

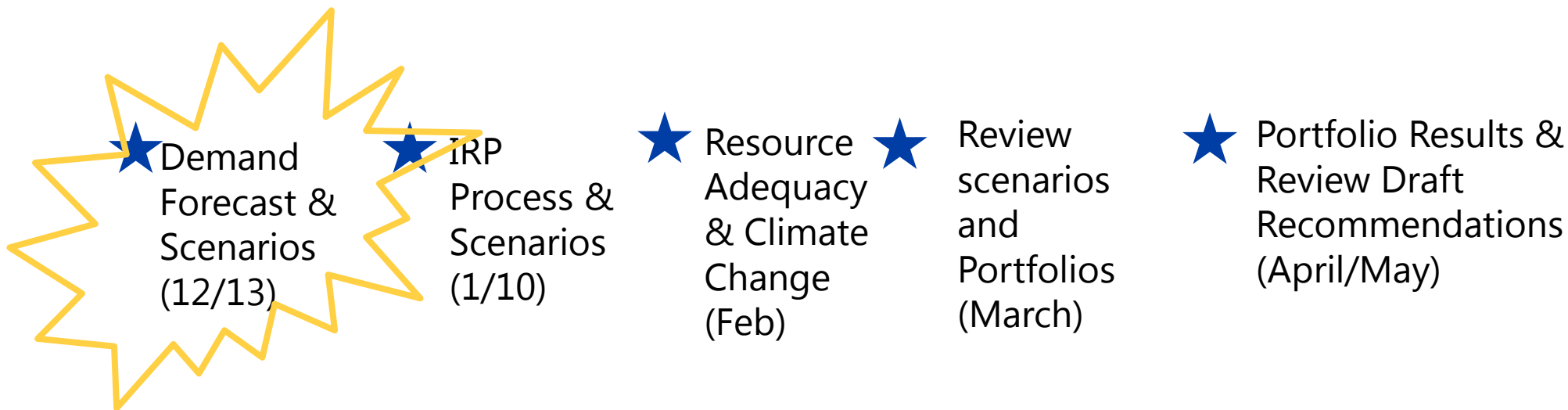
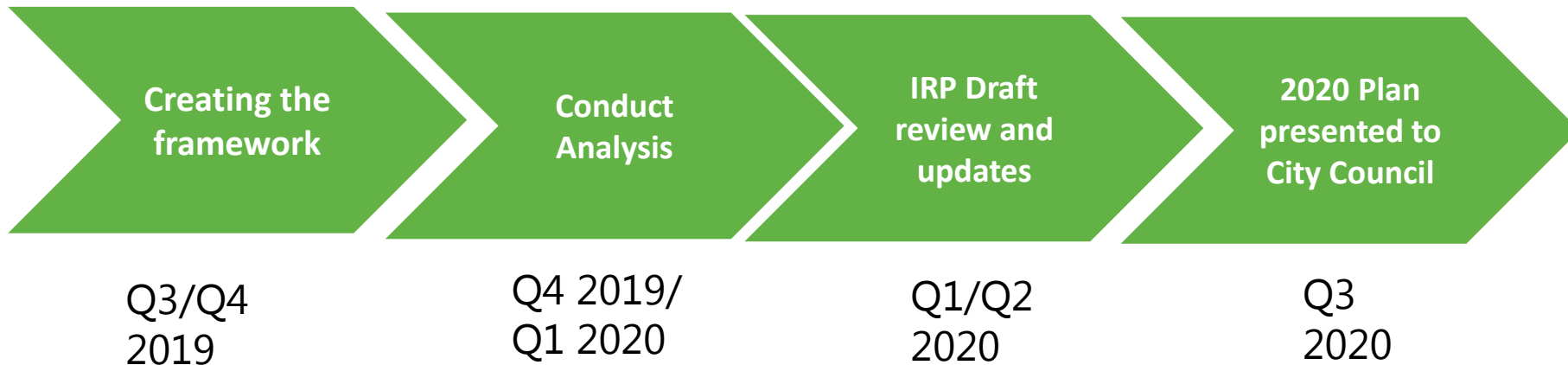


Seattle City Light



CITY LIGHT 2020 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN: DEMAND FORECAST DEEP-DIVE & SCENARIO DISCUSSION

HIGH-LEVEL INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN TIMELINE



GOALS OF DEEP DIVE

1

Understand the Baseline Demand Forecast

- Methodology overview
- Walkthrough baseline forecast results

2

Discussion on scenario planning

- What alternative futures to consider
- Crafting demand scenarios with some illustrative examples
- How to prioritize future development work



Methodology Overview

Why did we move from econometric to end-use based demand forecasting?

End-Use Forecast

Residential & Commercial delivered sales that includes: economic drivers, stock turnover, codes & standard and naturally occurring efficiency



Adjustments

Industrial, electric vehicles, distributed generation & large transit electrification but no programmatic efficiency



Losses + Own Use

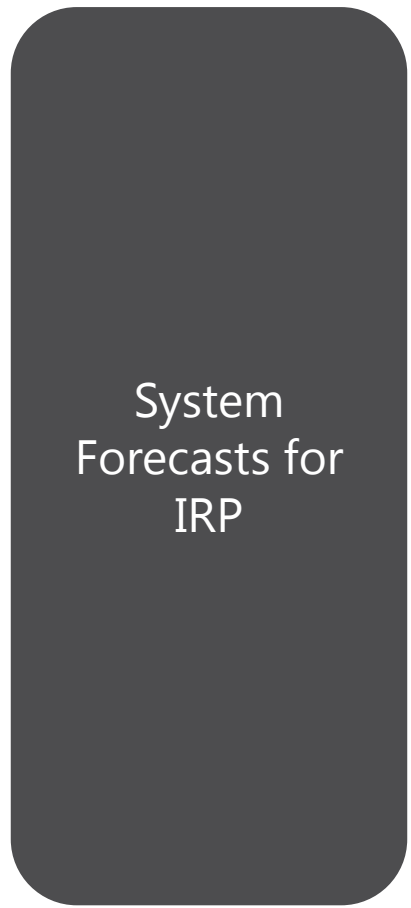
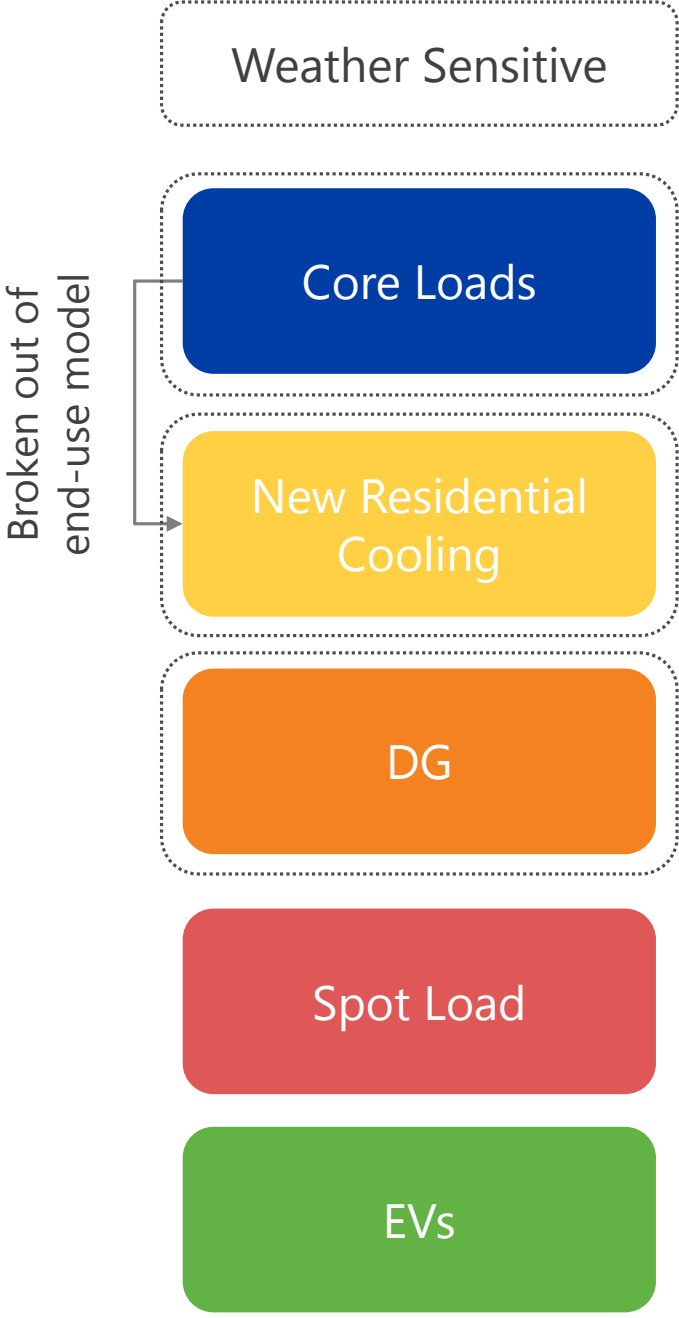
Gross up from energy delivered at the meter to delivered at the system



