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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

CITY OF SEATTLE,

Defendant.

CASE NO. C12-1282JLR

ORDER GRANTING IN PART
AND DENYING IN PART JOINT
MOTION TO APPROVE
PROPOSED AGREEMENT ON
SUSTAINED COMPLIANCE

I. INTRODUCTION

In 2011, the United States Department of Justice (the “DOJ”) completed an investigation in which it found reasonable cause to believe that Seattle Police Department (“SPD”) officers had engaged in a pattern or practice of using excessive force in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution. (*See* 12/16/11 Investigation Report (Dkt. # 1-1).) Subsequently, Plaintiff the United States of America (the “United States”) and Defendant the City of Seattle (the “City”) (together, the “Parties”) negotiated, and the court approved, a settlement agreement and memorandum of

1 understanding (the “Consent Decree”) designed to address the DOJ’s findings. (Consent
2 Decree¹; *see also* Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law (Dkt. # 14).) The Parties now
3 jointly move for approval of their proposed Agreement on Sustained Compliance (the
4 “Compliance Agreement”) and entry of an Order of Resolution. (Joint Mot. (Dkt. # 727);
5 Prop. Compliance Agreement (Dkt. # 727-1).) The Parties each filed a memorandum in
6 support of their joint motion. (City Mem. (Dkt. # 728); US Mem. (Dkt. # 730).) In
7 addition, the court heard argument from the Parties during a public hearing on May 30,
8 2023. (*See* 5/30/23 Min. Entry (Dkt. # 758).)

9 The court has reviewed the Parties’ submissions, the relevant portions of the
10 record, and the governing law.² Being fully advised, the court GRANTS in part and
11 DENIES in part the Parties’ joint motion to approve the Compliance Agreement.
12 Specifically, the court agrees with the Parties that the City has achieved sustained
13 compliance with the majority of the core commitments set forth in Paragraphs 69 through
14 168 of the Consent Decree. (*See* Consent Decree ¶¶ 69-168.) Thus, the court GRANTS
15 the Parties’ joint motion to the extent the Parties seek a finding that the City has sustained
16 full and effective compliance, for at least two years, with the commitments set forth in
17 the Consent Decree regarding crisis intervention, stops and detentions, bias-free
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19 ¹ The term “Consent Decree” refers collectively to the Parties’ settlement agreement
20 (Dkt. # 3-1); the Parties’ Memorandum of Understanding, which established the Community
21 Police Commission (“CPC”) and the Crisis Intervention Committee (“CIC”) as required by the
22 settlement agreement; and the court’s September 21, 2012 order modifying and preliminarily
approving the settlement agreement (Dkt. # 13).

² The court has also reviewed *amici curiae* briefs filed by the CPC (Dkt. # 767-1), the
American Civil Liberties Union (Dkt. # 744-1), and Anthony Sims (Dkt. # 739-1).

1 for no less than two years. (Consent Decree ¶ 223 (as modified).) The court and the
2 Parties refer to the City’s maintenance of full and effective compliance with the
3 commitments set forth in the Consent Decree for a period of two years or more as
4 achieving “sustained compliance.”

5 As the court stated in its remarks during its May 30, 2023 hearing on the Parties’
6 joint motion, the court is immensely proud of the efforts SPD has undertaken since this
7 matter began in 2012. In particular, SPD has made tremendous improvements in its
8 policies, methods of operation, and leadership with respect to the areas of use of force,
9 stops and detentions, and crisis intervention. SPD’s efforts with respect to data collection
10 and analysis, too, are like night-and-day when compared to the status of data collection
11 and analysis before the implementation of the changes required under the Consent
12 Decree. The court is also extremely proud of the constructive approaches to policing that
13 have resulted from the efforts of the accountability triad of the Office of Police
14 Accountability (“OPA”), the Office of the Inspector General (“OIG”), and the
15 Community Police Commission (“CPC”).

16 Therefore, the court finds and concludes, consistent with the Monitoring Team’s
17 recommendations in its May 2022 Comprehensive Assessment of the Seattle Police
18 Department (“2022 Comprehensive Assessment”), that the City has demonstrated
19 sustained full and effective compliance with the sections of the Consent Decree regarding
20 creation of the CPC (Consent Decree ¶¶ 3-12); crisis intervention (*id.* ¶¶ 130-37); stops
21 and detentions (*id.* ¶¶ 138-44); bias-free policing (*id.* ¶¶ 145-52); supervision
22 (*id.* ¶¶ 153-63); and the OPA (*id.* ¶¶ 164-68). (*See* 2022 Comprehensive Assessment

1 (Dkt. # 709) (recommending findings of sustained compliance in these areas.) Thus, the
2 court TERMINATES the City’s obligations under these provisions of the Consent
3 Decree.

