	
					Arsenic	20 ppm (Max.)	
					Cadmium	10 ppm (Max.)	
				Metals (EPA Method 6020)	Lead	150 ppm (Max.)	
					Mercury	8 ppm (Max.)	
					Molybdenum	9 ppm (Max.)	
					Nickel	210 ppm (Max.)	
					Selenium	18 ppm (Max.)	
					Zinc	1400 ppm (Max.)	
				Gradation (ASTM D422)	# 6	100% Passing	
				, ,	# 100	100% Passing	
			Supplier seattle.gov.	and never conduct serial extrac	ctions on the same sample.	od 1312. The lab must conduct one expent in the past are provided at: Green	
/20/202	9-14.1(8)	BIORETENTION POLISHING		ing new sections:			
		LAYER MEDIA	9-14.1(8)	BIORETENTION POLISHING LA	YER MEDIA		
			The bior	etention polishing layer media must b	pe a blend of the following compo	nents in the following ratios.	
					Component	Ratio (by volume)	
					Filter Sand	91% (+/- 1%)	
					Activated Alumina	6.5% (+1% / - 0%)	
					Iron Aggregate	2.5% (+0% / -0.25%)	
			Blending rejection withi	g must not commence until the Engine n 5 Business Days of receiving the co	eer accepts the complete list of so omplete list of required submittals	ubmittals in 9-14.1(1)C. The Engineers.	r will issue written acceptance or

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			9-14.1(8)A	FILTER SAND			
			cleaned and		ype 6 per Section 9-03.1(2)C and meet the material, or other foreign matter and all a ents for quality:		
				Test / Method <sup>1</sup>	Criterion	Requirement	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 200.8 UCT-KED	Copper	10 μg/L (Max.)	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 353.2	NO3+NO2	0.15 mg/L (Max.)	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and	Orthophosphorus	0.15 mg/L (Max.)	
				the extraction fluid i	pitation Leaching Protocol testing referen n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa	A Method 1312. The lab must	
			<b>9-14.1(8)B</b> The ac	Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Preci the extraction fluid i media sample and i  ACTIVATED ALUMINA  ctivated alumina must meet the following	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa ng requirements for quality and grading:	A Method 1312. The lab must ame sample.	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Preci the extraction fluid i media sample and i  ACTIVATED ALUMINA	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa	A Method 1312. The lab must	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Precipitation fluid is media sample and is media sample and in the extraction fluid is media sample.	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa ng requirements for quality and grading:  Criterion	A Method 1312. The lab must ame sample.  Requirement	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Precipitation fluid is media sample and is media sample and in the extraction fluid is media sample.	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa ng requirements for quality and grading:  Criterion  Copper	Requirement  10 µg/L (Max.)	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Precipitation fluid in media sample and in the extraction fluid in media sample and in	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa ng requirements for quality and grading:  Criterion  Copper  Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) content	Requirement  10 µg/L (Max.)  90% (Min.)	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Precipitation fluid in media sample and in the extraction fluid in media sample and in	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa  ng requirements for quality and grading:  Criterion  Copper  Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) content  Bulk density	Requirement  10 µg/L (Max.)  90% (Min.)  760 Kg/m³ (Min.)	
				Method SM 4500-P E-99  NOTE:  1. The Synthetic Precipitation fluid in media sample and in the extraction fluid in media sample and in	n lieu of the diluted acid described in EPA never conduct serial extractions on the sa  ng requirements for quality and grading:  Criterion  Copper  Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) content  Bulk density  Surface area  #16 US Standard Sieve (#14 Tyler	Requirement  10 µg/L (Max.)  90% (Min.)  760 Kg/m³ (Min.)  300 m²/g (Min.)	

