Urban Design and Transportation Working Group Ballard Urban Design Framework

Meeting # 13: Zoning Direction & UDF Graphics

Agenda

4:00	Intro & Questions Recent activities	Tom and Catherine	
4:15	Zoning Ideas to Achieve UDaT Objectives	David	
4:45	Draft V2 of UDF	David & Aditi	
5:00	Review of Comments/Decision Agenda to Date	e David	
5:30	May 7 UDaT and Community Meeting	David	

5:30 Adjourn

Previous Zoning Discussions

15th at Market

- ✓ Neighborhood Commercial
- \checkmark Pedestrian Designation
- ✓ Promote Office on upper floors

56th Street-Level Uses

- ✓ Promote Small Commercial Spaces
- Drive-thru not appropriate
- ✓ Uses can vary

22nd & 24th Ave

22nd Ave

- ✓ Street level uses should be commercial from Market to intersection of 57th
- ✓ Upper stories can vary (restaurant?)
- ✓ Church appropriate at 58th
- ✓ Promote small commercial spaces
- ✓ 57th and 58th are residential east of 22nd intersection.

24th

- Small commercial spaces (RC designation) still appropriate. Commercial use allowed
- Commercial uses on north side of intersections

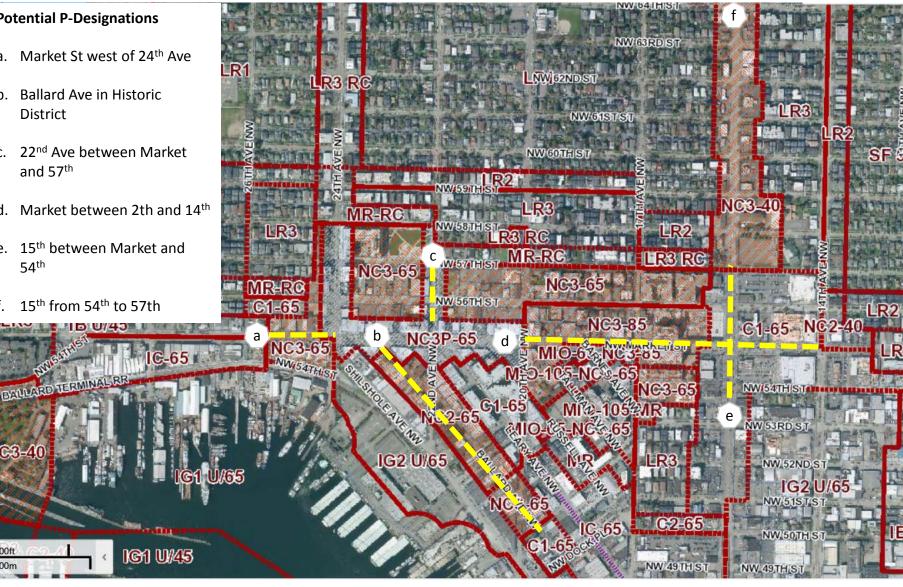


Previous Pedestrian Designation Discussion