System forecast for IRP

Annual system load which requires additional shaping

SHAPING ANNUAL TO HOURLY



DEMAND FORECAST DEVELOPMENT WORK

1

Leverage more City Light specific data to better calibrate end-use model

2

Reflect new state and city legislation

3

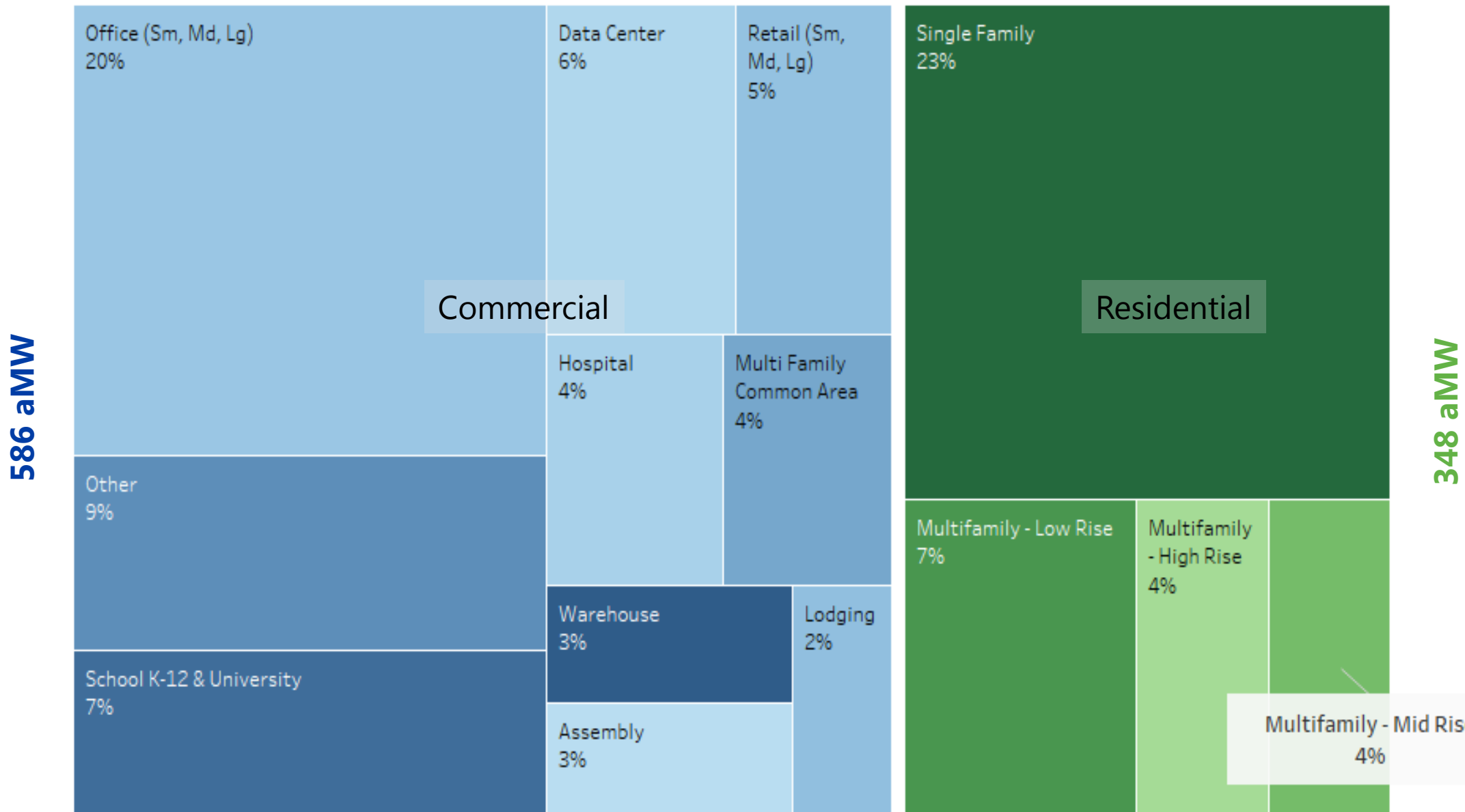
Incorporate load shape impacts from changes in end-use saturations



Baseline Forecast

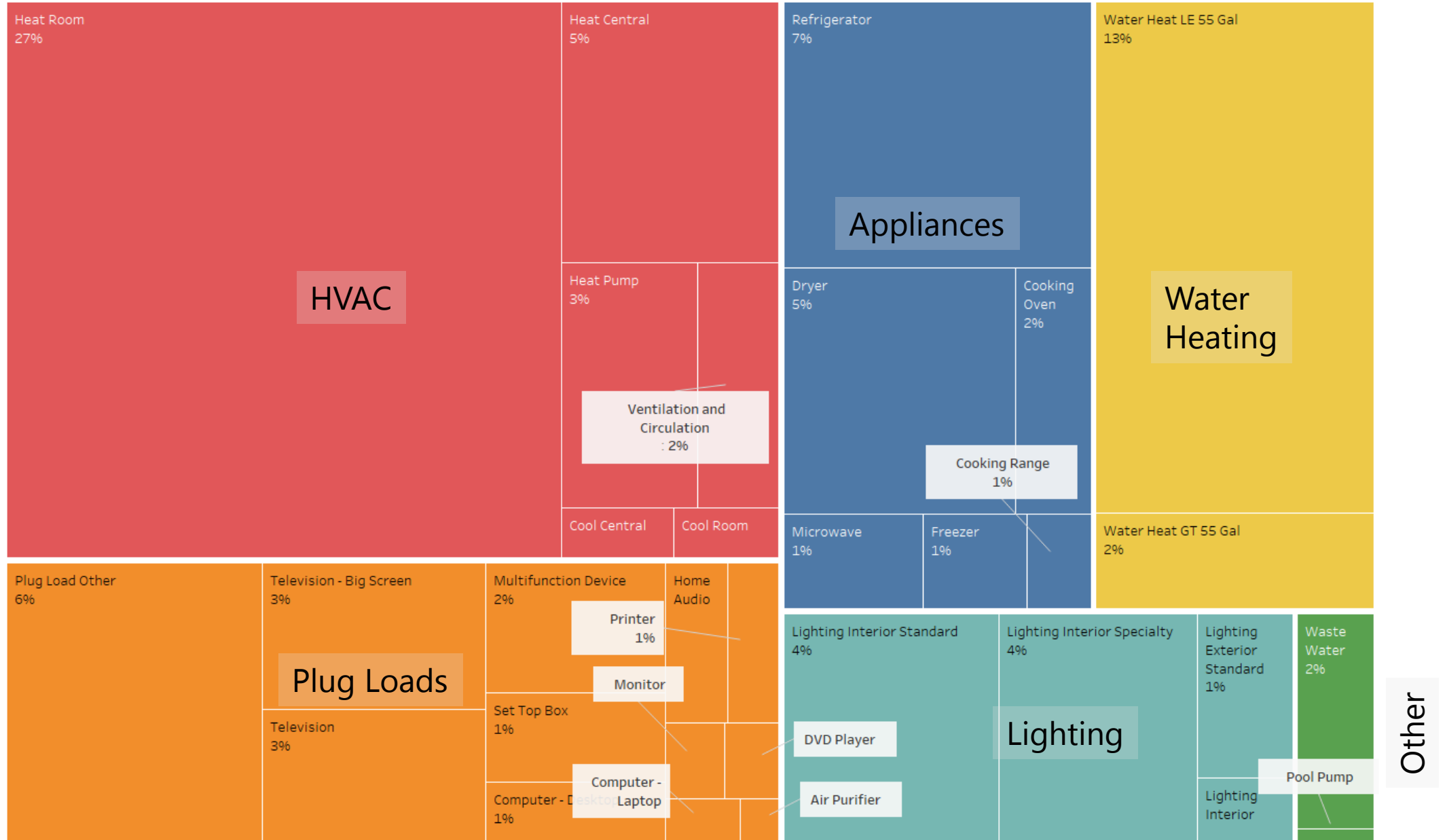
End-Use Forecast (Annual aMW)