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			9-14.1(8)C	IRON AGGREGATE gregate must be ground standard, indus	strial, grey cast iron. The iron aggi	regate must be cleaned to remove all	oil, grease, and other organics.
			The iron agg	regate must meet the following requirer	ments for quality and grading:		
				Test / Method <sup>a</sup>	Criterion	Requirement	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 200.8 UCT-KED	Copper	10 μg/L (Max.)	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and EPA Method 353.2	NO3+NO2	0.15 mg/L (Max.)	
				Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Protocol (EPA Method 1312) and NEMI Method SM 4500-P E-99	Orthophosphorus	0.15 mg/L (Max.)	
				Producer Analysis	Iron Content by weight	80% - 97%	
					#4	100% passing	
					#8	95 -100% passing	
					#16	75-90% passing	
				Gradation (ASTM D422) or Producer Analysis	#30	25-45% passing	
					#50	0-10% passing	
					#100	0-5% passing	
					#200	0-2.5% passing	
					ed acid described in EPA Method	renced above must be modified to us 1312. The lab must conduct one extra	
			Supplie seattle.gov.	rs who have demonstrated they meet t	he qualifications for this componen	nt in the past are provided at: Green St	tormwater Infrastructure - Utilities
	9-14.4(8)	COMPOST	Replace the fi	rst paragraph in this Section with the	e following:		
			For Project Sites located in the City of Seattle, the Contractor must only procure compost from approved vendors found here: https://www.seattle.gov/utilities/protecting-our-environment/sustainability-tips/landscaping/for-professionals/soil-and-compost. For all other Project Site locations, procure Compost manufactured by facilities which have an active solid waste handling permit from the local jurisdictional Health Department per WAC 173-350-220 or WAC 173-308.				
	9-14.4(8)	COMPOST	Replace the fi	rst paragraph with the following:			

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			For Project Sites located in the C Compost manufactured by facilities wl WAC 173-308.						
	9-14.20	SOIL CELL	Add the following new Sections:						
			9-14.20 SOIL CELL	9-14.20 SOIL CELL					
			9-14.20(1) SOIL CELLS						
			Soil cells must be modular, struc module must be structurally independe				pavement profiles. Each		
			Soil cells must be open on all ve volume that allows:	rtical faces and, for stacked ce	ells, horizontal planes with no int	terior walls or diaphragms, pr	oviding a contiguous soil		
			Placement and compaction	of specified soil in 6-inch lifts;					
			Movement and growth of tre						
			<ol><li>Movement of water, including</li></ol>	ng lateral capillary movement, v	within the soil volume; and				
				e of utilities within, adjacent to,					
			At least 20 days prior to the start of installation, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer for acceptance the manufacturer's product literature with technical data sufficient to demonstrate that the product meets these requirements.						
			9-14.20(2) AGGREGATE SUBB	ASE					
			Aggregate subbase must comply	with the requirements of Mine	eral Aggregate, Type 22 per Sec	ction 9-03.14 unless otherwis	e specified in the Drawings.		
			9-14.20(3) PAVEMENT BASE C	OURSE					
			Pavement base course must cor	mply with the requirements of N	Mineral Aggregate, Type 2 per S	Section 9-03.14.			
			9-14.20(4) ANCHORS						
			Soil cell base anchors must be a	s specified by the soil cell mar	nufacturer.				
			9-14.20(5) GEOGRID						
			Geogrid used for soil cells must occurring chemicals, alkalis, and acids		olyester fabric with PVC coating,	, inert to biological degradatio	on and resistant to naturally		
			Geogrid must meet the following		acturer's recommendations, whi	ichever is more stringent:	1		
				Property	Value	Test Method			
				Tensile strength at	1850 lbs/ft minimum	ASTM D6637			
				ultimate					
				Creep reduced strength	1000 lbs/ft minimum	ASTM D5262			
				Long-term allowable design load	950 lbs/ft minimum	GRI GG-4			
				Grid aperture size (MD)	0.8 inch minimum	N/A			
				Grid aperture size (CD)	1.28 inch maximum	N/A			