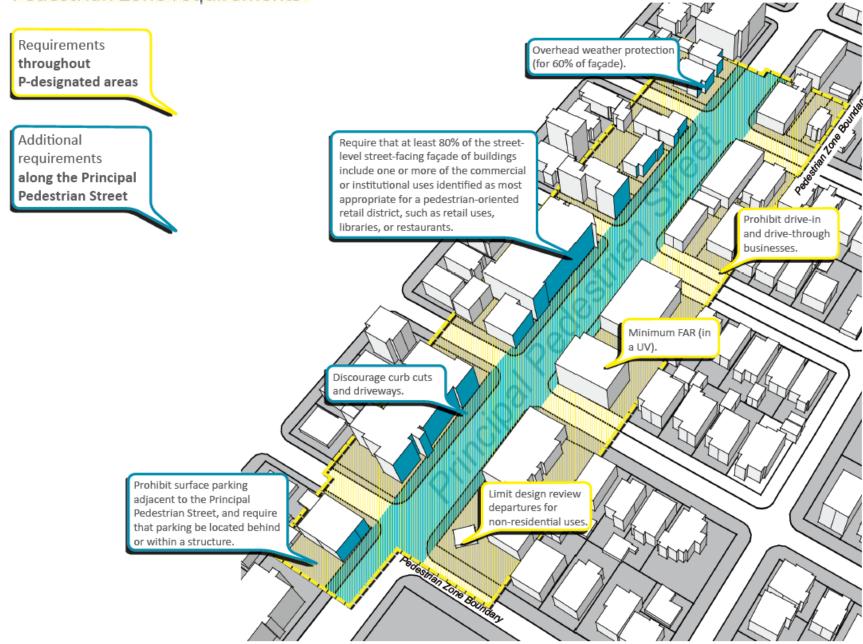
Existing zoning

Potential P-Designations

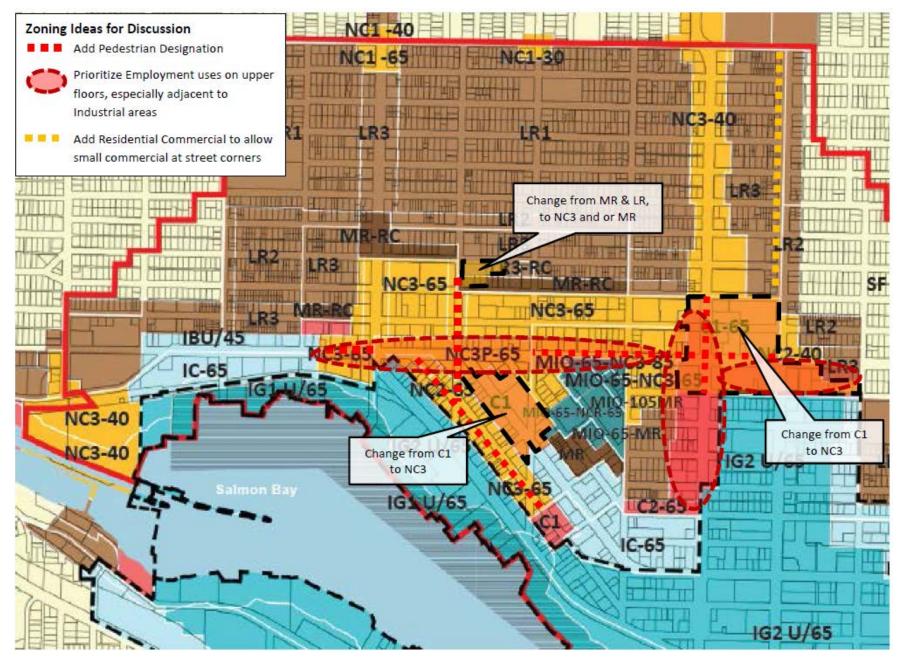
- a. Market St west of 24th Ave
- Ballard Ave in Historic b. District
- c. 22nd Ave between Market and 57th
- d. Market between 2th and 14th
- e. 15th between Market and 54th
- 15th from 54th to 57th f



Pedestrian Zone requirements



Initial Zoning Ideas to Implement nUDaT Direction



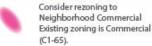
Overall Zoning Guidance

- Focuses on *intent* in order • to provide flexibility.
- Will engage with UDaT ۲ after UDF is complete and we develop zoning legislation.

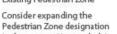


Overall Zoning Guidance

1. Zoning



(C1-65). Existing Pedestrian Zone



Pedestrian Zone designation in these areas. New underlying zone is typically Neighborhood Commercial (NC).

2. Overall Uses

Encourage employment generating office uses on upper floors in this area by allowing single-purpose development to achieve the highest level of FAR available in the zone and height limit.

3. Street Level Uses

Prioritize commercial uses on the street level.