BASE YEAR (2019) DELIVERED LOAD BY CUSTOMER CLASS & SEGMENT



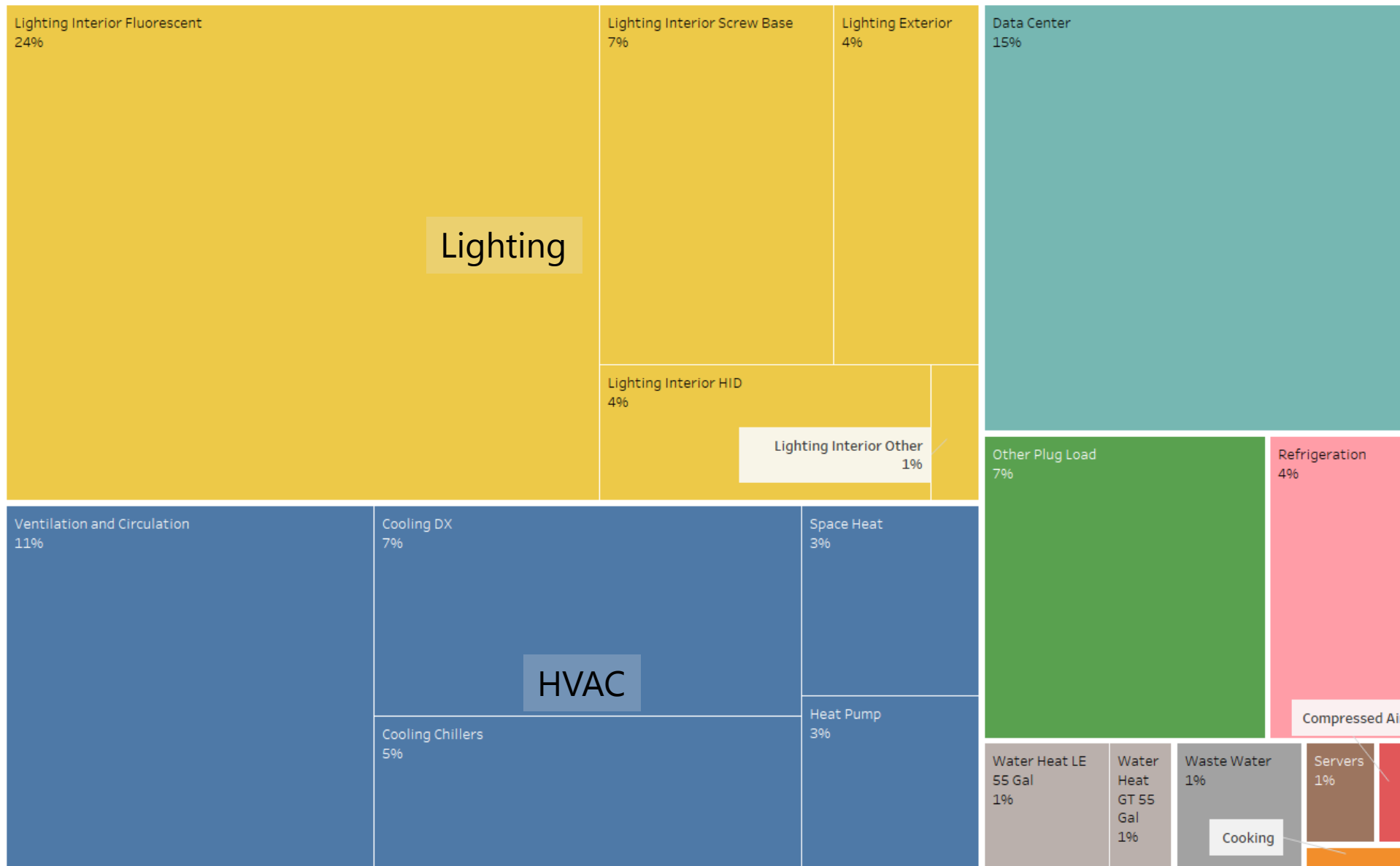
BASE YEAR (2019) DELIVERED RESIDENTIAL LOAD BY END USE

348 aMW

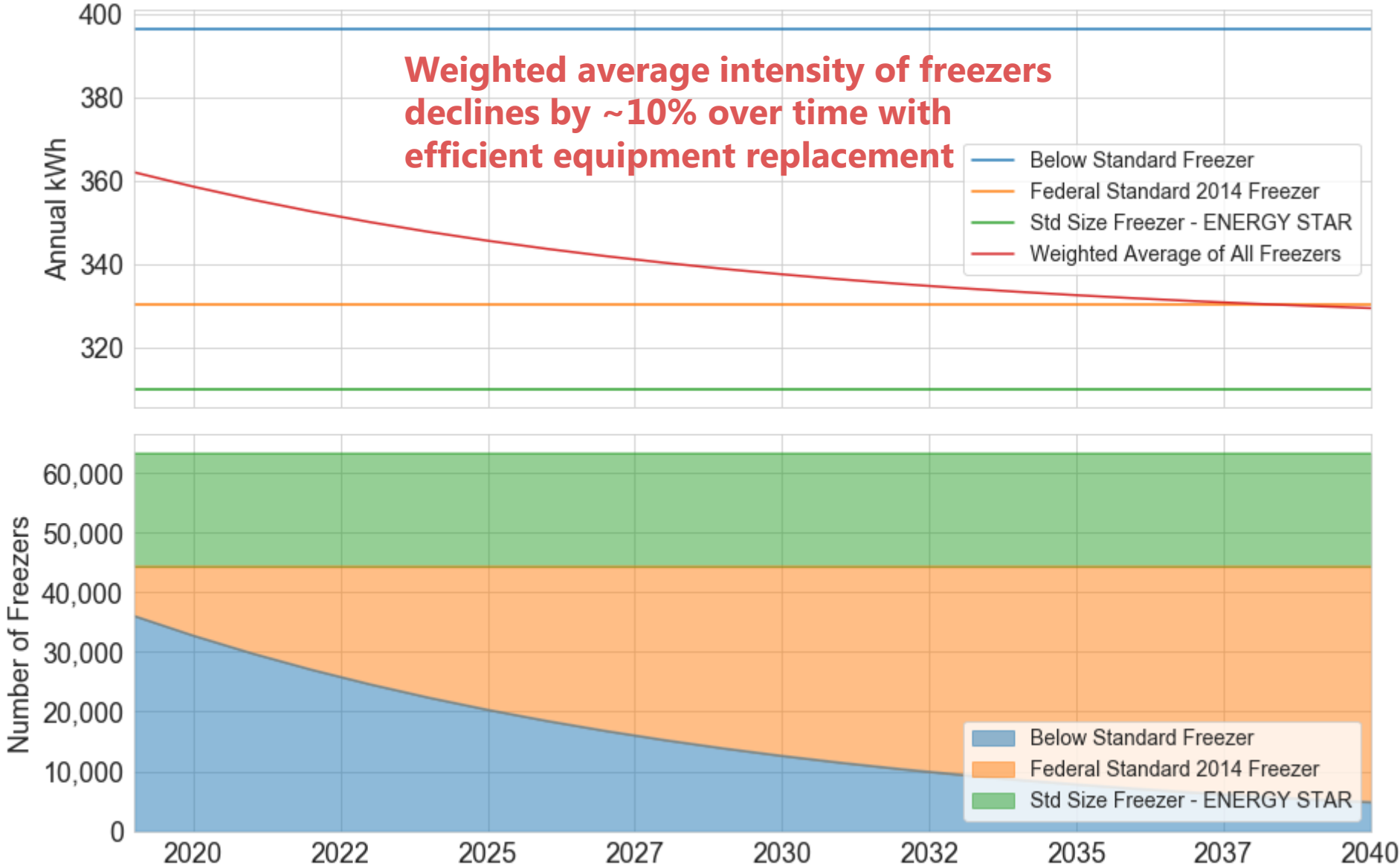


BASE YEAR (2019) COMMERCIAL DELIVERED LOAD BY END USE

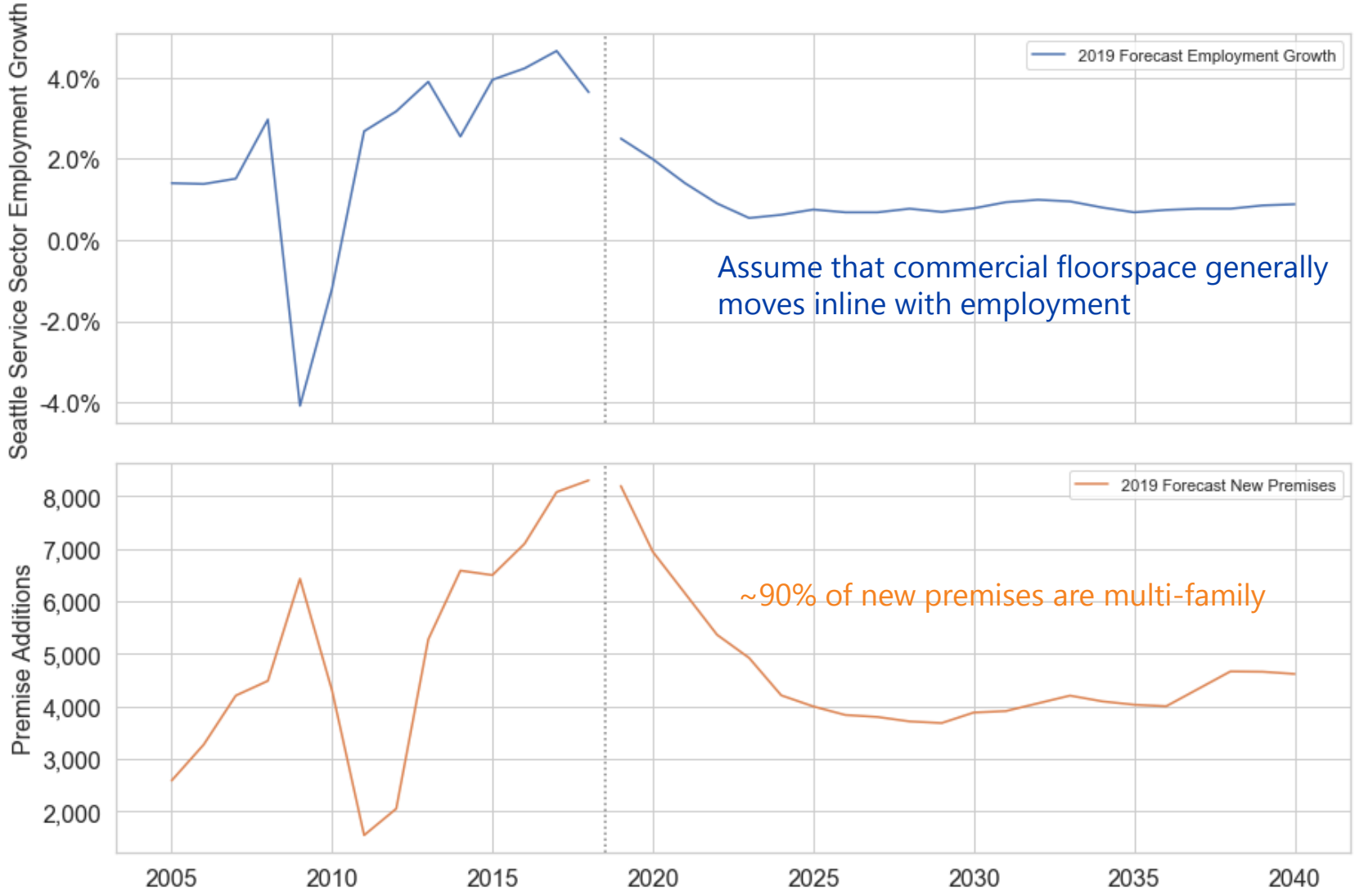
586 aMW



END-USE STOCK TURNOVER EXAMPLE: RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY FREEZERS

