

Public Realm Working Group

Chinatown International District



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Seattle
Department of
Transportation

Presentation overview

- Define Public Realm
 - Great Street Examples
 - List of elements to consider in public realm plan
- Public Life Data Protocol
- Streets Illustrated
 - Street Types
 - Street design standards
- Special Review District
- Development Activity
- Discussion about public realm elements – baseline condition and opportunities.

Define Public Realm



Examples of Great Streets

- American Planning Association recognizes “great streets” based on:
 - Form and Composition
 - Character and Personality
 - Environment and Sustainable Practices



Portland, Maine (2014)

American Planning Association's **Great Streets**



Benjamin Franklin Parkway:
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (2013)



South Grand Boulevard: St. Louis, Missouri (2017)

American Planning Association's **Great Streets**



South 24th Street: Omaha, Nebraska (2016)



Back Bay: Boston, Massachusetts (2010)

American Planning Association's **Great Streets**



Duval Street: Key West, Florida (2012)



Gay Street: Knoxville, Tennessee (2012)

American Planning Association's **Great Streets**



State Street: Santa Barbara, California (2014)

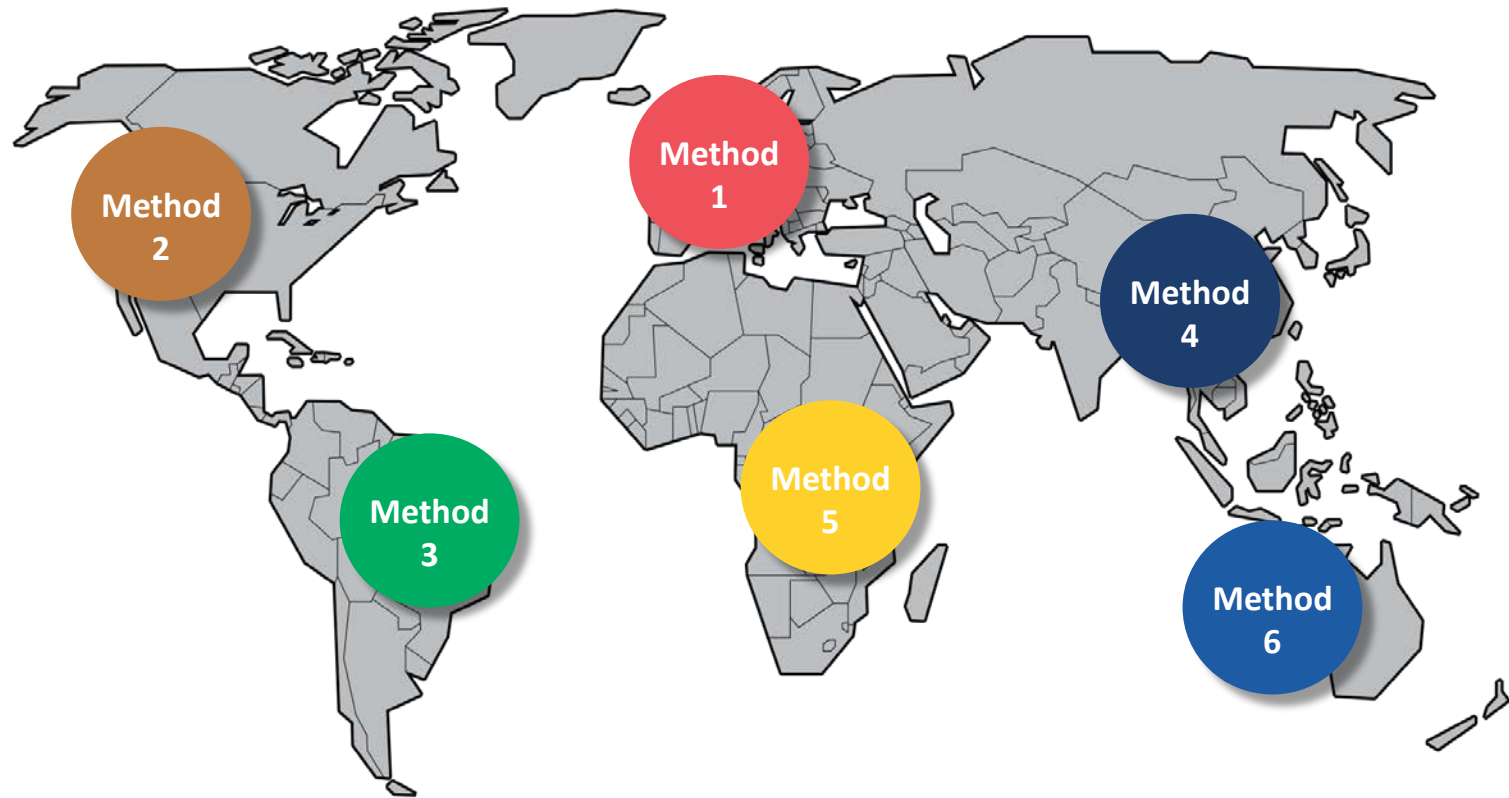


Pennsylvania Avenue: Washington, D.C.