Prioritize retail on key corners through a Residential Commercial (RC) zone designation.

- Discourage departures from street level residential development standards. Consider prohibiting livework.
- Prioritize residential uses on the street level. Discourage departures from street level residential development standards.

Consider revisions to IC within Ballard to favor industrial and manufacturing uses on ground floors in order to preserve opportunities for uses that require delivery and other streetrelated operations.

Urban Design Guidance

- Focuses on *the desired qualities* of spaces.
- And the roles of buildings and streetscape & open space.

Streetscape and Open Space Guidance

Neighborhood Hearts

These are the centers of public activity in the neighborhood. Open space and streetscape improvements should create better connections between these neighborhood hearts

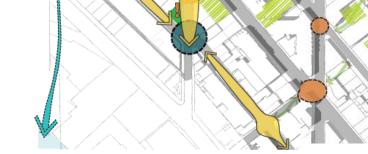


Gateways

These are major gateways into the Ballard neighborhood. Streetscape improvements and open spaces should lend character and identity to these gateways.



Ballard Ave and 22nd Ave NW connect important community amenities and attractions. People come together on these streets for a variety of neighborhood festivals and events. These streets should be designated as "festival streets" and street design concept plans should be developed to guide future development. Raised streets, play streets, traffic calming, changes in paving, utilities for markets, street furniture and landscaping should be considered.



Green Street

NW 56th St. should transform into a "Green Street" that supports a guieter, neighborhood-oriented corollary to the very public Market St. It should be a street where a couple can stroll and a parent can let go of her child's hand. More than Market St., standards should encourage new development to incorporate periodic setbacks. such as at the Greenfire, to accommodate more substantial landscaping and outdoor seating. Drive-through businesses should not be allowed, and parking lots should be minimized and well-landscaped.

Improve use of existing **Open Spaces**

The use of existing plazas and open spaces can be improved. In the Commercial Core, active street cafes and restaurants should frame the edges of existing open spaces. Open spaces programming should accommodate a range of age groups. A children's playground is recommended in Ballard Commons. Where possible, pedestrian routes should pass through plazas rather than around them. New development should be guided to provide these connections.



area.

Gateway Streetscape Gateway design elements such as lighting, landscaping, setbacks, street level uses and

paving materials should extend into this

Pedestrian Paths

Where possible, pedestrian-friendly paths can improve connectivity through Ballard's long blocks.

Intersections

Traffic calming interventions such as curb bulbs can improve pedestrian safety while maintaining vehicle access and creating space for landscaping at these key intersections. In some locations, excess right of way may be reallocated to serve the community as an open space amenity, while better

meeting circulation needs.

spaces, such a P-patches.

Private Open Spaces Open spaces provided in large developments should contribute to the public life of the community where possible. The location of patios, entrance courtyards and balconies should provide a visual or physical connection to the street. Rooftops should be designed as a green roof or as amenity

Connection to the Waterfront

Ballard residents have long-desired more access to Salmon Bay. This should occur with careful attention to supporting ongoing maritime uses, and the type of vehicles and operations associated with industrial, maritime businesses.



Urban Design Guidance - Character Core

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS **Character Core - Buildings** Strong edge/Cornice element Changing materials to reduce Encourage a strong horizontal capping perceived bulk is strongly element to define the building's extent discouraged. and add visual interest and definition at the upper level Respond to site location The arrangement of uses should respond to Strong horizontal base the location on the block, for e.g. entrances Structural elements should be Encourage a strong horizontal base through on prominent corners and framing key the use of horizontal design elements. pedestrian routes with active uses expressed on the facade. 2 massing, store-front design elements and upper level setbacks Street-level design Attention should be drawn to entrances. Doors can be set back from the facade but Cues from adjoining structures deep window reveals should be avoided. A Structures should take cues from variety in awnings, signage and a high level adjoining buildings while setting out Establish human-scale of transparency is encouraged. Consider the facade and massing. Details on the first 30' of the facade to developing shopfront design guidelines. establish scale and interest and respond to the speed at which people walk. For e.g., density of shop fronts, variety in signage, facade relief details and vertical facade articulation create a human scale of onclosure Streets and spaces in the Character Core have a sense of enclosure and framing. New structures should be built to the lot line to continue this character.