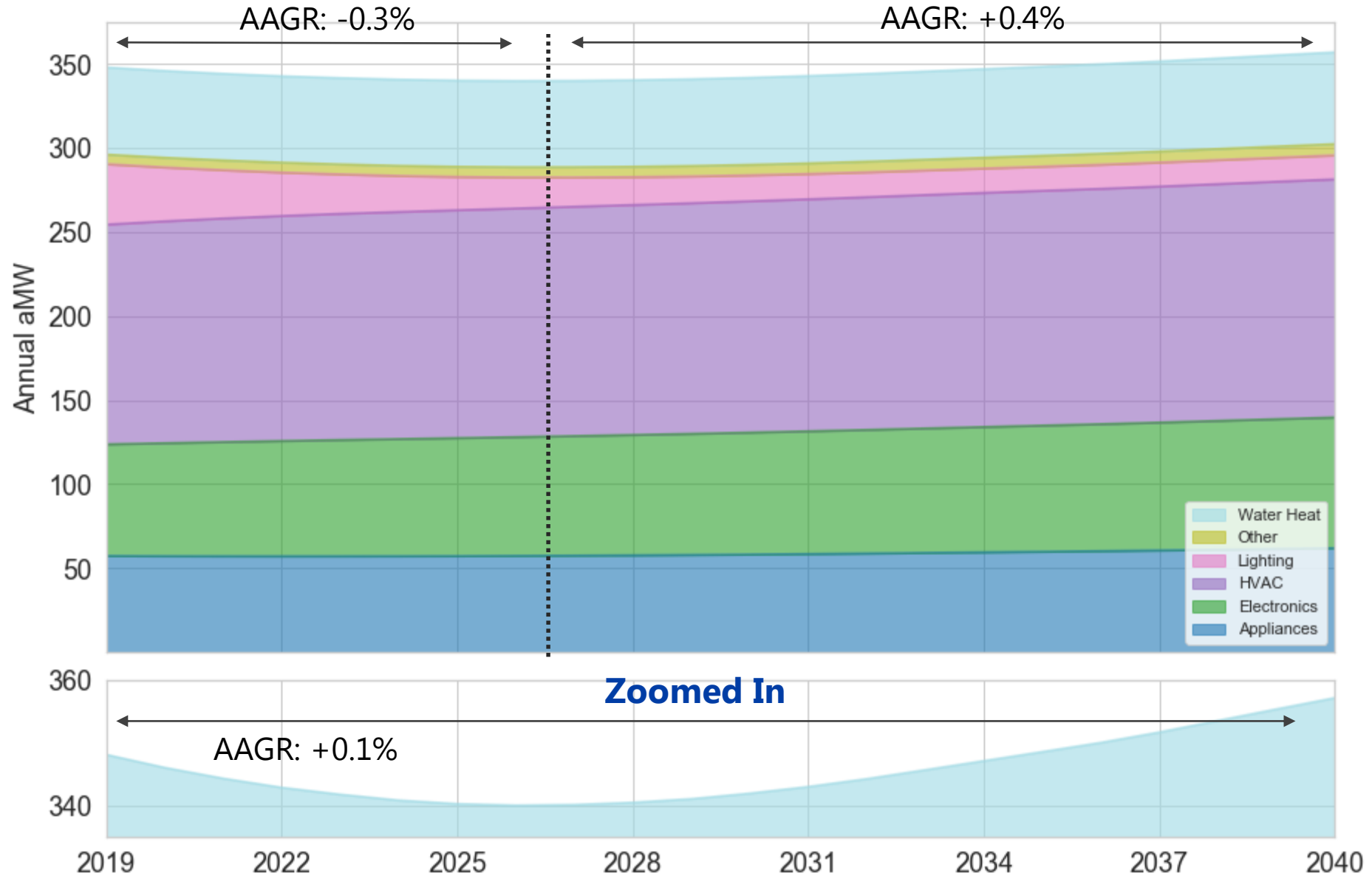


THE ECONOMY IS COOLING

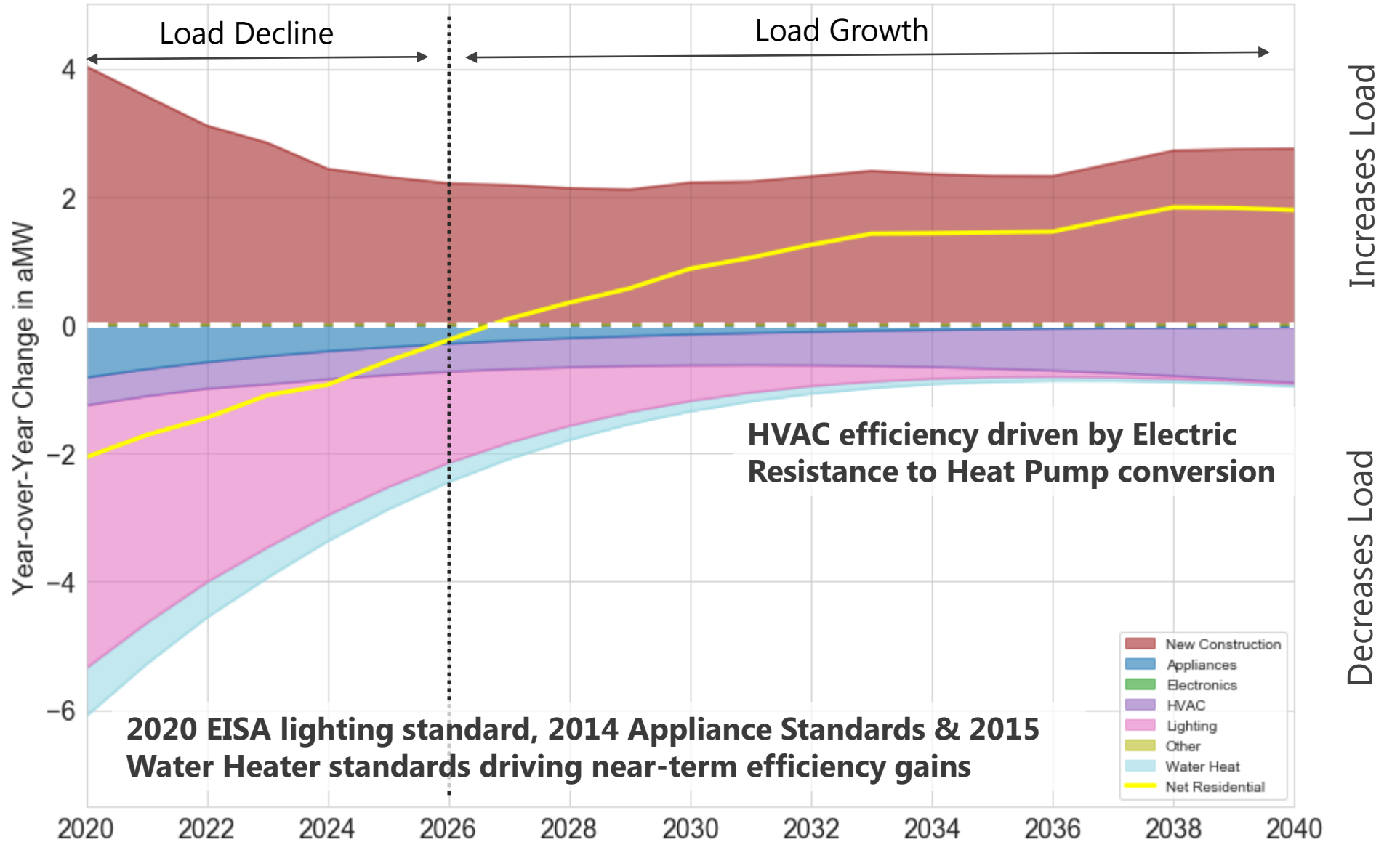


*Employment & Housing Forecast based on IHS Seattle Metro economic forecast

RESIDENTIAL DELIVERED LOADS



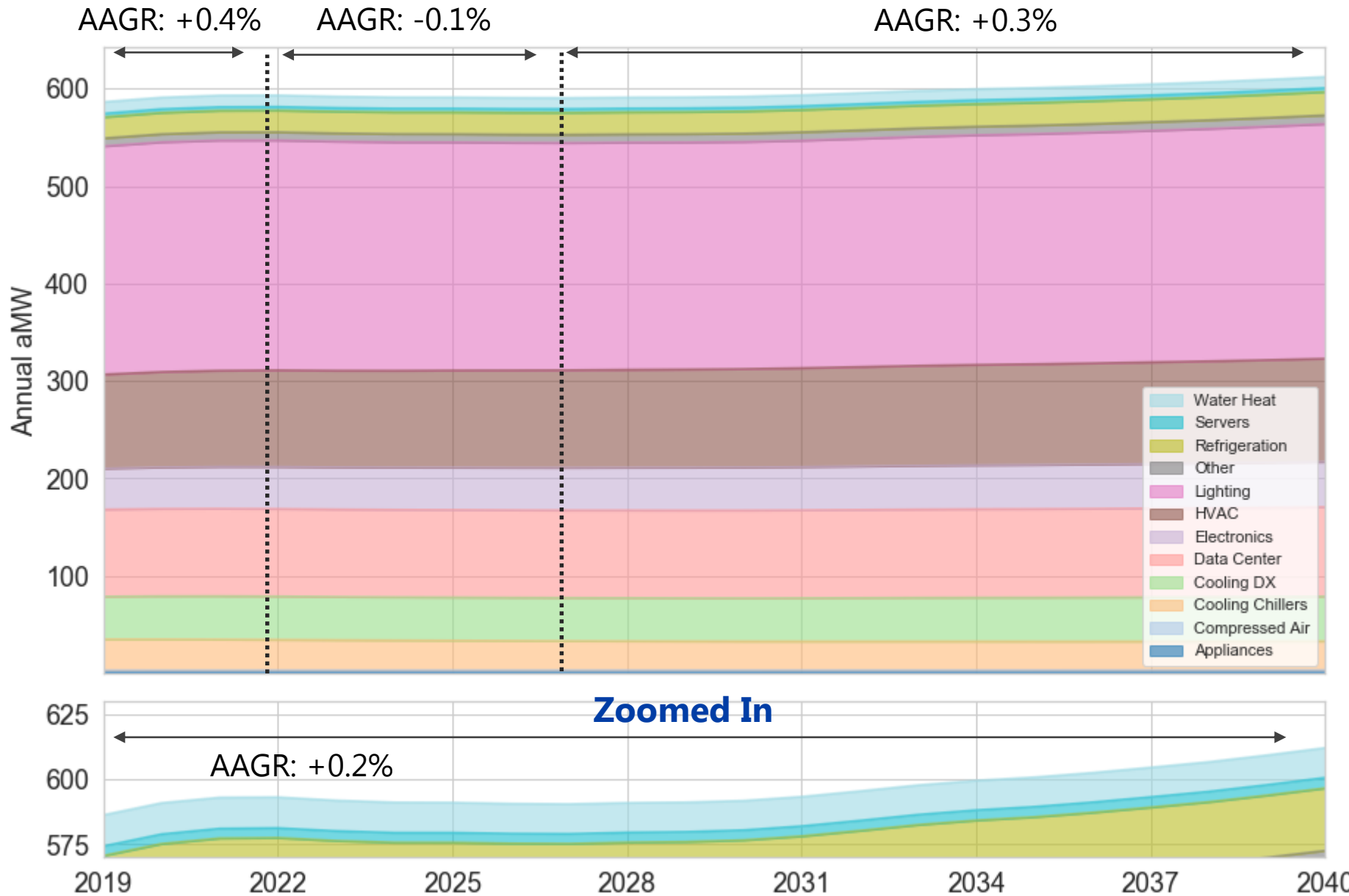
RESIDENTIAL YEAR-OVER-YEAR CHANGES



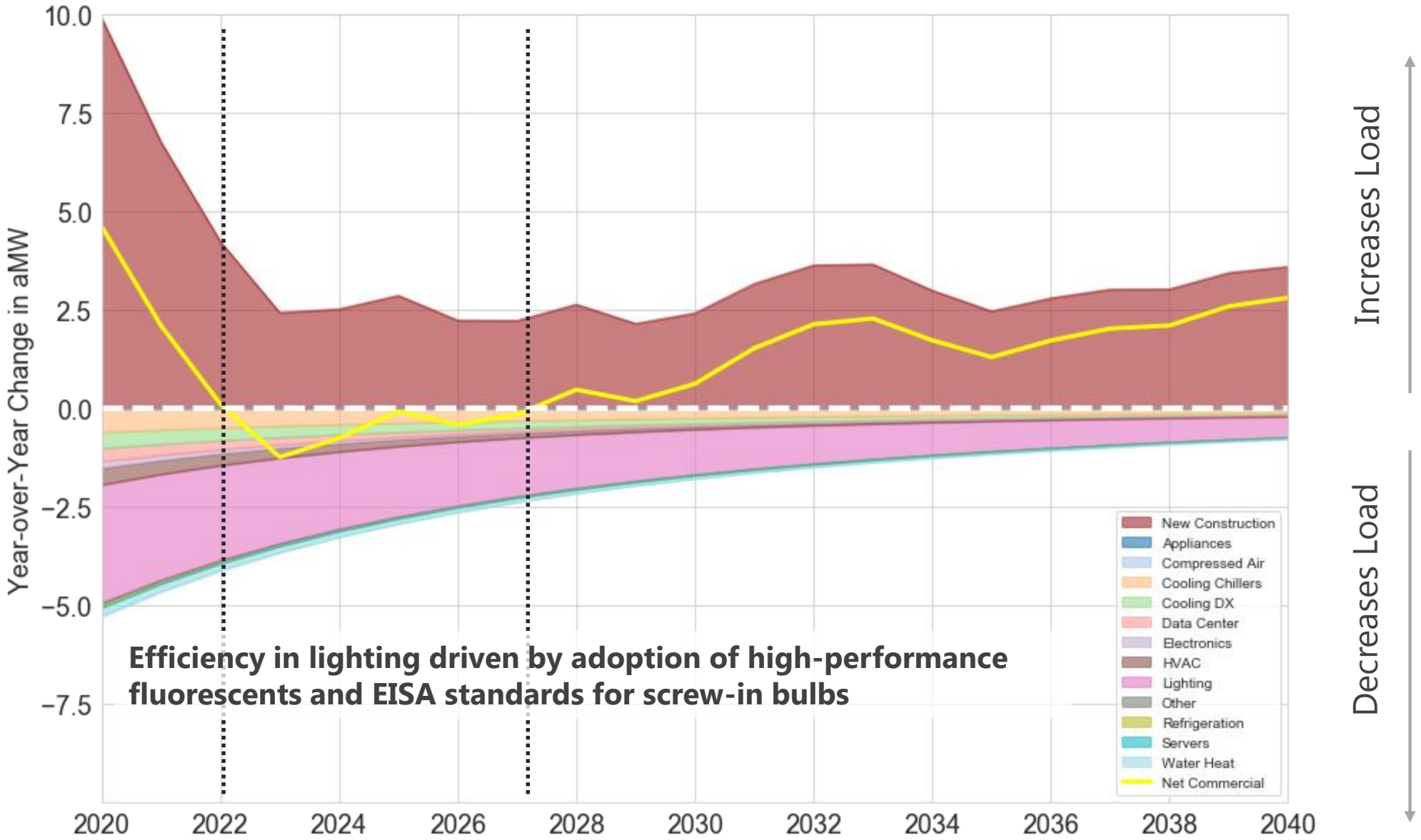