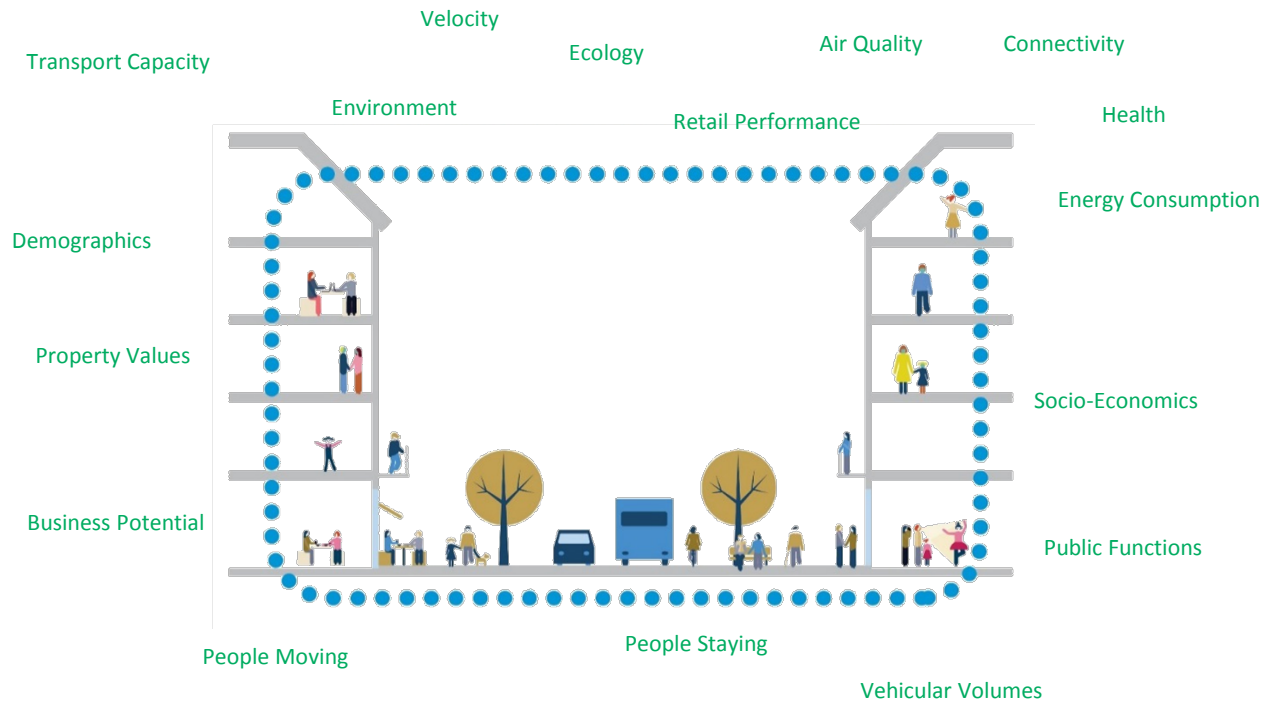
Elements that should be considered in CID public realm plan

- Condition of sidewalk (repair, material, design, width)
- Land use/building facades (active edges)
- Landscaping/street trees
- Pedestrian lighting
- Parks assessment
- Activation (sidewalk cafes, parklets, streateries, pavement to parks, festival streets, etc)
- Public art
- Seating
- Mobility
- Performance metrics
- Special Review District guidelines