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					Roll Size	6-foot width preferre up to 18 feet	ed, N/A	
			1. Mi 2. Fo 3. SF 4. Sti 5. Or The Co Specification  9-14.20(6)  Geotex resistant to r	ortrac 35 Geogrid from Hues  7 20 Biaxial Geogrid from Strata  7 approved equal.  7 ontractor must submit to the  8 are met.  GEOTEXTILE  1 tille must be composed of h  1 naturally occurring chemical	Nicolon, Norcross, GA, http sker, Charlotte, NC, http://v ynteen, Lancaster, SC, http a, Cumming, GA, http://www e Engineer for acceptance a nigh tenacity polypropylene ls, alkalis, and acids.	www.hueskerinc.com/; o://www.synteen.com; w.geogrid.com; at least 20 days in advance yarns woven into a netwo	ributed by Geosynthetic System e, the manufacturer's technical ork to retain relative position, in	I datasheets indicating all ert to biological degradation, a
			Geotex		llowing properties or meet the manufacturer's recommendations, whichever is more stringent:    Minimum Average Roll Value   Test Method   Unit			
				Property	rest wethou	Oint	Machine Direction (MD)	Cross Direction (CD)
				Tensile strength at ultimate	ASTM D4595	lbs/ft	5100	5100
				Tensile strength at 2% strain	ASTM D4595	lbs/ft	960	1560
				Tensile strength at 5% strain	ASTM D4595	lbs/ft	2400	3600
				Tensile strength at 10% strain	6 ASTM D4595	lbs/ft	5040	
				Factory Seam Strength	n ASTM4884	lbs/ft	30	00
				Flow Rate	ASTM D4491	gal/min/ft²	31	0
				Apparent Opening Size	ASTM D4751	U. S. Sieve	31	0
				UV Resistance (at 500 hours)	ASTM D4355	% strength retained	8	0
			1. Mi 2. Ge 3. Or	ctile must be manufactured rafi 180 N from Ten Cate Neotex 801 from Propex Geo approved equal.	licolon, Norcross, GA, http: esynthetics, Chattanooga, T	N, http://www.geotexile.c	om; e, the manufacturer's technical	l datasheets indicating all

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2020							
				Property	ASTM	High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)	
						HDPE 60	
				Thickness (Minimum Average)	D5199 / D5994	60 mil (1.5 mm)	
				Density	D792	≥0.94 g/cc	
				Tensile Yield Strength (Minimum Average)	D6693 (Type IV Die)	22 N/mm² (3,192 psi)	
				Tensile Break Strength	D6693 (Type IV Die)	228 N/mm² (33,070 psi)	
				Tensile Elongation at Yield	D6693	≥12%	
				Tensile Elongation at Break	D6693	≥700%	
				Tear Resistance	D1004	187 N (42 lbs)	
				Puncture Resistance	D4833	400 N (90 lbs)	
				Stress Crack Resistance	D5397	≥400 Hours	
				Permeability	D543	<10 <sup>-12</sup> cm/s	
				OIT (High Pressure)	D5885	400 mins	
				Oven Aging (85° Celsius, 90d)	D5721	≥80% retained	
				UV Resistance (1600 hrs)	D5885	≥50% retained	
				Max Continuous Use Temp	D5885	60° Celsius (140° F)	
			9-14.20(8) BACKFILL				
			Gravel backfill must comply wi	th the requirements of Mineral A	ggregate Type 22 per Section	9-03.14, unless otherwise specified in the Drawings.	
			9-14.20(9) PLANTING SOIL				
			Planting soil must be as specif	fied in Section 9-14.1(5).			
			9-14.20(10) ROOT BARRIER				
			Root barrier must be as specif	ied in Section 9-14.17.			
			9-14.20(11) OTHER MATERIAL	LS			
			Plastic cable ties tensioning de	evices to secure materials must b	pe per manufacturer's require	ments.	

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	9-21.2(1)	PHYSICAL PROPER	Replace the t	able with the following:			
		Note: also see changes to SP 700		Lane Marker (Description)	Lane Marker Type 2A	Lane Marker Type 2B	
		3		Dimensions of Plastic Shells	See Std Plan 700	See Std Plan 700	
				Slope of Reflecting Face	20-35 deg	20-30 deg	
				Area of Each Reflecting Surface	2.60-3.25 square in	1.87 square in	
	9-30.1(1)	DUCTILE IRON PIPE	-	3. with the following: rained joints must be as specified in s	Section 9-30.2(3).	•	
	9-30.1(1)A	EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DUCTILE IRON PIPE	testir	ng laboratory.  1. Pipe joints must be able to expar segment length.  2. Pipe joints must be able to resist  Where: Fp = Minimum pull d = Nominal pipe of Fittings used on an ERDIP  3. Pipe joints or joint assemblies m reference lay length of 19.7 feet.	nd by at least 1 percent of the pipe a pull-out force as determined by Fp = 17,000d  I-out resistance in pounds. diameter in inches.  system must also meet the minimust be able to deflect in all direction.	e segment length and must be a  the following formula:  num pull-out force requirement.  ons as specified in the table belofined as one full length of pipe p	his Section as verified by an independent (third party) ble to contract by at least 1 percent of the pipe  w. Deflections are based on a pipe system lus adapters. The required joint deflection angle th.
	9-30.1(3)	PLASTIC PIPE AND ASBESTOS CEMENT PIPE	PVC, p	Section with the following:	naterial pipe must not be used as	Water Main to convey potable w	vater.
				wing new section:			
			9-30.1(3)A I	HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (F	1UPE) PIPE		