2020 EISA lighting standard, 2014 Appliance Standards & 2015 Water Heater standards driving near-term efficiency gains

HVAC efficiency driven by Electric Resistance to Heat Pump conversion

COMMERCIAL DELIVERED LOADS



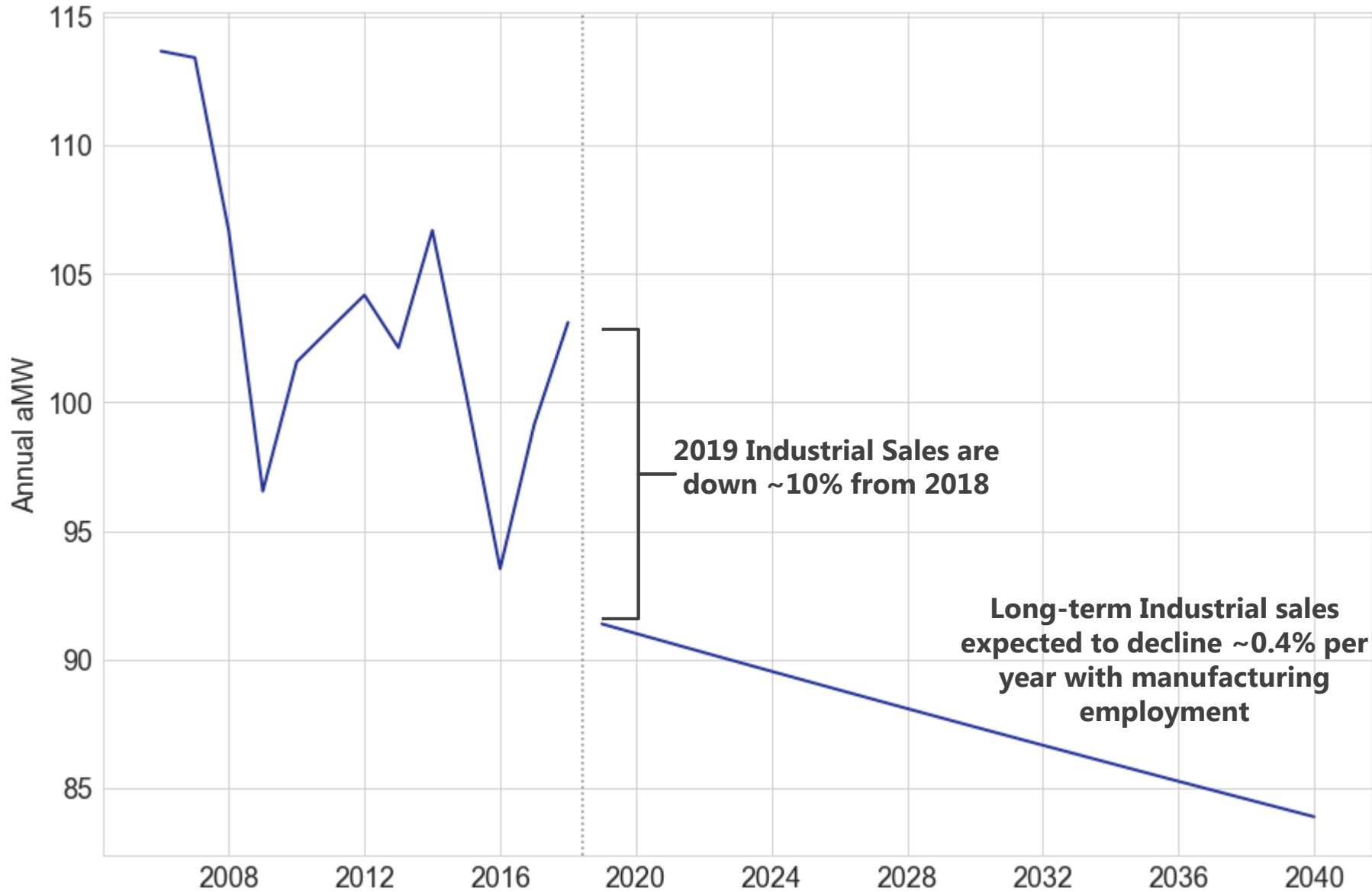
COMMERCIAL YEAR-OVER-YEAR CHANGES



Efficiency in lighting driven by adoption of high-performance fluorescents and EISA standards for screw-in bulbs

Adjustments (Annual aMW)