1. Development Regulations

Maximum structure width: Consider a maximum structure width of 150:

2

Upper-level separation: After the first 3 floors (~35'), consider requiring an upper-level separation between structures adjacent to the same eastwest street. (Another way to think of this is maximum floor plate size.)

(3) Upper-level setbacks: Consider requiring upper-level set backs along east-west streets for structures exceeding 65' in height. The primary facade's height should respond to the street's scale and function and should be between 35' and 45'.

4

5

Office uses: Prioritize employment uses above street level commercial uses in the Character Core. Consider allowing single-purpose buildings to achieve the highest allowable FAR.

Preserve existing character: Explore incentives to preserve older buildings in the character core (but outside the Ballard Ave Landmark District) that meet certain criteria. Pedestrian Zone: Consider extending the pedestrian zone

designation as per Map XX on Page XX.

2. Design Guidance

Refer to the call-out boxes for design guidance recommendations for the Character Core

3. Materials

Scale and Context: Materials should reflect the larger scale of buildings. Development should reinforce the historic character of restrained use of high quality materials. Changing materials to reduce perceived bulk is strongly discouraged. Brick and stone masonry are preferred for the first 30-40 feet. Metal and other industrial finishes can be used to complement traditional materials or create interesting contrast. Building form, structure, function and material should be integrated.

Sense of permanence: The choice of materials should convey a sense of structural permanence. Design details should reinforce this quality, for example, upper level windows can be set deep into the reveal or structural elements can be expressed in the facade.

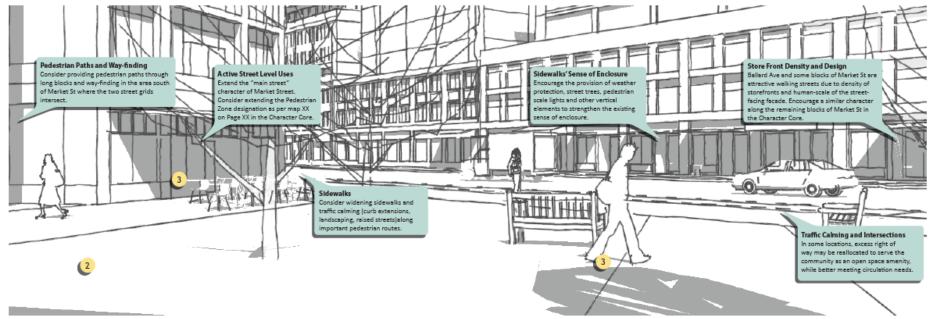
Clear design approach: In the character core, new structures should pursue one dear design approach while responding to existing structures. Example approaches include restoration, replication, complementary additions, differential contrast and assertive contrast.

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Urban Design Guidance - Character Core

Character Core - Streetscape and Open Space

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS



1. Streetscape

Refer to the call-out boxes for streetscape recommendations for the Character Core

2. Open Space

Festival Streets Consider designating 22nd Ave NW and Ballard Ave as "Festival Streets" (see map on Page XX for extents). Create a street concept plan for 22nd Ave NW.

2

(1

Waterfront

Work with the community and City agencies on more access to Salmon Bay. This should occur with careful attention to supporting ongoing maritime uses, and the type of vehicles and operations associated with industrial, maritime businesses.