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		<ol> <li>HDPE pipe must be solid wall and must conform to AWWA C906, "Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Fittings, 4 in. through 65 in. for Waterworks."</li> <li>Polyethylene Materials for the manufacture of HDPE pipe and fittings must meet or exceed the requirements of Plastic Pipe Institute (PPI) TR4 designation PE4710 and must have a minimum cell classification of PE445574C.</li> <li>Pipe must be manufactured in accordance with ASTM D3035 and contain no recycled compounds except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from the resin of the same specification from the same raw material.</li> <li>Pipe must be homogenous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, voids, or other injurious defects.</li> <li>Pipe must be rated for use at test pressures of 200 psi; however, the pressure rating table for PE 3406/3408 with a design factor of 0.5 must be utilized for wall thickness design.</li> <li>Wall thickness design must not be based on the proposed PE4710 design factor of 0.63. The outside diameter of the pipe must be based upon ductile iron pipe size (DIPS) sizing system and nominal diameters are as indicated in the Drawings.</li> <li>The pipe manufacturer must be ISO 9001 certified and be able to demonstrate experience manufacturing HDPE pipe in similar size and pressure rating and length.</li> <li>HDPE pipe joining methods used must be per the manufacturer's recommendations. Unless otherwise indicated or approved by the Engineer butt fusion connections are the only joining method for all HDPE pipe as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F.</li> </ol>
9-30.2(13)	HDPE PIPE FITTINGS	Add the following new section:  9-30.2(13) HDPE PIPE FITTINGS
		Fittings for HDPE pipe must be made of HDPE material meeting the minimum material designation code and cell classification code for pipe as specified in Section 9-30.1(3)A.  HDPE fittings must be capable of providing a working pressure rating no less than that of the HDPE pipe to which the fitting is connected. The pressure rating table for PE 3406/3408 with a design factor of 0.6 must be utilized for wall thickness design. Wall thickness design must not be based on the proposed PE4710 design factor of 0.63. The outside diameter of the pipes must be based on DIPS and nominal diameters of fittings are as indicated in the Drawings.  Acceptable HDPE fittings include molded fittings per ASTM D3261 and fabricated fittings complying with AWWA C906 and ASTM F2206. Fabricated fittings manufactured using a McElroy Data Logger or approved equal to record fusion pressure and temperature and must be stamped with unique joint number that corresponds to the Fusion Technician's Joint Report. Data Logger records must be maintained on fabricated fittings are not allowed. Butf fusion, electrofusion (if approved by Engineer), and flanged connections are acceptable joining methods for HDPE fittings to pipe as specified in Section 7-11.3(6)F.  The pipe/fitting manufacturer for wall anchor fittings used in wall anchor blocks must determine the ring dimensions. The pipe/fitting manufacture must certify the wall anchor fitting meets the same HDPE material and working pressure rating requirements for HDPE fittings as specified herein. Wall anchor fittings must be made with sufficient length to be clamped in the butf fusion-joining machine without the use of a stub-end holder.  The fitting manufacturer must be ISO 9001 certified and be able to demonstrate experience manufacturing HDPE fittings in similar size and pressure rating and length.  Flanged connections via flanged adapters, where approved by the Engineer, must be manufactured and tested per AWWA C906, and accompanied with gaskets, back-up rings, bolts, nuts, washers, and spacer