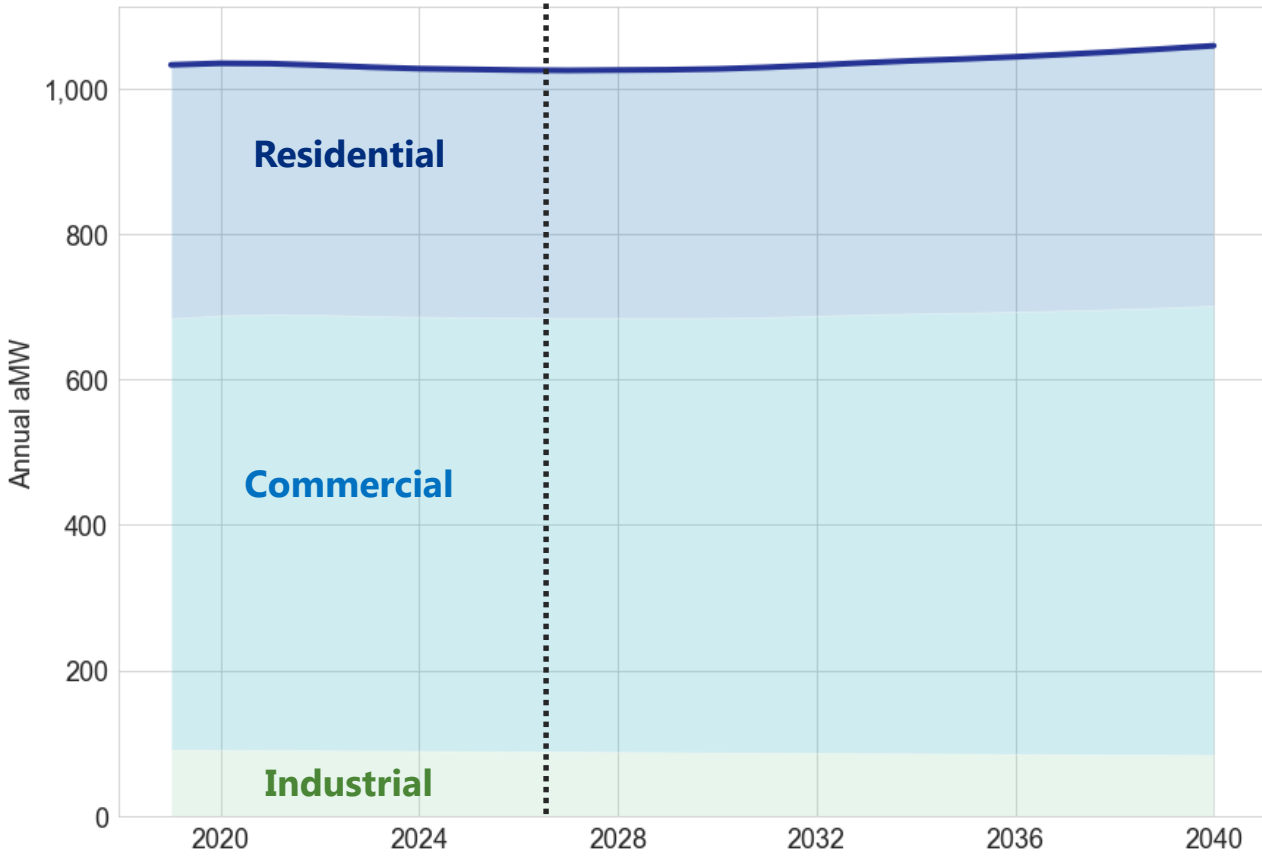
INDUSTRIAL FORECAST



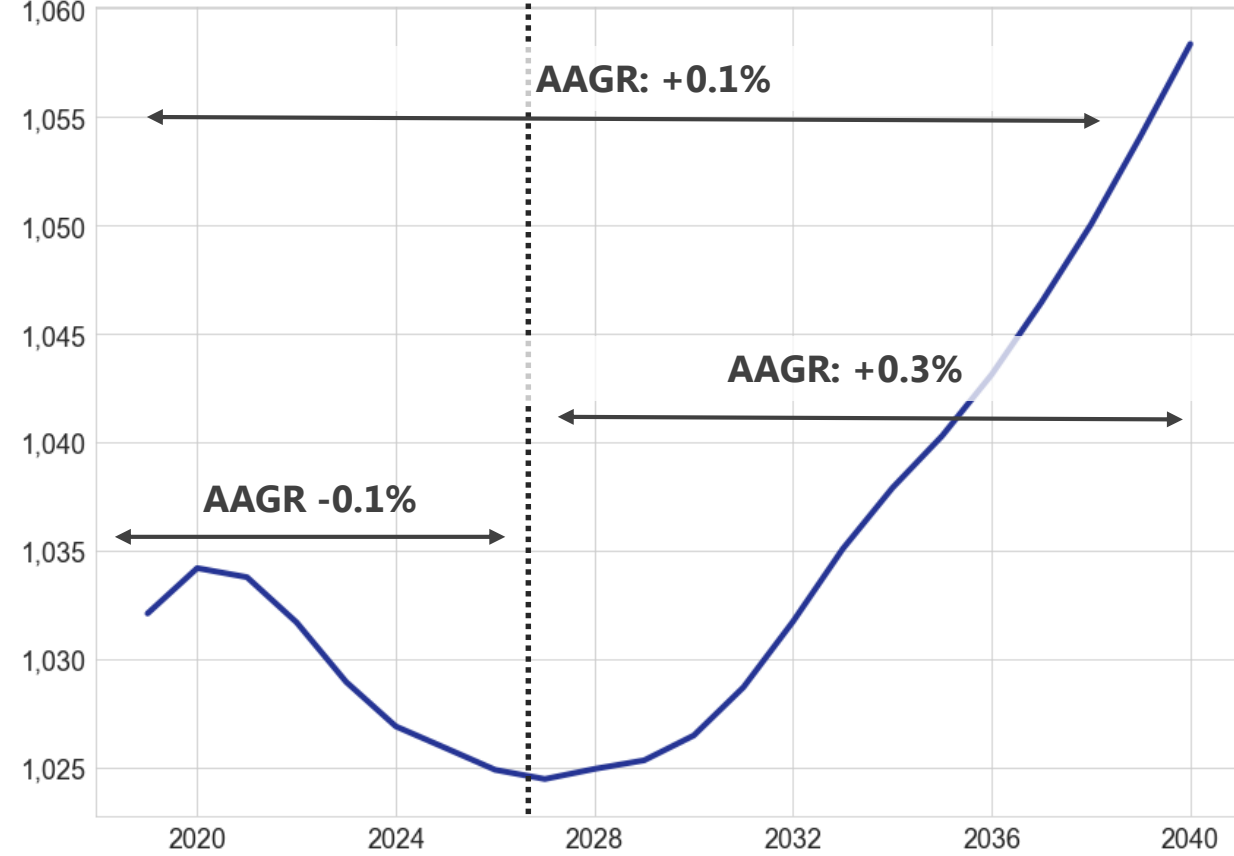
Industrial Customers
ARDAGH GLASS
ASH GROVE CEMENT
BOEING
CERTAINTED
DARIGOLD INC
LAFARGE CORPORATION
NUCOR
PORT OF SEATTLE
STEVEDORING
VIGOR