3

Better Integrate existing open space into daily life

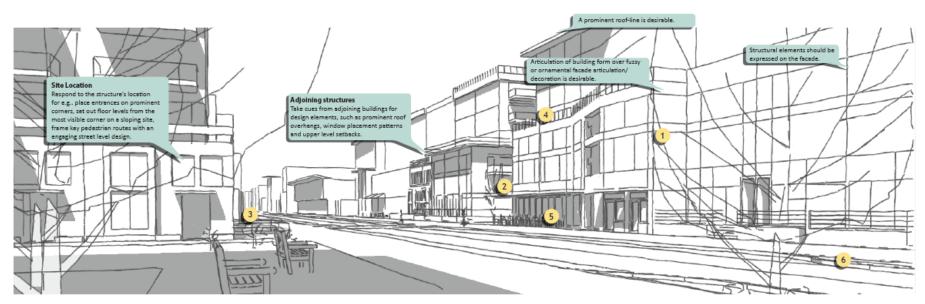
Better integrate existing open space into daily life by encouraging activity generating uses around existing open space, and orienting buildings so that entrances and private open spaces create a physical or visual connection with existing open spaces.



Urban Design Guidance – Civic Core

Civic Core - Buildings

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS



1. Development Regulations

Maximum structure width: Consider a maximum structure width of 150'.

2 Separation

Consider requiring a 30' separation between structures adjacent to the same east-west street.

3

Setbacks

Consider requiring setbacks for part of the frontage along east-west streets. Encourage active uses, landscaping and residential entrances in setbacks.

etba

Upper level setbacks Consider upper level setbacks at 35' along east-west streets for structures exceeding 65'in height.

4

5

Street level uses Encourage clearly residential or commercial street level uses in the Civic Core with associated ground-related development standards. Discourage departures from ground related residential development standards. Encourage smaller and more affordable retail spaces to maintain a diversity in services and stores.

6

Surface parking and drivethroughs

Consider prohibiting street facing surface parking and drive-through businesses on NW 56th Sto minimize the number of curb cuts on a highlyused pedestrian route. Where possible parking and service access should be from an alley or a side street.

7

Sustainable buildings Encourage sustainable building practices in the Civic Core. For example, green stormwater infrastructure and green roofs.

2. Design Guidance

Refer to the call-out boxes for design guidance recommendations for the Civic Core

3. Materials

Clean, modern, industrial materials such as metal, wood glass and brick are desirable in the Civic Core. Energy saving and advanced technology and materials are encouraged. Bold colors and volumes as expressed in the Ballard Library and Greenfire buildings are encouraged. Residential-scale materials such as vinyl siding should be avoided on larger buildings. The structure's form and materials should respond to each other and changes in material should accompany a real change in form or plane. Changing materials to reduce perceived bulk is strongly discouraged.

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Urban Design Guidance – Civic Core

Civic Core - Streetscape and Open Space

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS



1. Streetscape



Festival streets

Ballard Ave and 22nd Ave NW connect important community amenities, gateways and attractions. People come together on these streets for a variety of neighborhood festivals. Consider designating these as "festival streets" with street design concept plans to guide future development to better meet the community's needs of these streets. Raised streets, changes in paving. utilities for markets, street furniture and landscaping should be considered.

2

Woonerf or shared street NW 56th St is a low traffic-volume street. Two iconic neighborhood structures - the Ballard Library and the

Greenfire Campus are on NW 56th St. Through undulating street frontages that create alternating pockets or "side rooms" of activity and landscaping these buildings establish a dynamic and human relationship with the street. NW 56th St is recommended to be designated as a neighborhood green street with a street design concept plan to guide future development to strengthen this character effectively creating a linear park-like shared street.

3

Traffic Calming Landscaped curb extensions are desired along sections of the sidewalk along major pedestrian routes and at intersections (NW 56th St and 57th St)

4

Pedestrian pathways The ease of walking in the Civic Core should be improved by providing pedestrian paths through long blocks.