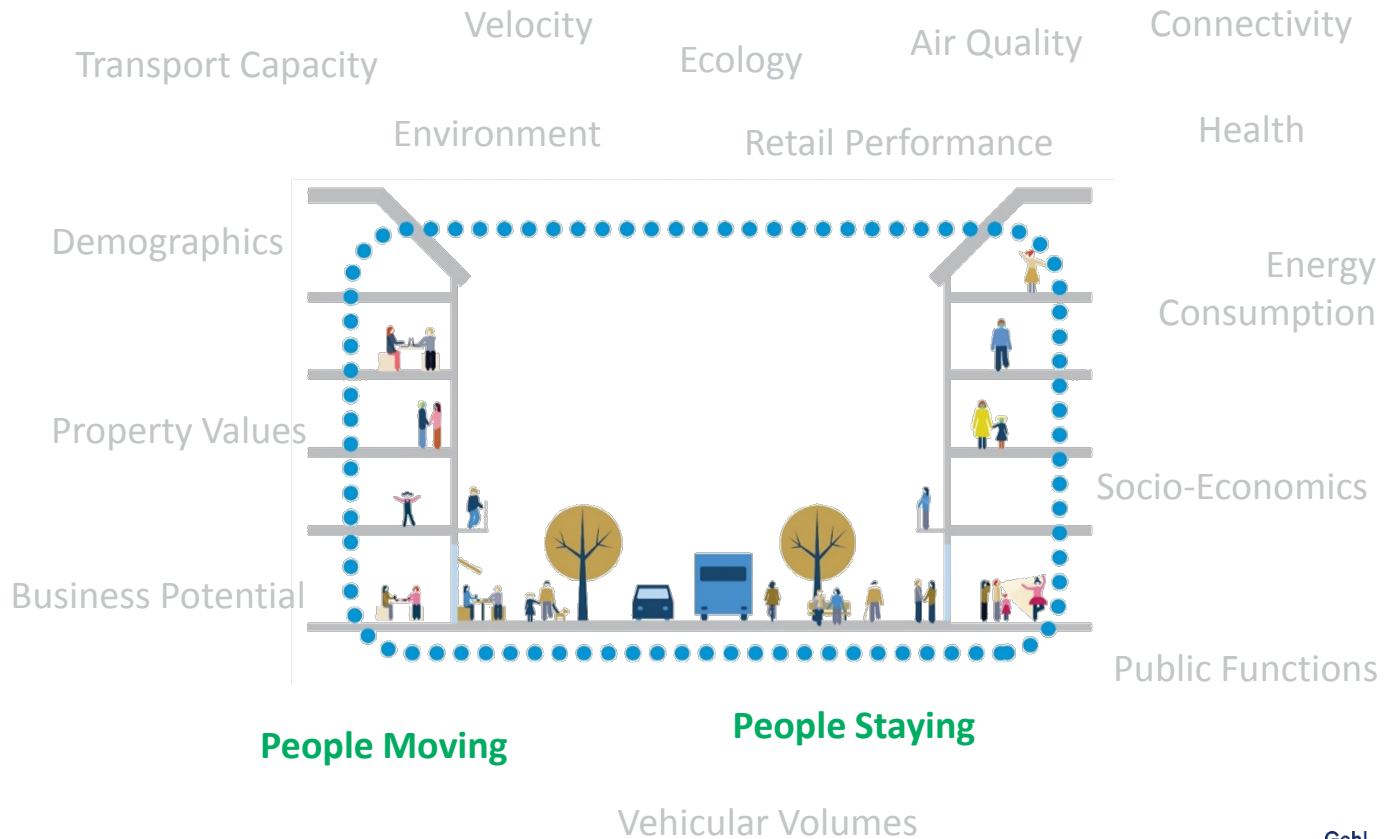
Public Life Data Protocol



Understanding “public life” requires the analysis of many different factors



The Protocol focuses on two pieces of the puzzle: people moving and people staying



