Baseline Assumptions

The baseline rate path represents the future cost of providing the current levels of service, plus meet firm regulatory requirements. Built into the baseline rate path are numerous assumptions about the revenue requirement and demand. Below is a list of many of these assumptions, most of which are technical in nature. The overall goal is to have a reasonable set of assumptions that are neither too conservative nor too stringent. Overly conservative assumptions can lead to setting rates higher than necessary while overly stringent assumptions can place SPU in a financial bind in future years.

Baseline Policy Assumptions

	Topic	Updated Baseline Assumptions	
		(from April 2014)	
1	Use of excess cash in Water Fund's Revenue	Assume current \$10M surplus in Revenue Stabilization Fund is used to	
	Stabilization Fund	buy down rates over 2015-2020. Place 2018 funds from the Cascade	
		Water Alliance in the Revenue Stabilization Fund.	
2	Low Income Rate Assistance participation	Double LIRA participation by 2018, per Mayoral directive.	
3	Solid waste financial policies; 2015 rate	Add new debt coverage financial policy; adjust 2015 and 2016 rates in	
	adjustment	2015.	
4	Risk placeholder	No change from baseline assumption of \$1.2M per year, which is	
		roughly 0.1% of SPU's annual revenue requirement.	

Updated Baseline Technical Assumptions that Differ from Baseline Paper Assumptions

NOTE: City Budget Office Staff, Council Central Staff, and SPU Staff all agree these assumptions are reasonable

Topic	Baseline Paper Assumptions (from February 2014)	Updated Baseline Assumptions (from April 2014)	Rate Impact
Retirement costs	1%/yr increase to total City contribution of 20.41% in 2020	Total City contribution 15.3% in 2015-16; 16.3% in 2017-2020	-
Retirement opt-out	No opt-out savings assumed	Assume savings of \$110k-\$189k per year plus one additional person every other year	-
Salary inflation	3.6% -3.9% per year	Lower salary inflation to 1.4% above COLA in 2015; 1.0% thereafter	-
CIP	\$1,132M over 6-year period	\$1,026M over 6-year period	-
Bond interest rates	5.25%-6.0%	Lower based on recent rates to 4.50%-5.75%	-
Water demand	Average 0.4% decrease per year	Update to average 0.2% decrease per year	-
Sewer demand	0.6%-1.2% decline per year	Update to 0.4%-0.8% decline per year	-
Solid waste demand	0.9% decline/year	Further declines due to NTS closure	+
Solid waste rate path calculation	Earlier rate path based on yearly calculation	Rate path calculation adjusted for mid-year (April) rate start date	+

Other Significant Technical Assumptions

Noted for Documentation Purposes; No Issues Raised by City Staff – Pending Updated Assumptions from CBO

Topic	Baseline Paper Assumptions and Final Baseline	
	Assumptions	
Health care inflation	7%/year	
Workers comp inflation	3%/year	
Professional services inflation	3%/year	
Charges from other City departments:	Yr 1 of biennium/Yr 2 of biennium:	
 General allocations 	■ 8%/4%	
■ FAS	■ 8%/5%	
 DoIT allocation 	12%/5 %	
DoIT billed	12%/7%	
Fleets – allocation & fuel	1 1%/7%	
Fleets – maintenance	11%/4%	
■ Fleets - other	11%/11%	
Other O&M inflation	2%/year	
Capital Project inflation	1.7%-3.5% per year	
Drainage demand	No change	
Bond refunding opportunities	Assume no opportunities	

Rate Path and Rate Spending Path for Each Line of Business

Line of Business	2015-2020 Average	2015-2020 Average
	Rate Path	Rate Spending Path
Water	3.6%	3.1%
Wastewater	3.9%	3.4%
Drainage	8.6%	8.5%
Solid Waste	4.1%	3.4%
Combined	4.6%	4.1%

^{*}Solid Waste bill path represents average increase assuming new rates are effective April 1 of each year