5

Relationship of building to the street

In the Civic Core, buildings should be set back for some portion of their east-west facade to form 'side rooms' or "eddies" of activity. Setbacks can be used for active street level uses such as outdoor dining or seating. If street level residential uses are provided, they should be setback or raised from the sidewalk. Visually distinguishable individual residential unit entries should be provided. Design elements in setbacks along residential units (e.g. hedges, paving changes, stoops, porches) should be used to indicate the transition from public (sidewalk)to private (dwelling),

6

Street Level Uses A balance between commercial and residential street level uses with appropriate development standards is desired. Where retail spaces are provided at the sidewalk level, smaller and more affordable spaces with a high degree of shop front transparency are desired. Visually distinguishable individual residential unit entries should be provided to create an engaging street edge.

7

Sense of Enclosure In the Civic Core, desirable streets 2. Open Space

sections and public spaces are defined

by an undulating and playful boundary

interesting building forms, active uses,

that is defined by landscaping.

walls and projecting flat roofs.

Curb cuts on NW 56th St should be

prohibited to minimize pedestrian-

parking and service access should be

vehicle conflicts. Where possible

through alleys and side streets.

6

Curb Cuts

Refer to the call-out boxes for open space recommendations for the Civic Core

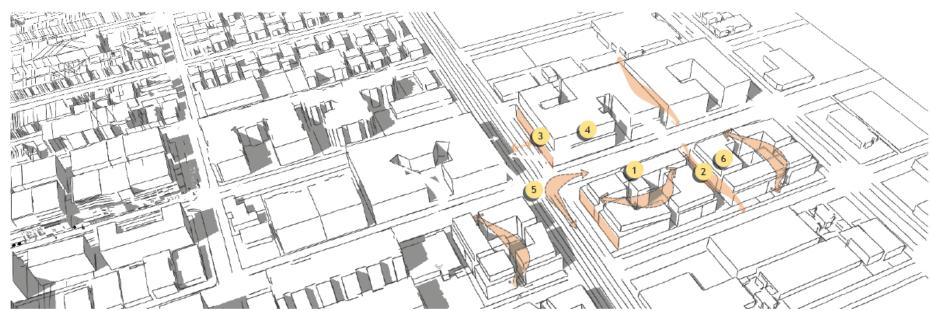
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Urban Design Guidance – Commercial Center

Commercial Center

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS



1. Development Regulations

Maximum Structure Width Consider a maximum structure width of 150'.

2

Separation

Consider requiring a 30' separation between structures adjacent to the same east-west street.

3

Setbacks

Consider requiring setbacks along major arterials. Encourage the provision of active uses and landscaping in these setbacks.

Upper level setbacks Consider requiring upper level setbacks at 45'.

5

(4

Weekly goods and services Community-wide Commercial Center meets the weekly and monthly needs for goods and services. Encourage urban format grocery stores, pharmacies and similar uses on the street level with compatible active uses along the sidewalk, for e.g. cafes; restaurants, shoe repair etc. Encourage activity-generating uses on comer locations.

6

Office uses Prioritize employment uses a above street level commercial uses. Consider allowing single-purpose buildings to achieve the highest allowable FAR.

2. Sense of Place

Consider guiding principles to create a sense of place at the intersection of 15th Ave NW and NW Market St through an integrated building design, streetscape and landscaping strategy.

- Generous pedestrian amenities at transit stops;
- Encourage a mix of uses that will ensure activity through the evening and weekends;
- Create a landscaped buffer

- between pedestrians and traffic; Design buildings to respond to location through the placement of
- Encourage structures to engage with major arterials at the street
- Vertification of the street level.
 Consider courtyards or plazas
- with seating and landscaping to establish a human scale context for
- the structure and its occupants. The presence of high traffic volumes creates a challenging walking environment. Consider through-block pedestrian pathways with some active uses to connect local destinations as well as provide an opportunity for exercise and relaxation for building occupants.



Urban Design Guidance – Commercial Mixed

Commercial Mixed

4. CHARACTER AREA RECOMMENDATIONS



1. Development Regulations



Active corner uses

Consider encouraging small pedestrian oriented retail on certain key corners along 15th Ave NW and 14th Ave NW providing low intensity commercial uses. Where possible, locate these amenities dose to existing or future bus stop locations or pedestrian crosswalks across 14th Ave NW and 15th Ave NW.