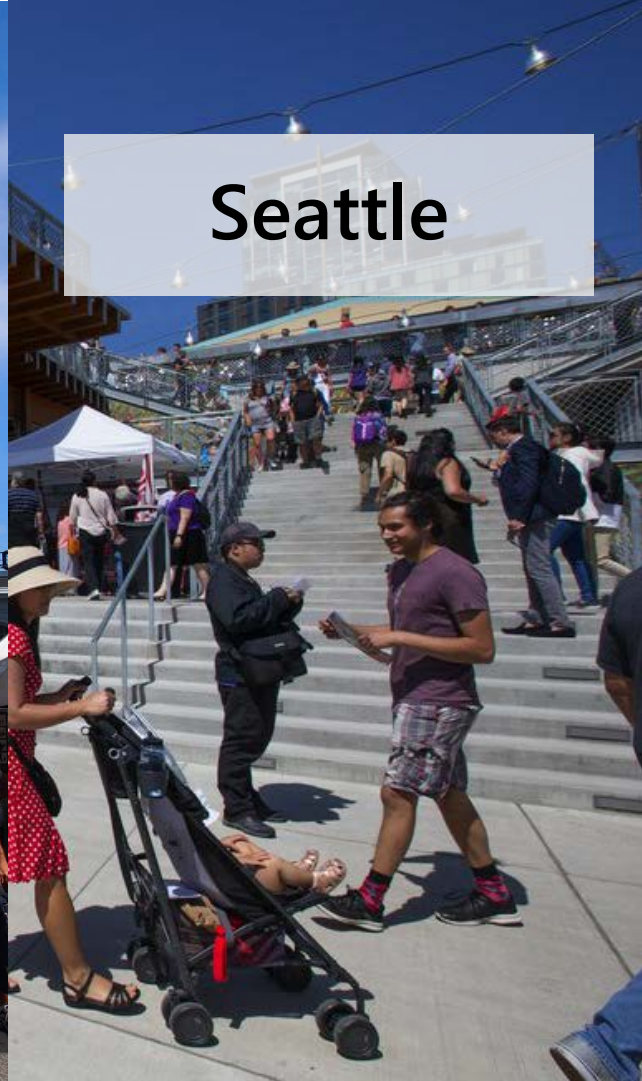
**Gehl Institute
Copenhagen**



San Francisco



Seattle



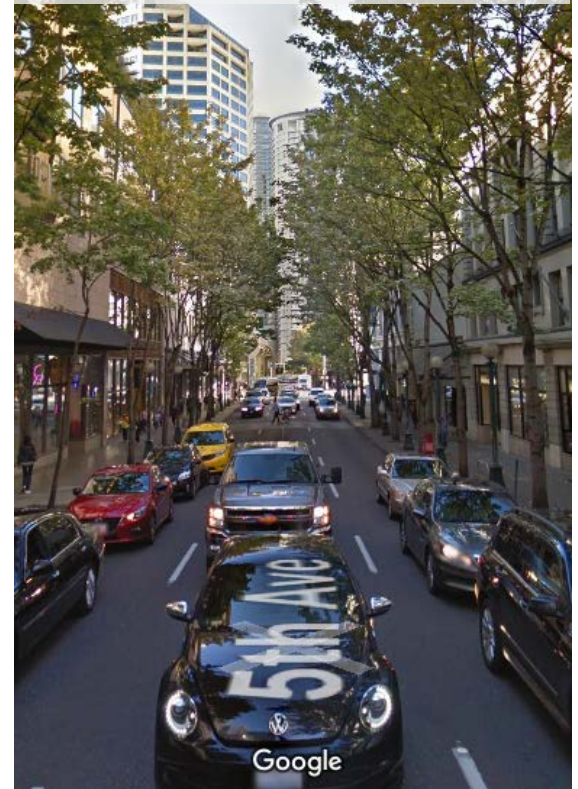
Age Friendly Design



Market to MOHAI



One Center City



Study Locations

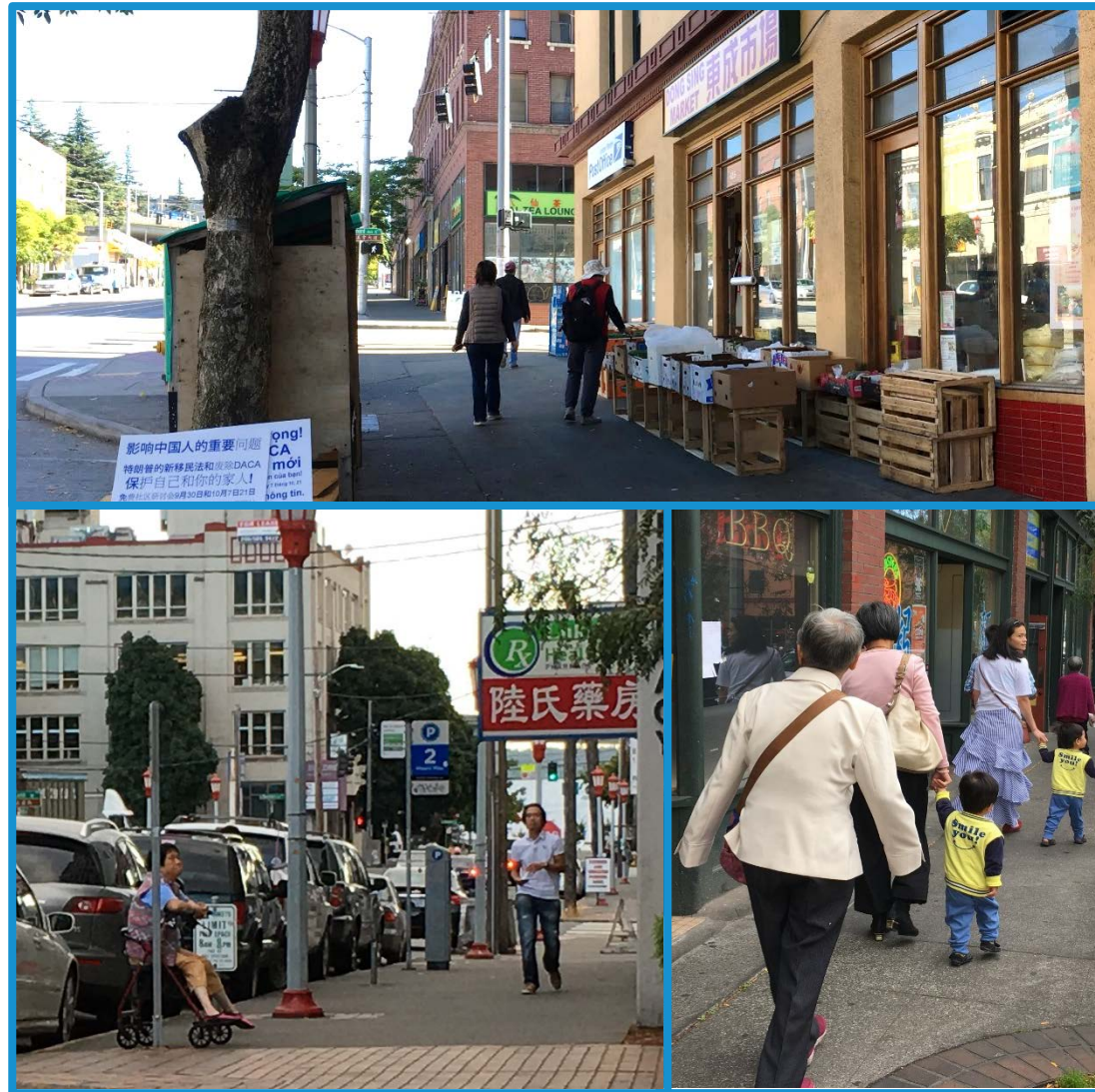
- Westlake (Mercer & Republican)
Westlake (Thomas & John)
Bell (2nd & 3rd)
Bell (3rd & 4th)
- 5th Ave (Pike & Pine)
3rd Ave (Pike & Union)
- S Jackson St (7th & 8th)
S Jackson st (6th & Maynard)
S Weller St (7th & 8th)
S Weller St (6th & Maynard)