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			Electrofusion fittings and electrofusion couplings for joints, where approved by the Engineer, must be manufactured and tested in accordance with ASTM F1055 and AWWA C906 and must be capable of providing a long-term service pressure rating equal to the fitting for which the electrofusion joint or coupling will be used. Electrofusion fittings and couplings must be made of HDPE material meeting the minimum material designation code, cell classification code, and pressure rating of the connected HDPE fitting. The electrofusion processor must be capable of reading and storing the input parameters and the fusion results for later download to a record file.
			The electrofusion fitting manufacturer and electrofusion coupling manufacturer must have experience with installations where electrofusion fitting product was successfully used to join HDPE pipe and fittings for the same nominal diameter pipe and pressure rating as proposed.
			Fabricated transition pieces, where required, must meet the requirements for HDPE pipe as specified in Section 9-30.1(3)A. Where indicated on the Drawings, ductile iron (DI) fittings connected to HDPE pipe must meet the requirements as specified in Section 9-30.2(1).
	9-30.3(2)A	GATE VALVES DOUBLE DISC	Replace the first paragraph with the following:
			In addition to 9-30.3(1), gate valves 3-inch through 12-inch must conform to AWWA C500, be equipped with nonrising stems and O-ring stuffing box, and with double disc gates or rotating double disc gates having a bronze wedging device.
			Replace the sixth paragraph with the following:
			Double disk gate valves must be manufactured by Clow, M & H, American Flow Control (ACIPCo), Pratt/Mueller, M&H/Kennedy, or approved equal in sizes 12 inches or less. Rotating double disk gate valves must be manufactured by McWane/Kennedy, J & S Valve, or approved equal in sizes 12 inches or less.
	9-30.5(2)	SADDLES	Replace this Section with the following:
			Unless otherwise indicated, saddles must be ductile iron, or bronze, double straps with thread standard outlet tapping. Saddles must be of a size designed by the manufacturer to fit the pipe called for on the Drawings.
			Service connections on HDPE pipes must be done in accordance with Section 7-15.3(1) and selected in accordance with the following criteria:  1. Service connection of 2-inch-diameter and smaller on HDPE pipes must be the following:
			<ul> <li>a. Mechanical-type, ductile iron saddle with full-circle double straps and thread standard outlet tapping. The mechanical-type, ductile iron saddle product must be manufactured for HDPE pipe and approved by the connection manufacturer for use on HDPE pipe at the pipe's required pressure class and diameter. The mechanical-type, ductile iron saddle must be rated for a minimum test pressure of 200 psi. Saddles must be of a size designated by the manufacturer to fit the pipe size indicated in the Drawings. Wax tape coating per Section 9-30.1(4)F must be applied to all metallic components.</li> <li>2. Service connections larger than 2-inch-diameter on HDPE pipes must be made with HPDE tee fittings. HDPE tee fittings must meet the requirements as specified in Section 9-30.2(13).</li> </ul>
	9-30.11	LOCATING WIRE	Supplement the end of this Section with the following:
			Locating wire for HDPE pipe must be AWG #14 solid copper wire or copper clad steel wire with high molecular weight polyethylene insulation (blue). Direct bury wire nuts and lugs must be waterproof and corrosion-proof that accepts wire ranges #14 - #10 AWG solid and stranded copper and specifically designed for low voltage tracer splices and cathodic applications up to 50V. Temperature rating must be -45 degrees F to 400 degrees F. Direct bury wire nuts must be Dryconn Direct Bury Wire Nut (10444) manufactured by King Innovation or approved equal. Direct bury lugs must be Dryconn Direct Bury Lug as manufactured by King Innovation or approved equal.
	9-30.12	COATING FOR ALL BOLTS, LUGS, AND SHACKLE RODS	Replace Section 9-30.12 COATING FOR ALL BOLTS AND SHACKLE RODS with the following new title and content:  9-30.12 COATONG FOR ALL BOLTS, LUGS, AND SHACKLE RODS