4 At the same time, however—as the Parties acknowledge and as the Monitoring
5 Team found in the 2022 Comprehensive Assessment—the City and SPD have not yet
6 demonstrated sustained compliance with the use of force provisions of the Consent
7 Decree as applied to large-scale crowd management settings. (*See Prop. Compliance*
8 *Agreement* ¶ 78; *Consent Decree* ¶¶ 69-129; *2022 Comprehensive Assessment*.) The
9 Parties also agree that the City has more work to do in ensuring that there exists a
10 sustainable system of review and accountability. (*See Prop. Compliance Agreement*
11 *¶ 78*.) Indeed, the information generated by the review and accountability system is
12 critical to ensuring that SPD can sustainably continue to improve accountability after the
13 court’s supervision ends. Finally, as the Monitoring Team observed in the 2022
14 Comprehensive Assessment, the City and SPD have further work to do to mitigate racial
15 disparities in SPD’s provision of policing services. (*See 2022 Comprehensive*
16 *Assessment*.)

17 As a result, the court finds and concludes that the City and SPD must meet
18 additional milestones to demonstrate sustained full and effective compliance with the use
19 of force and accountability requirements of the Consent Decree and to achieve final
20 resolution of this matter. Therefore, the court ORDERS the City to complete the
21 following tasks, by the deadlines set forth below. As an important step to transitioning
22 greater responsibility for police reform to the community, SPD and OIG are charged with

1 primary roles in carrying out this work, with oversight roles for the Monitor and the DOJ.
2 After these tasks are complete, the City (either on its own or jointly with the United
3 States) may move for an order terminating the Consent Decree and dismissing this case.

4 **A. Use of Force**

5 1. SPD shall revise its crowd management policy to address feedback from
6 the ongoing Sentinel Event Review (“SER”) process and ensure that officers are trained
7 on the updated policy.

8 2. SPD shall develop an alternative reporting and review process for force
9 used in crowd settings to address the Monitor’s findings regarding breakdowns in
10 reporting and review that occurred in 2020. This alternative process shall be designed to
11 ensure timely reporting and review in the event that significant, sustained protests arise
12 again.

13 3. Consistent with City law, within 90 days of the filing date of this order, the
14 City shall provide the draft crowd management policy and alternative reporting and
15 review process discussed above in Paragraphs 1 and 2 to the DOJ and the Monitor. The
16 Parties and the Monitor shall follow the Review Process set forth in Paragraphs 177-79 of
17 the Consent Decree. (*See* Consent Decree ¶¶ 177-79.) The City shall file the updated
18 crowd management policy and alternative reporting and review process with the Court
19 upon completion of the Paragraphs 177-79 Review Process.

20 4. SPD shall continue to consider and respond to the recommendations of the
21 SER process. SPD shall provide a report on the status of all recommended policy
22 changes arising out of the SER process to the court no later than two weeks after the

1 filing date of this order. In the event a specific recommendation of the SER directed to
2 SPD does not result in a policy change, the reasons shall be explained in the report.

3 5. SPD shall provide a report to the court no later than December 15, 2023, on
4 the status of implementation of RCW 10.114.011 and RCW 43.102.020, regarding
5 investigations of the use of deadly force. This report shall include an explanation of how
6 this legislation affects SPD's Force Investigation Team (*see* Consent Decree ¶¶ 112-18).

7 **B. Accountability**

8 6. In a technical assistance role, the Monitor shall retain an independent
9 consultant to complete the Seattle Accountability System Sustainability Assessment of
10 the City's police accountability systems. The consultant's draft report shall be submitted
11 to the Parties no later than November 24, 2023. The consultant's report shall be filed
12 with the court no later than December 29, 2023.

13 7. The City shall develop a response to the consultant's report that provides
14 explanations for any recommendations not adopted. This response shall be filed with the
15 court no later than 30 days after the filing of the consultant's report described in
16 Paragraph 6.

17 8. SPD shall develop a data transparency, usability, and accessibility plan that
18 addresses how to (1) improve the collection of data on race in stops, detentions, and use
19 of force; (2) incorporate this data in reporting; and (3) provide public access to these
20 reports and any other data that CPC and OIG identify as being critical to transparency.
21 SPD shall file a report on the status of implementing the recommendations arising out of
22 this planning process with the court no later than December 15, 2023.

1 9. The court understands that collective bargaining between the City and the
2 police unions is outside of the scope of its supervision of the Consent Decree.
3 Nevertheless, in order to evaluate whether the City has achieved sustained compliance
4 with those areas of the Consent Decree that remain open, it is critical for the court to
5 understand whether and how the outcome of the collective bargaining process affects
6 SPD's accountability and review systems. (*See* 5/21/19 Order (Dkt. # 562) (finding the
7 City partially out of compliance with the Consent Decree after the Seattle City Council's
8 approval of the previous version of the collective bargaining agreement ("CBA")
9 between the City and the Seattle Police Officers' Guild ("SPOG")).) Accordingly, within
10 30 days of reaching a Tentative Agreement with SPOG regarding the 2021 renewal of the
11 SPOG CBA, the City shall file with the court an analysis of the Tentative Agreement's
12 effect, if any, on SPD's accountability and review systems and the implementation of the
13 City's Accountability Ordinance.