CID Public Life Study Objectives

Study:

- Amount, type of activity
- How activity aligns with pedestrian infrastructure provided
- Relationship to retail activity/active uses



DIVERSITY OF AGES



15% of pedestrians
65+ years old



5% of pedestrians
<15 years old

FEW PLACES FOR STAYING



96% standing



1% using
assistance
devices

SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT



38% talking to others



44% of pedestrians travel in groups

RETAIL ENGAGEMENT

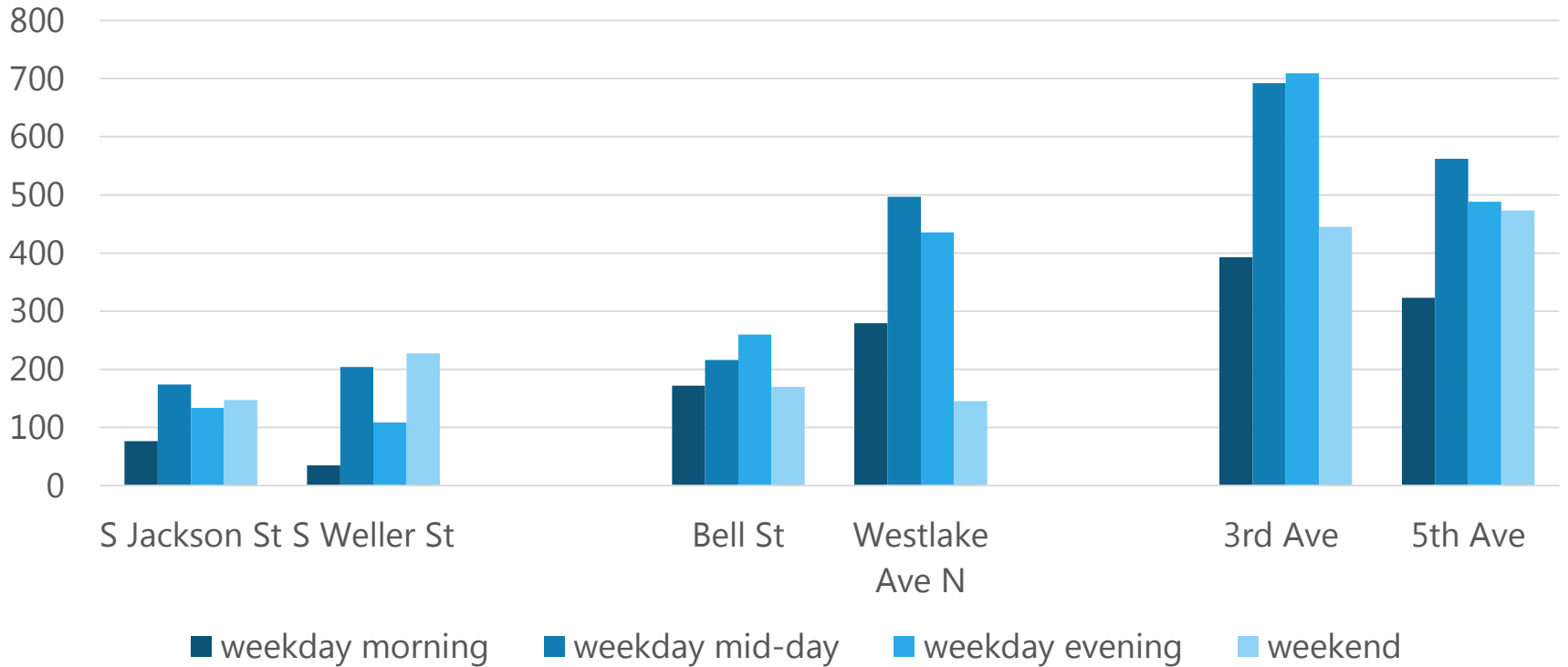


26% buying or window shopping



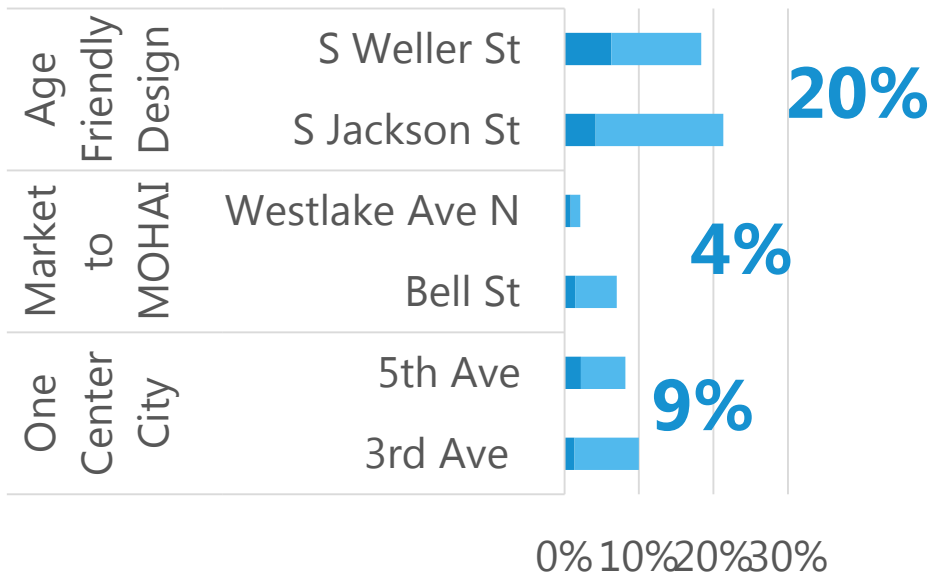
9% with shopping bag

Pedestrian counts at different times



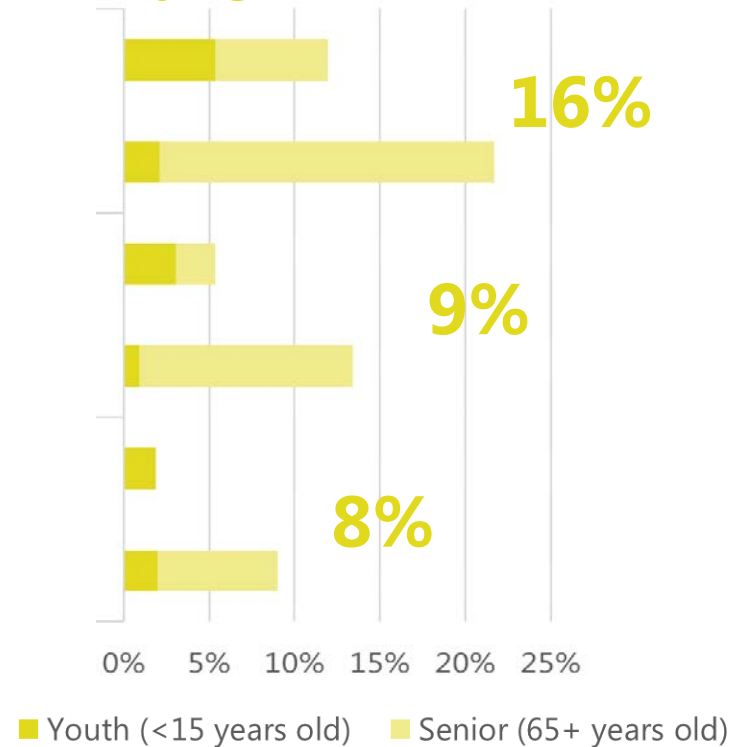
Indicator: age

pedestrian counts



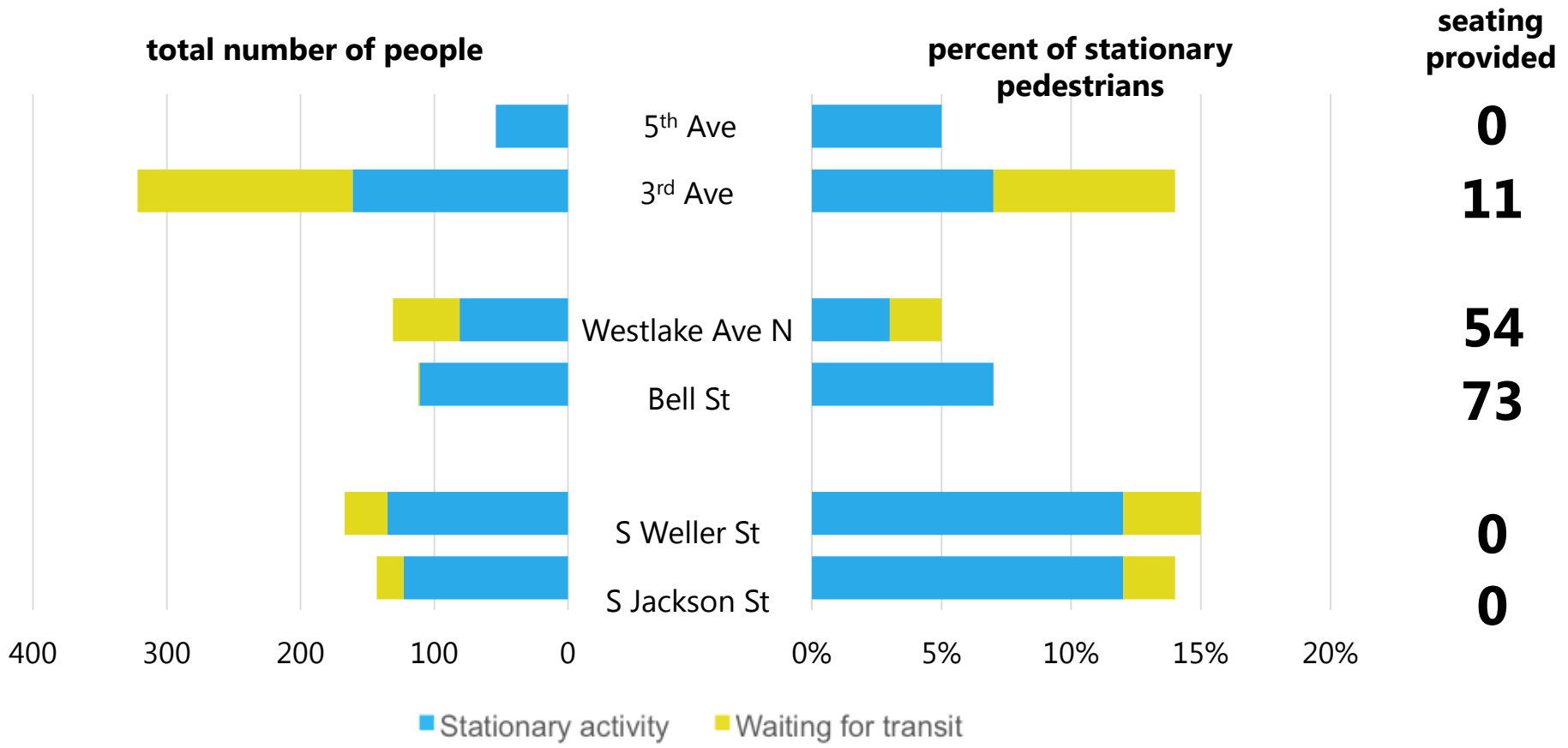
- Youth (<15 years old)
- Senior (65+ years old)