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			On corrosion protected Water Mains, all shackle rods, concrete blocking anchor rods, lugs, and shackle clamps must have a factory applied protective coating with fusion bonded epoxy per ASTM A755. After threading and assembly, the threaded ends, nuts, and washers must be coated with a wax tape coating system per Section 9-30.1(4)F.					
	9-30.14	TRENCH MARKER TAPE	Add the following new section:					
			9-30.14 TRENCH MARKER TAPE					
				m specifically formulated for prolonged underground use. Minimum thickness must be 4 mm thick in color and must have 2-inch black lettering with the inscription "CAUTION: HDPE WATER at maximum intervals of 2 feet.				
9-32.4 DETECTOR LOOPS Add the following new sections:								
			9-32.4(1) INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR SEALANT  Loop detector sealant must be one part, moisture curable, self-leveling polyurethane or hot-applied, rubberized asphalt material.  Polyurethane sealant must match roadway color, require no mixing, and totally encapsulate the detector conductors. Polyurethane sealant must a meet the following specifications:					
			Test	Specification Limits				
			Skin Time at 77° F Cure Time at 77° F	2 hours maximum 48 hours maximum				
			Tensile Strength (ASTM D-142)	600 psi minimum				
			Elongation (ASTM D-412)	300 % maximum				
			Linear Shrinkage (ASTM D-2566) Hardness Shore A (ASTM D-2240)	0 % 70 minimum				
			Hot-applied asphaltic sealant must be meet the following	ng specifications when heated to in accordance with ASTM D5167:				
			Test	Specification Limit				
			Termosel Viscosity at 400°F (ASTM D-4402)	4000 cp maximum				
			Penetration, 125°F, 50 g, 5 s (ASTM D5) Penetration, 77°F, 100g, 5 s (ASTM D5)	50 maximum 10-25				
			Softening Point (ASTM D36)	210°F minimum				
			Ductility, 77°F (ASTM D113)	15 cm minimum				
			9-32.4(2) PREFORMED DETECTOR LOOP					
			be suitable for applications in which the loop lead-in assemb	actuated controllers and traffic counting applications. The complete loop/lead-in assembly must ly will be placed on compacted aggregate sub-base and overlaid with concrete.				
			wire (formed from seven strands of #26 AWG copper wire) w 0.040" thick cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE). The void betw	ted cable with a nominal outer diameter of 0.360". The individual conductors must be #18 AWG vith a 0.020" thick layer of cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation. The inner jacket must be veen the conductors and the inner jacket must be spiral wrapped with a clear, moisture resistant and. The outer jacket must be 0.035" thick cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE).				
			wire (formed from nineteen strands of #28 AWG copper wire be 0.040" thick cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE). The void be	keted cable with a nominal outer diameter of 0.360". The individual conductors must be #16 AWG ) with a 0.020" thick layer of cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation. The inner jacket must between the conductors and the inner jacket must be spiral wrapped with a clear, moisture ck compound. The outer jacket must be 0.042" thick cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE).				

Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text				
		The cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation used for wire insulation and cable jacketing must be capable of withstanding temperatures up to 426 degrees Fahrenheit. Splices between the individual loop cable conductors, and the splices between the loop cable conductors and the lead-in cable conductors must be soldered, sealed, and waterproofed. The enclosure that encapsulates the spliced connections must be fabricated from a high impact glass impregnated plastic with a minimum thickness of 0.240". The two halves of the splice enclosure must be sealed with a water resistant gasket material. The interior cavity of the splice enclosure must be completely filled with an amorphous water block compound. The splice enclosure must be submerged in a saltwater solution for three (3) days. At the end of this three-day period, the electrical integrity of these splices must be verified by using a 500 Volt DC MegaOhm meter to ensure that the resistance between either lead-in conductor and the saltwater solution is 200 MegaOhms or greater.				
9-32.8	SERVICE CABINET	Add the following at the end of the fir	Add the following at the end of the first paragraph:			
				tly mounted phenolic labels with location of mounting, background and letter I Service Representative to confirm correct labelling prior to installation.		
9-36.2	DETECTABLE WARNING PLATE – CAST-IN-PLACE	Replace this Section with the following:  Cast-in-place Materials must be wet set, replaceable tiles listed in WSDOT's Qualified Products List (QPL).  For products not on the QPL, the Contractor must provide the Engineer with a submittal on the alternate Material as specified in section 9-36.4 and 8-14.3(7).				
9-36	DETECTABLE WARNING					
	9-32.8 9-36.2	9-32.8 SERVICE CABINET  9-36.2 DETECTABLE WARNING PLATE – CAST-IN-PLACE	The cross-linked polyethylene (2 degrees Fahrenheit. Splices between conductors must be soldered, sealed, glass impregnated plastic with a minim The interior cavity of the splice enclos saltwater solution for three (3) days. A MegaOhm meter to ensure that the respective comments of the splice and saltwater solution for three (3) days. A MegaOhm meter to ensure that the respective comments of the splice and saltwater solution for three (3) days. A MegaOhm meter to ensure that the respective comments of the splice and saltwater solution for three (3) days. A MegaOhm meter to ensure that the respective comments of the splice and saltwater solution for the saltwater. The service cabinet service addisize per SCL Standards. The Contract Cast-in-place Materials must be we for products not on the QPL, the Cross-in-place Materials must be we for products not on the QPL, the Cross-in-place Materials must be we for products not on the QPL, the Cross-in-place Materials must be response of the splice of the	The cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation used for wire insulation and degrees Fahrenheit. Splices between the individual loop cable conductors, and conductors must be soldered, seaded, and waterproofed. The enductor has the soldered seaded, and waterproofed. The enductor has an one saltwater solution for three (3) days. At the end of this three-day period, the elec MegaOhm meter to ensure that the resistance between either lead-in conductor MegaOhm meter to ensure that the resistance between either lead-in conductor all the service cabinet service address and system labels must be permanen size per SCL Standards. The Contractor must coordinate with the SCL Electrical Parameters of the service address and system labels must be permanen size per SCL Standards. The Contractor must coordinate with the SCL Electrical Cast-in-PLACE  Page 12 Beplace this Section with the following: Cast-in-place Materials must be wet set, replaceable tiles listed in WSDO For products not on the QPL, the Contractor must provide the Engineer will 4.3(7).  Possible Warning  Add the following two new Sections:  9-36.5 TACTILE DIRECTIONAL INDICATOR - CAST-IN-PLACE  The tactile directional indicator must be cast-in-place material and match the directional indicator must be cast-in-place material and match the directional indicator must be cast-in-place material and match the directional indicator must be capable of being bonded to an exit directional indicator must be all-season methyl methacytate for view.  Page 24 Bert Page 25 Bert Page 26 Bert Page 26 Bert Page 26 Bert Page 27 Bert Page 27 Bert Page 27 Bert Page 27 Bert Page 28 Bert Page 28 Bert Page 28 Bert Page 28 Bert Page 29 Bert Page 28 Bert Page 29 Bert Pag		