2

Curb cuts Minimize points at which driveways cross sidewalks on 15th Ave. NW. Consider shared access, providing access from side streets. Limit impacts to adjacent residential zoned sites.

3

Better sidewalks and more

landscaping Consider wider sidewalks and a strong vertical element separating pedestrians and traffic on 15th Ave. NW. This could be through landscaping, art or other street furniture.

4

Pedestrian and bicycle crossings Where possible, improve intersections for pedestrians and cydists.

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Comments to Date

Parking Management

- Organization
- Structures
- 56th restricting parking lots to enhance the pedestrian experience? Role vis-a-vis creating pedestrian environment on Market Street.
- Transportation increase focus in UDF
 - All Modes
 - Light Rail Station Location Preference for western location

Office Development - Is there support for more office development (like proposed for 1th & Market to increase jobs? – pg 22

Entertainment Hub

Market Street

- Emphasize strategies to maintain Market Street as a landmark street
- Prevent a wall of 6 to 7 story apartments and condominiums

Review guiding principles p 3

St. Lukes - Can we provide clearer direction on St' Lukes? p 38

Residences / Housing

- What about subdivisions in area north of 58th?
- Affordable housing for families and seniors

Open Space / Parks

- Where will we include more direction on open space responding to Groundswell NW report?
- Character of 57th more green and open space p 30
- How can public spaces be created along 15th? P 42

Pedestrian Zone Designation

Development Standards

- Drive-ways may not cross the sidewalk unless it's the only means of access
- Parking areas must be located to the rear, or within the building
- Drive-in lanes are prohibited
- Within urban centers or villages, or Station Area Overlay Districts, require a minimum size (floor area ratio) for new development

New Standards / Proposed Changes:

- Broader range of uses at the street level to help reduce vacancies and provide a variety of shops and services (office uses)
- Eliminate waivers to parking requirements for street-level uses required by pedestrian zones (use existing parking requirements)
- Overhead weather protection
- In live-work units, require the work area to front the street & be min 15' deep
- Transparent areas must allow views into and out of the structure

Pedestrian Zone Designation

Allowed uses at street level

- General sales and services
- Major durables retail sales
- Eating and drinking
- Lodging Theaters & spectator sports
- Indoor sports and recreation
- Medical services
- Rail transit facilities
- Museum
- Community club or centers
- Religious facility
- Library
- Schools
- Parks, open space
- Arts facilities (in Pike/Pine)
- Automotive retail sales and service (in an existing structure in Pike/Pine)

Proposed added uses

- Community garden
- Food processing and craft work
- Offices ((limiting the width of the frontage along the main street) to ensure that larger, less active, office spaces do not dominate the street frontage)
- Sales & Services, heavy (eg. Office and rest supplies, medical labs, banks etc)
- Adult care center
- Childcare center
- College / University
- Family support center
- Institute for advanced study
- Private club
- School, vocational or fine arts
- Arts facility

Prohibited uses at street level

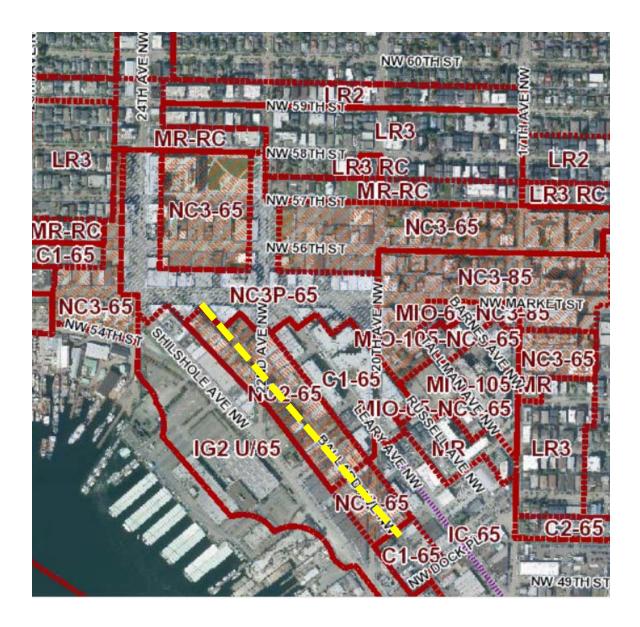
- Residential use and live-work (limited to 20% of frontage)
- Gas stations and other businesses with drive-in lanes (prohibited anywhere in a Pedestrian zone)
- Surface parking (prohibited as the principal use anywhere in a Pedestrian zone)
- Hospitals, major institutions,
- R & D labs,
- agricultural uses (except community gardens),
- heavy commercial sales and services,
- entertainment uses (except sports and rec, theatres and spectator sports)