staying still counts

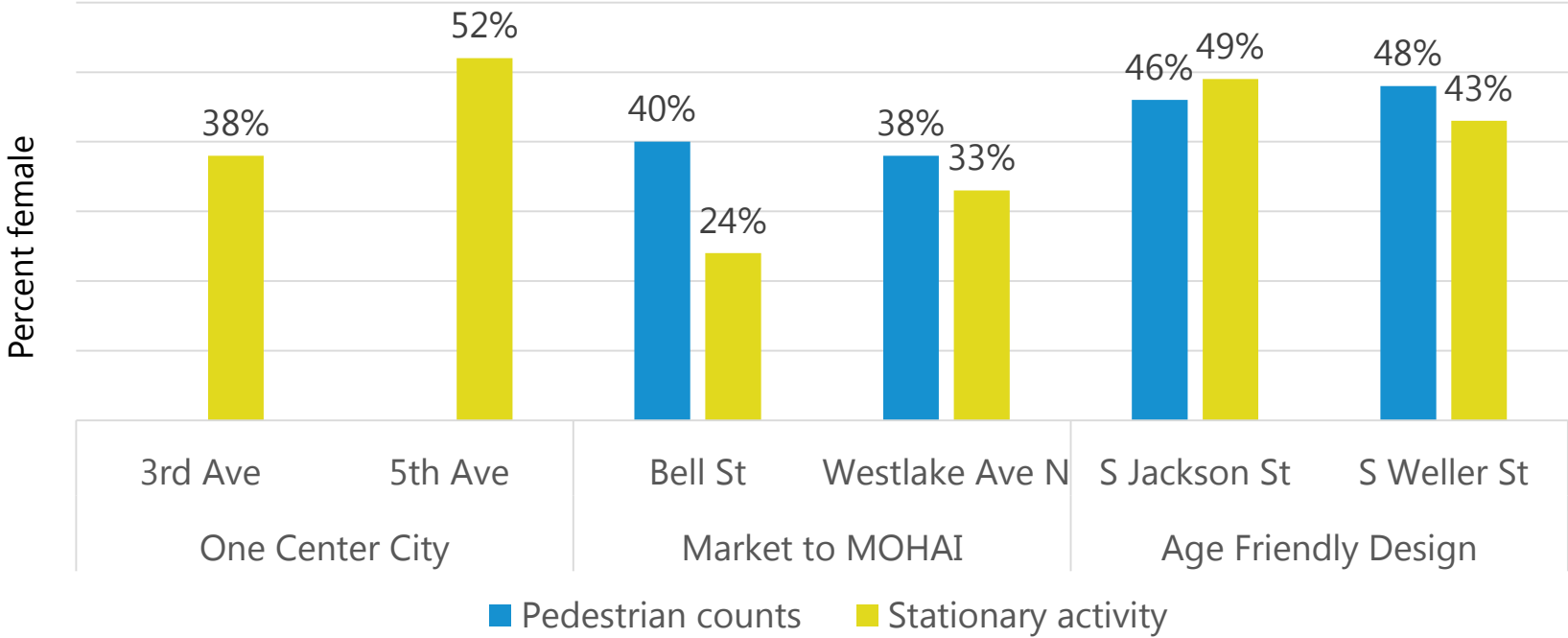


- Youth (<15 years old)
- Senior (65+ years old)

People staying still



Indicator: gender



SEATTLE STREETS ILLUSTRATED

Search: streets, curbs, bicycles, design...