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text						
			Dry Bulk Density g/cm3	Porosity	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity Ks, cm/s	D <sub>10</sub> , mm	D <sub>50</sub> ,mm	D <sub>60,</sub> mm	Uniformity Coefficient
			1.60	0.397	0.55	0.62	0.88	0.90	1.5
			Formulation: 2 gallons of Federal Yellow MMA resin 25 lbs. hard wearing aggregate Catalyst as recommended by manufacturer for ambient and road temperature Material must be installed as specified with manufacturer's certification. Contractor must have installation certification approved prior to install.						
	9-38	TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL MATERIALS	9-38.16 TEMPORARY PEDESTRIAN CURB RAMPS  Temporary pedestrian curb ramps must be constructed as shown in the traffic control plans or be pre-manufactured devices meeting the requirements of the ADA Accessibility Standards, see Chapter 4: Ramps and Curb Ramps at www.access-board.gov.  9-38.17 PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DEVICES  When exposed to vehicular traffic, pedestrian channelizing devices must meet the crashworthiness requirements of NCHRP 350 or MASH as described in Section 1-10.2(5)B. The bottom and top surfaces of the pedestrian channelizing device must have 6-inch retroreflective bands matching the body color of the device fabricated from Type IV (High Intensity) or a higher type reflective sheeting.						
			Standard Plans						
	SP 002A-F	ABBREVIATIONS	Several abbreviations ad	dded					
	SP 003H	STANDARD SYMBOLS SEWER & DRAINAGE	Add new symbols for ju	nction box type 27	77A and 277B.				
	SP 020B	MONUMENT FRAME & COVER	Correct typo						
	SP 100A	DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING IN PLANTING STRIP	New detail and note						
	SP113	MEDIAN PLANTING	New detail and note						

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	SP115A	IRRIGATION POINT OF CONNECTION DIAGRAM	New standard plan
	SP115B	IRREGATION POINT OF CONNECTION DIAGRAM FOR BATTERY OPERATED CONTROLLERS	New standard plan
	SP 120	IRRIGATION MASTER VALVE AND FLOW SENSOR	New standard plan
	SP 121	IRRIGATION HOSE BIB ASSEMBLY AND QUICK COUPLER VALVE	Notes and dimensions revised and new detail added
	SP128A	IRRIGATION TRENCHES	Details and notes revised
	SP 128B	IRRIGATION TRENCHES	New standard plan
	SP 132A	TREE PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION	Revise layout of lower image  Replace left call-out under lower image with revised call-out  Replace right call-out under lower image with new call-out  See revised Note 2.
	SP 230	2'-0" DIAMETER FRAME AND COVER	Revise note 5
	SP 150A	SOIL CELL	New standard plan
	SP 150B	SOIL CELL	New standard plan