14 **C. Ongoing Assessments**

15 10. To ensure that the progress documented in previous assessments is
16 sustained, SPD shall update outcome measures regarding the use of force (including
17 crowd management); crisis intervention; stops and detentions; bias-free policing; and
18 supervision (including the Early Intervention System, now known as the Equity,
19 Accountability & Quality System). OIG shall review SPD's reporting and data analysis
20 for accuracy. The City shall file these outcome measures with the court by February 29,
21 2024.
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1 11. In collaboration with the Monitor, OIG shall develop a Workplan
2 describing its approach for ensuring continued robust, independent monitoring of SPD.
3 As part of the Workplan, OIG shall develop a methodology and timeline for ongoing
4 assessment of the following areas: use of force (including crowd management); crisis
5 intervention; stops and detentions; bias-free policing; and supervision (including the
6 Force Review Board and the Equity, Accountability & Quality System). The City shall
7 file OIG's Workplan with the court within 21 days of the filing date of this order.

8 12. OIG shall conduct a Use of Force Assessment examining 2021, 2022, and
9 2023 data on SPD's use of force. As components of the Use of Force Assessment, OIG
10 shall examine force used in crisis incidents, the use of less lethal devices, and force used
11 in the crowd management context. The assessment also shall provide an update on the
12 force-related issues identified by the Monitor in the 2022 Comprehensive Assessment.
13 (*See* 2022 Comprehensive Assessment at 89-90.) OIG shall provide its draft Use of
14 Force Assessment to the DOJ and the Monitor by January 31, 2024. The City shall file
15 OIG's Use of Force Assessment with the court by February 29, 2024.

16 13. SPD shall develop a comprehensive plan for applying best-practice
17 methodological approaches to identifying racial disparities in use of force, crisis
18 intervention, and stops and detentions. (*See, e.g.*, 2022 Comprehensive Assessment at
19 74-80 (discussing racial disparities in use of force); *id.* at 133-44 (discussing disparities
20 across SPD's enforcement activities).) This plan shall include approaches for identifying
21 disparities caused by police activities and evidence-based strategies for mitigating those
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1 disparities.⁴ This plan shall be developed in collaboration with OIG, with technical
2 assistance by the Monitor and input from the CPC. The City shall file this plan with the
3 court by no later than December 15, 2023.

4 **D. Administrative Provisions**

5 14. SPD may request technical assistance from the Monitor, as needed, in
6 fulfilling the obligations set forth in this order. The Monitor may provide the requested
7 technical assistance as long as the requested assistance will not conflict with the
8 Monitor's duties under the Consent Decree and falls within the Monitor's budget.

9 15. The Monitor shall file a brief report with the court by March 29, 2024,
10 regarding the status of City's compliance with the tasks and timelines set forth above.
11 The Monitor shall provide a draft of this report to the Parties at least thirty days before
12 filing.

13 16. When the City has completed the work set forth in Paragraphs 1-15, above,
14 it shall file with the court a report demonstrating the status of its compliance with the
15 requirements of this order. The City may move the court at any time to terminate the
16 Consent Decree and dismiss this matter if it demonstrates, and the court finds by a
17 preponderance of the evidence, that the City has complied with the requirements of this
18 order. The Parties may also jointly ask the court to terminate the Consent Decree and
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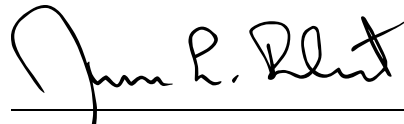
⁴ The court recognizes that it is important to acknowledge and understand the extent to
22 which disparities in policing arise from disparities upstream of police interactions. These
upstream disparities, however, call for whole-of-government intervention that is beyond the
scope of the City's obligations under the Consent Decree.

1 dismiss this matter at any time after the City has demonstrated, and the court has found,
2 compliance with the requirements of this order by a preponderance of the evidence.

3 17. One year from the filing date of this order, if this case has not yet been
4 dismissed, the Monitor shall a file a follow-up report regarding the status of the City's
5 compliance with the tasks and timelines set forth above. After reviewing the Monitor's
6 report, the court will hold a hearing to assess the status of the City's compliance with the
7 requirements of this order.

8 IT IS SO ORDERED.

9 Dated this 7th day of September, 2023.

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12 JAMES L. ROBART
13 United States District Judge
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