The Right-of-Way Improvements Manual is an online resource to help property owners, developers, & architects involved with the design, permitting, & construction of Seattle's street right-of-way.

South Lake Union Streetcar

First launched in December of 2007, this 1.3 mile transit line connects South Lake Union with Downtown. Streetcars run every fifteen minutes, seven days a week.

Print the Manual

Select individual pages, chapters or the entire manual. >

View our Map

View the online Street Type map. >

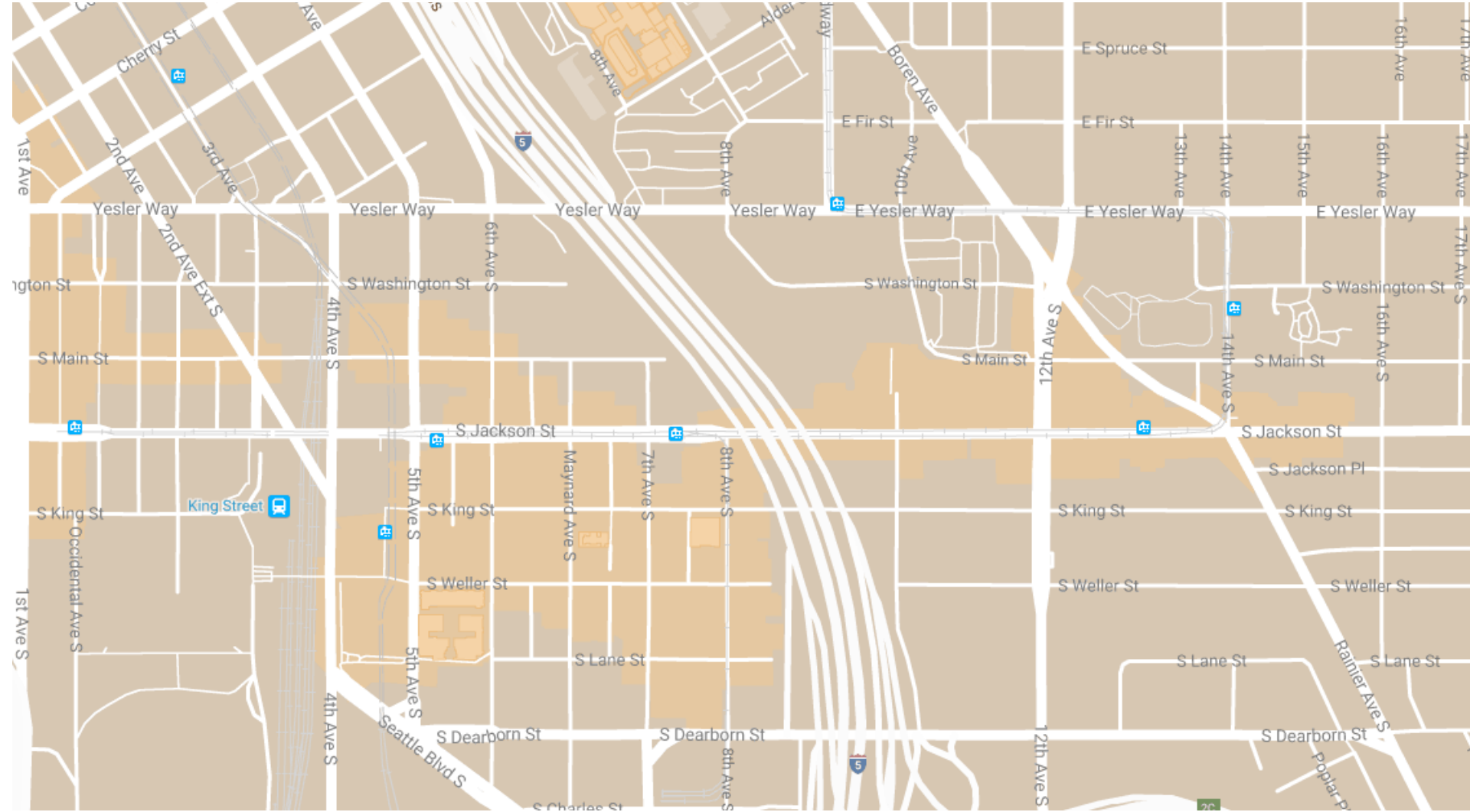
Getting Started

Learn about the purpose of this manual. >

Special Review District

- A. Reestablishing the District as a stable residential neighborhood with a mixture of housing types;
- B. Encouraging the use of street-level spaces for pedestrian-oriented retail specialty shops with colorful and interesting displays;
- C. Protecting the area and its periphery from the proliferation of parking lots and other automobile-oriented uses;
- D. Encouraging the rehabilitation of existing structures;
- E. Improving the visual and urban design relationships between existing and future buildings, parking garages, open spaces and public improvements within the International District;
- F. Exercising a reasonable degree of control over site development and the location of off-street parking and other automobile-oriented uses; and
- G. Discouraging traffic and parking resulting from athletic stadium events and commuters working outside the District.

Discussion



Questions?

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