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	SP 151	IRRIGATION FOR TREE PITS WITH SOIL CELLS	New standard plan
	SP 152	IRRIGATION FOR PLANTING STRIPS WITH SOIL CELLS	New standard plan
	SP 204.5A	TYPE 204.5A MAINTENANCE HOLE	Concentric cone shape corrected
	SP 230	2'-0" DIAMETER FRAME & COVER	Note 5 revised
	SP 233A	OUTSIDE DROP CONNECTION	Flange changed to plug
	SP 233B	INSIDE DROP CONNECTION	Blind flange note changed
	SP 260A	INLET / CATCH BASIN LOCATION & INSTALLATION	Note revised
	SP 260B	CATCH BASIN & INLET INSTALLATION	Note revised
	SP 260C	CATCH BASIN & INLET INSTALLATION WITH STANDARD PLAN 263B ALTERNATIVE HOOD	Correct "TYPES" shown in both upper graphics.
	SP265A	VANED GRATE	Dimensions and notes added
	SP 265B	VANED GRATE	New standard plan
	SP 266	TYPE 266 REPLACEMENT VANED GRATE	Dimensions added and corrected order of notes.

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	SP 281	BIORETENTION UNDER DRAIN CLEAN-OUT AND OBSERVATION PORT	Call out revised
	SP 283	SIDE SEWER INSTALLATION	Note revised
	SP286A	SEWER/STORM DRAIN & WATER SPACING AND CLEARANCES	Title and call-outs revised to include Storm Drains
	SP 286B	SEWER AND WATER SPACING AND CLEARANCES	Title revised and change the second comment on the right to:  INSPECTED BY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF SEATTLE PUBLIC UTILITIES
	SP 294	VEGETATED CONVEYANCE SWALE (NOT FOR WATER QUALITY TREATMENT)	Call out revised:
	SP 295A, 295B 295C 295D	TYPICAL DRAIN CURB CUT LOCATION FOR BIORETENTION WITH SLOPED SIDES	Section reference added.
	SP 314A	FIRE HYDRANT LOCATION AND CLEARANCES	Dimensions and notes revised.
	SP 314B	CLEARANCES FOR TYPICAL WATER SERVICE VAULTS & METER BOXES	Title Revised – many notes revised to add clarity and to provide congruence with other City provided guidance.
	SP 316	WATER SERVICE CONNECTION TO NEW WATER MAIN	New Standard Plan

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	SP 400	HALF SECTION, GRADING	Note added
	SP 405A	STREET PAVING & APPURTENANCES	Revised Notes: 2, 3 and 4  Renumbered Notes: 3 to 5 and 4 to 6  Add the word "pavement" to the end of Note 1.
	SP 405B	STREET PAVING & APPURTENANCES	New detail added
	SP 405C	STREET PAVING & APPURTENANCES	New Notes 6 and 7 added  See adjustment to the first row of the table under heading DEPTH (D) OF RDWY CEM. CONC
	SP 406	STREET PAVING & APPURTENANCES	New Note 2 added  New CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS added  New labels on top image and revised wire mesh detail  New additions to lower image
	SP 420	CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAILS	Notes revised
	SP 421	SIDEWALK WITH MONOLITHIC CURB	Note revised
	SP422I	TACTILE WARNING SURFACE INDICATORS	Title Changed
	SP 424A	EXPANDABLE TREE PIT DETAIL	Add root barriers and remove callouts for Type A and Type B stating: "Flexible Porous Surface Treatment over 2" Min Depth Mnrl Agg Type 22"
	SP 430A	TYPE 430 A DRIVEWAY	Revised notes and dimensions
	SP 433	WASTE ACCESS RAMP	New Standard Plan

DRAFT Published Nov. 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2025	Section # or Plan #	Current Title	Text
	SP 456A	TEMPORARY PEDESTRIAN WALKWAY	SP renumbered
	SP 456B	TEMPORARY PEDESTRIAN CURB RAMP	New Standard Plan
	SP 501A	SERVICE CABINET FOUNDATION DETAIL	Call out revised
	SP 700	TRAFFIC BUTTONS & LANE MARKERS Note: also see Section 9-21.2(1)	Revised dimensions for Lane Marker 2A
	SP 780	CROSS BIKE PAVEMENT MARKING	Skewed layouts added

End of document