A. Market West of 24th Ave Existing Zoning



NC3 P65 Larger pedestrianoriented shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses; use restrictions

B. Ballard Ave Existing Zoning



NC2 65 Moderate

(commercial) density shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail

C. 22nd Ave Existing Zoning



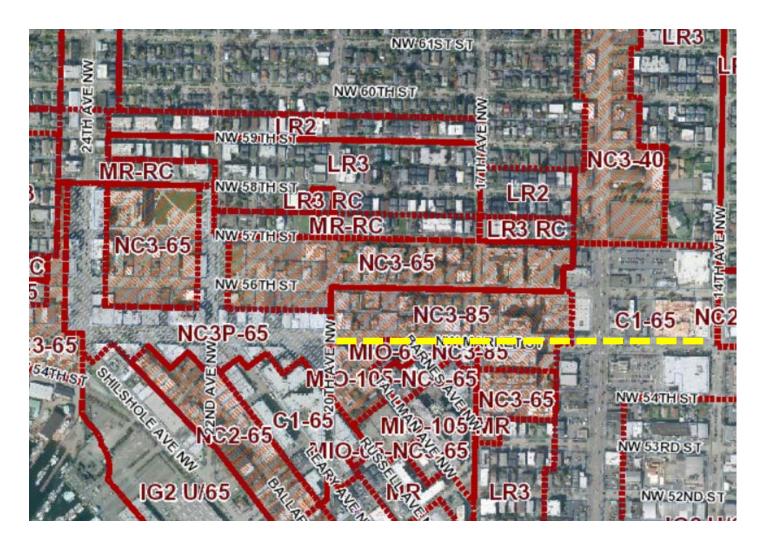
NC3 65 Larger shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses

MR Midrise apartment buildings without density limit, only FAR limit; 65-85'

LR3 3-story lowrise apartment buildings or townhouses with a density limit, FAR and lot coverage limit

RC Street level low intensity shops and services to neighborhood while preserving residential character

D. Market East of 20th Existing Zoning



NC3 65 Larger shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses

D. Market East of 20th Existing Zoning



NC3 65 Larger shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses

C1 65: Auto-oriented, primarily retail/service commercial area serving surrounding neighborhoods as well as a citywide or regional clientele

NC1-40; NC2-40





NC1-40; NC1-65





NC3 P -65



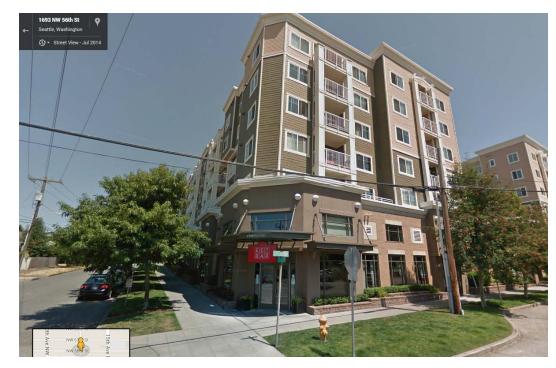






NC3 -65





NC3-85