CORE LOADS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

Zoomed Out

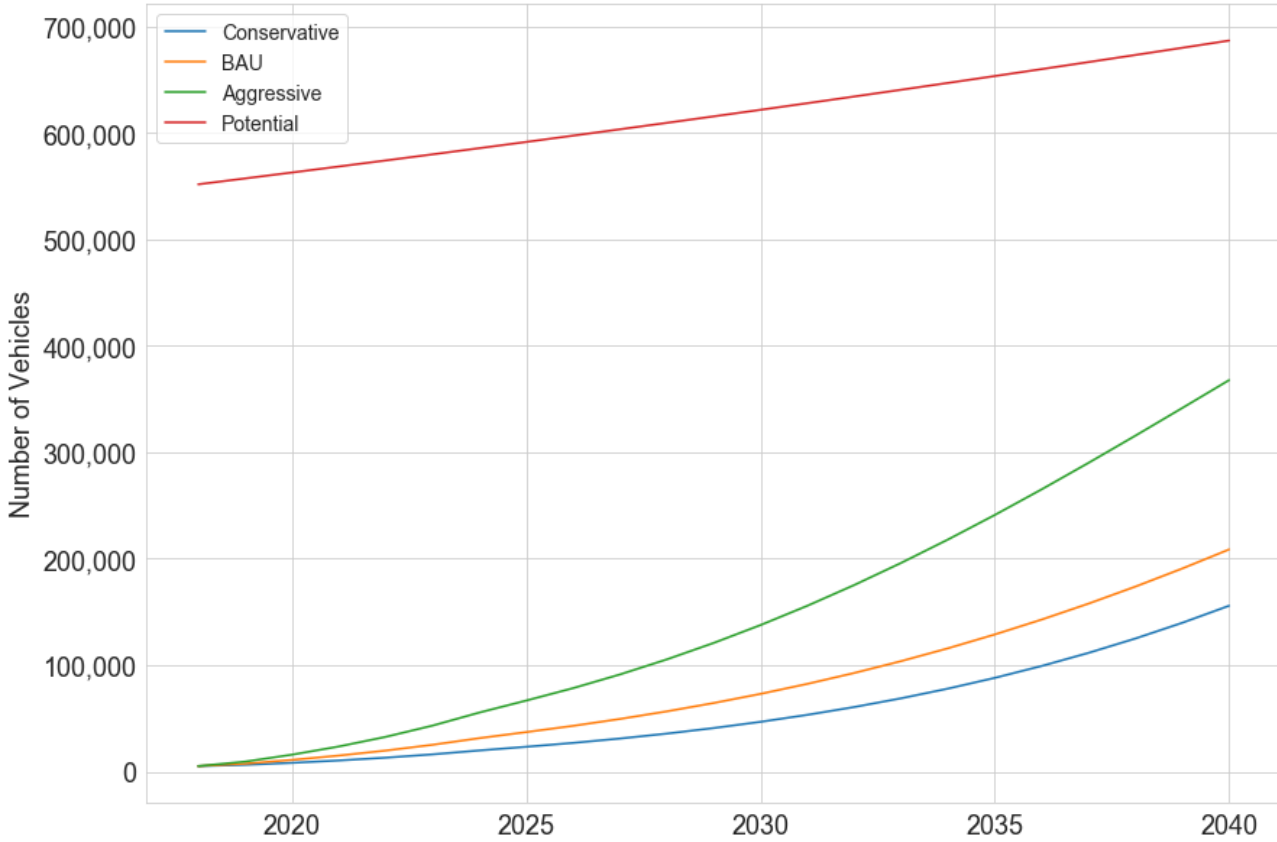


Zoomed In

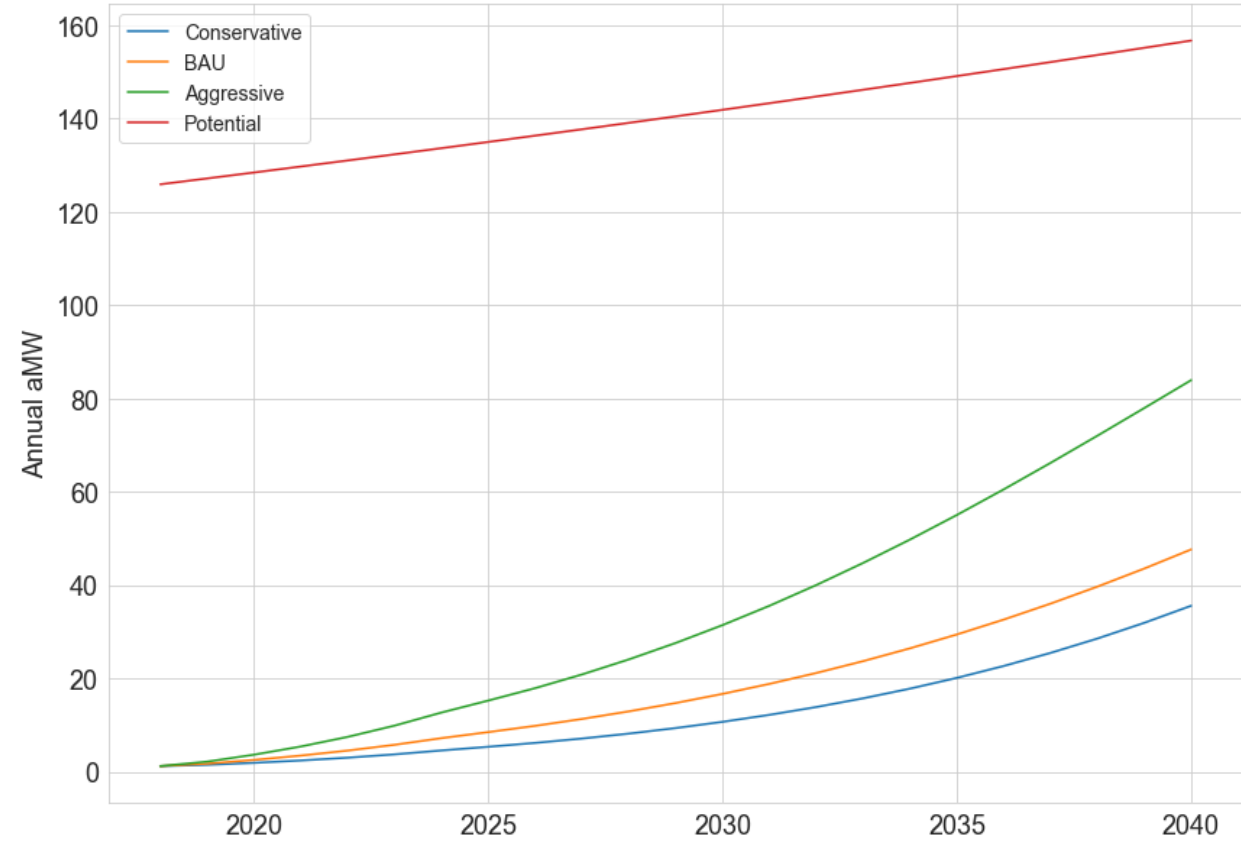


ELECTRIC VEHICLES FORECAST

Light Duty Electric Vehicle Forecast



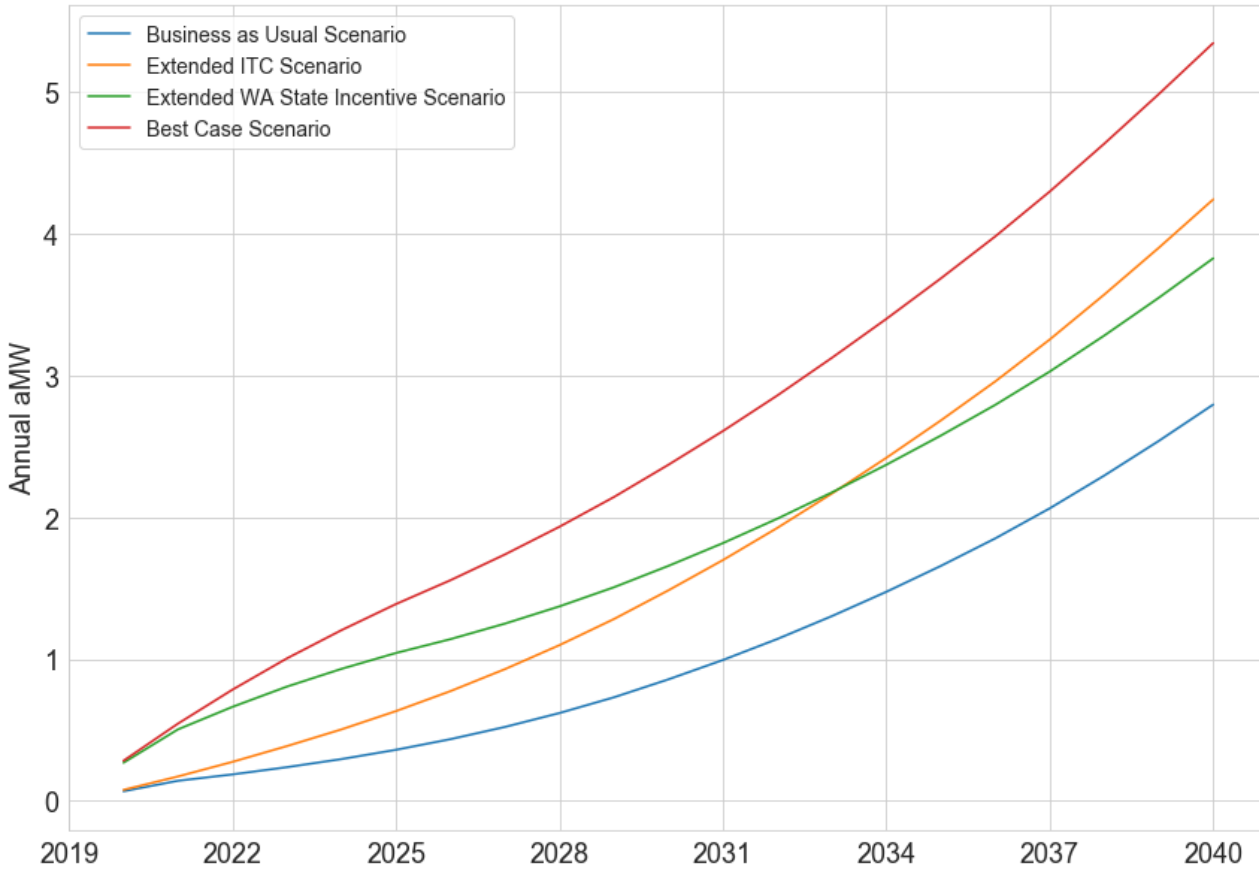
Electric Vehicle Energy (aMW) Impact



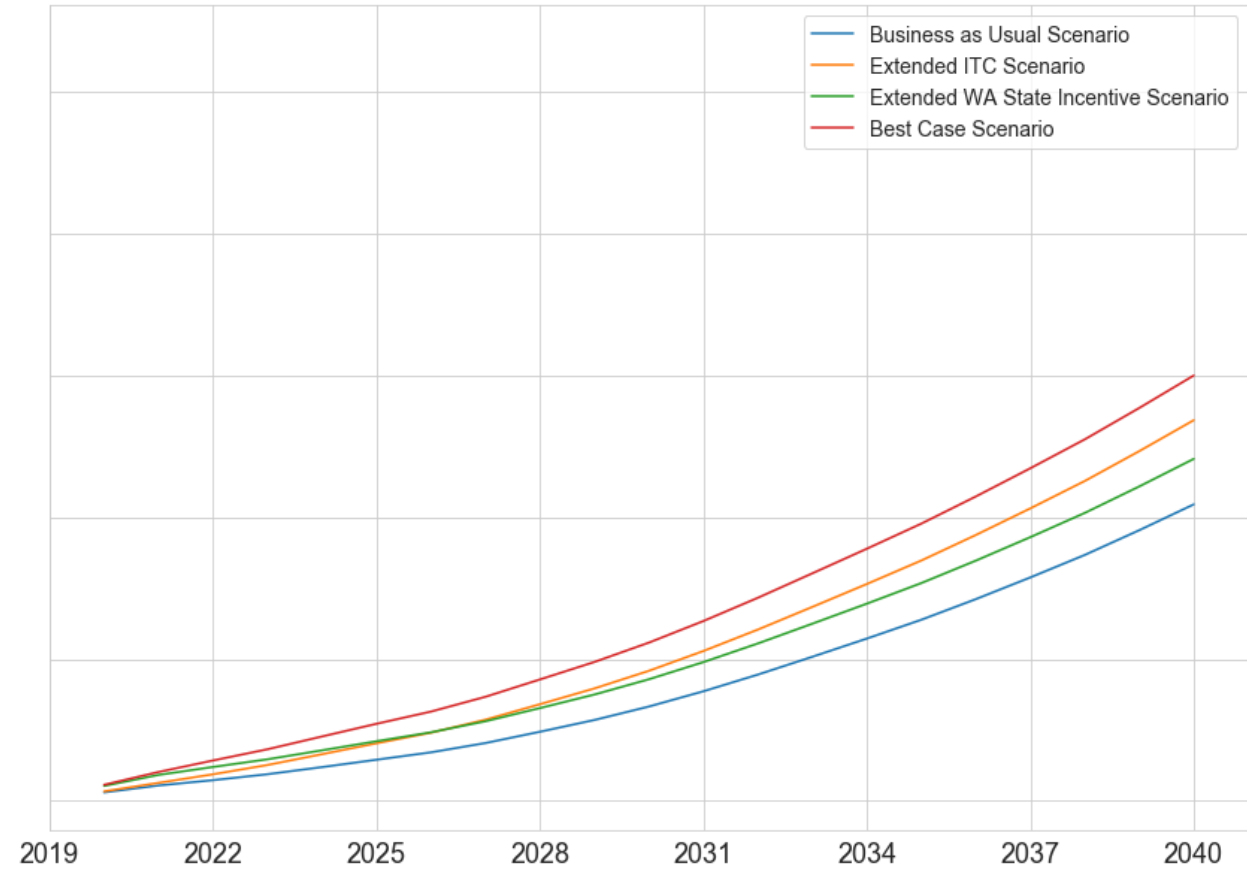
Same forecasts used for RMI study. We adopt **BAU** for the baseline forecast.

DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Residential Expected Generation (aMW)

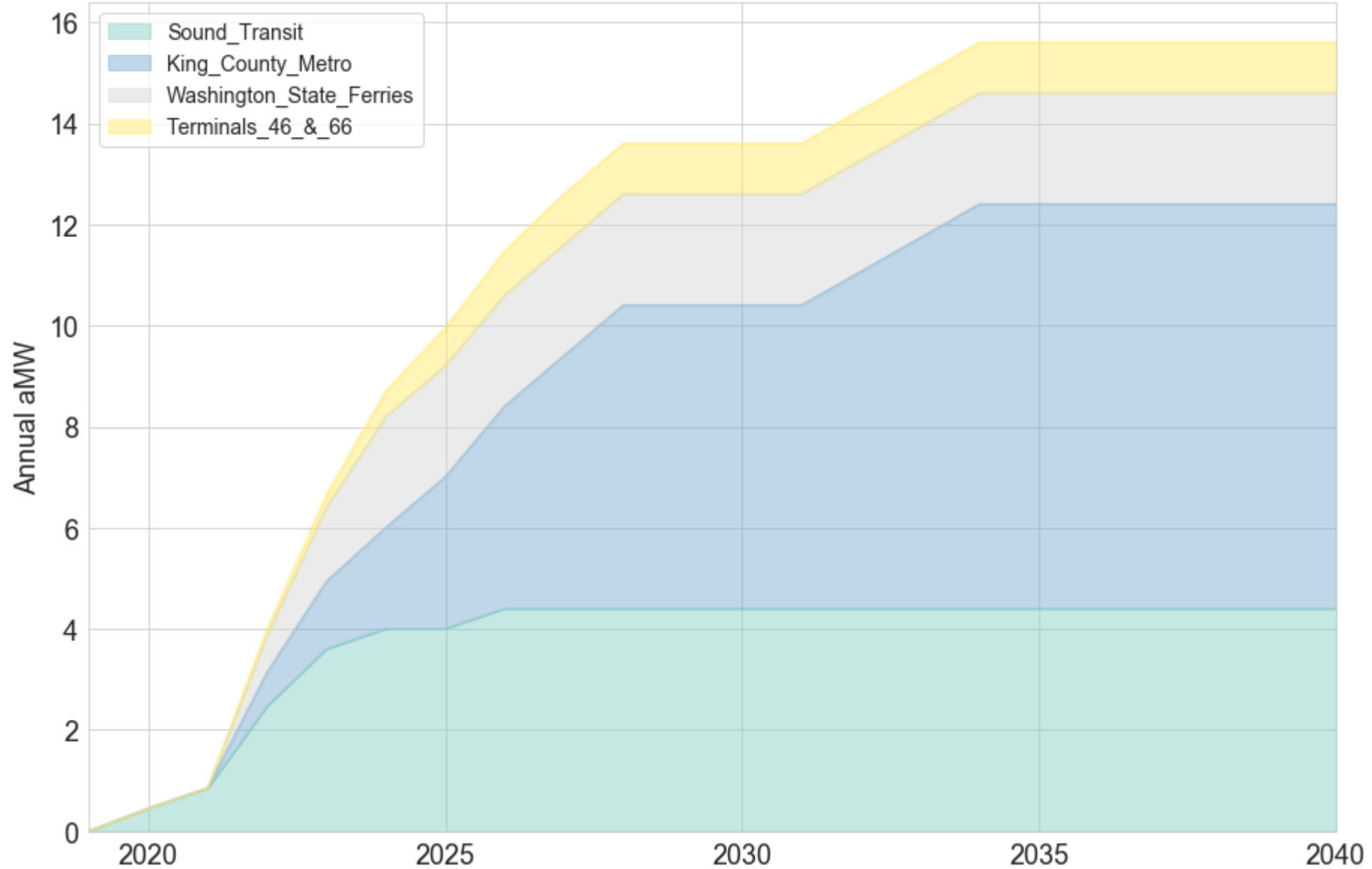


Commercial Expected Generation (aMW)



From 2020 Cadmus Solar PV Potential Study. We adopt **Extended WA Incentive** for the baseline forecast.

LARGE TRANSIT ELECTRIFICATION



Apply Shapings (Annual to Hourly) and Weather Sensitivities

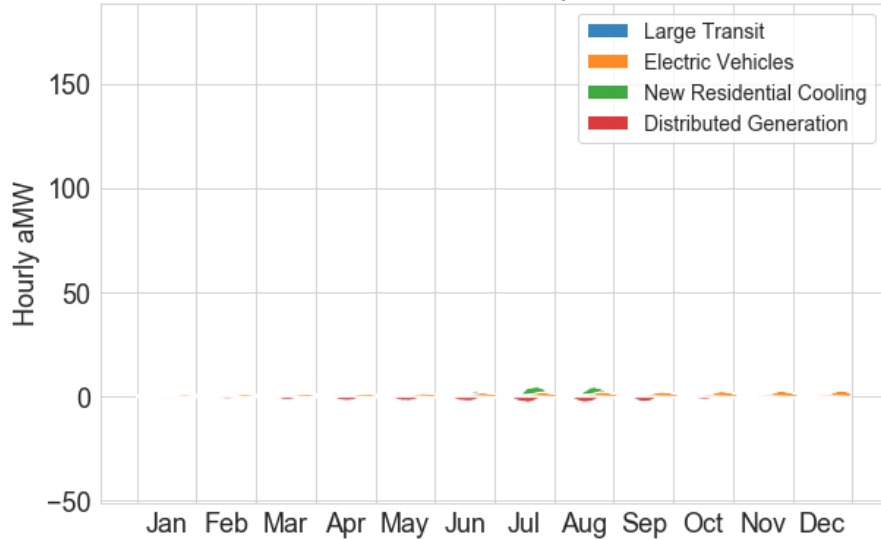
Broken out of
end-use model

Annual Forecast Component	Shaping Model Description
Core Loads (RES + COM + IND)	Hourly level model fit to historical system load data that accounts for weather, day of week effects and holidays
Solar	NREL System Advisor Model (SAM)
New Residential Cooling	Residential building simulation model: Simplified Energy Enthalpy Model (SEEM)
Electric Vehicles	DOE EV Project data for Washington State
Large Transit	Engineering studies

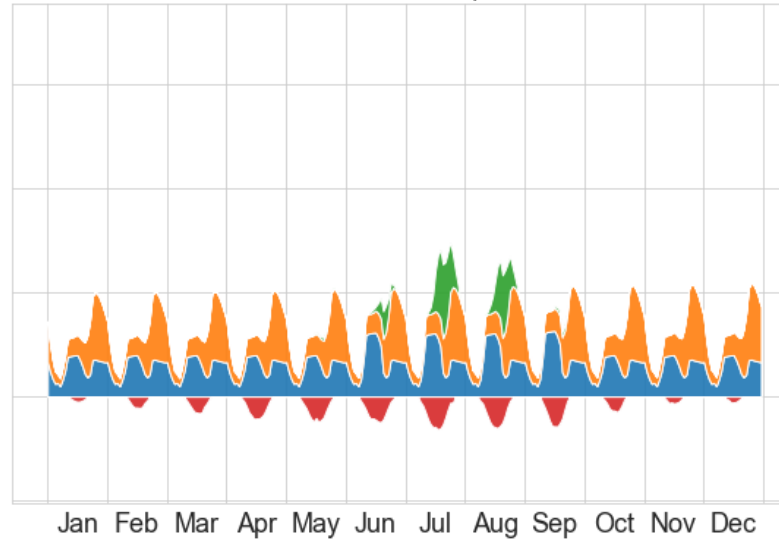
Weather Sensitive Shapes

TYPICAL WEEKDAY 24 HR NON-COINCIDENT LOAD SHAPES

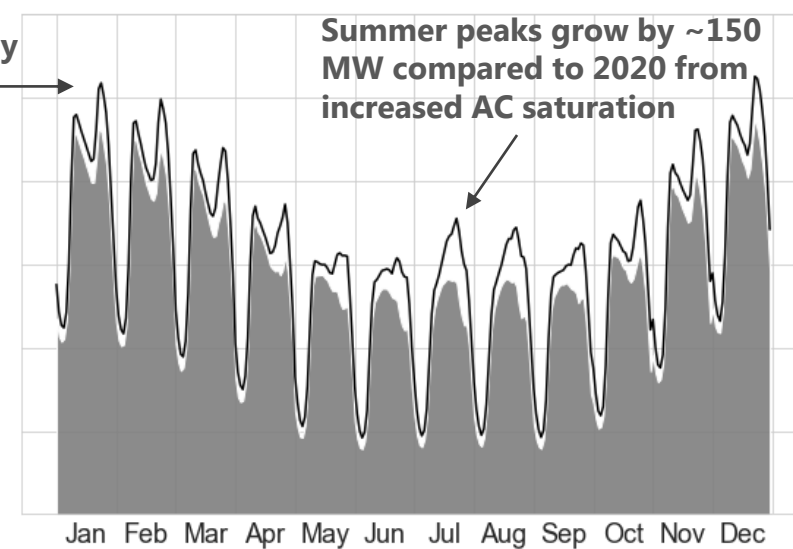
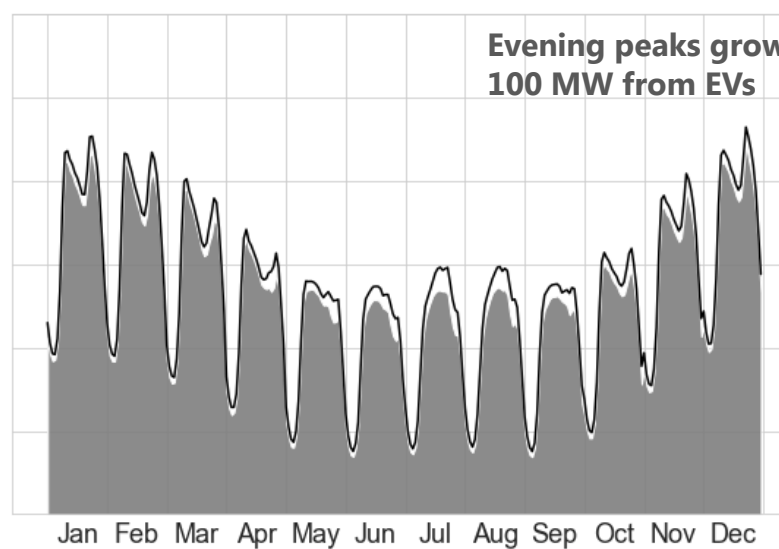
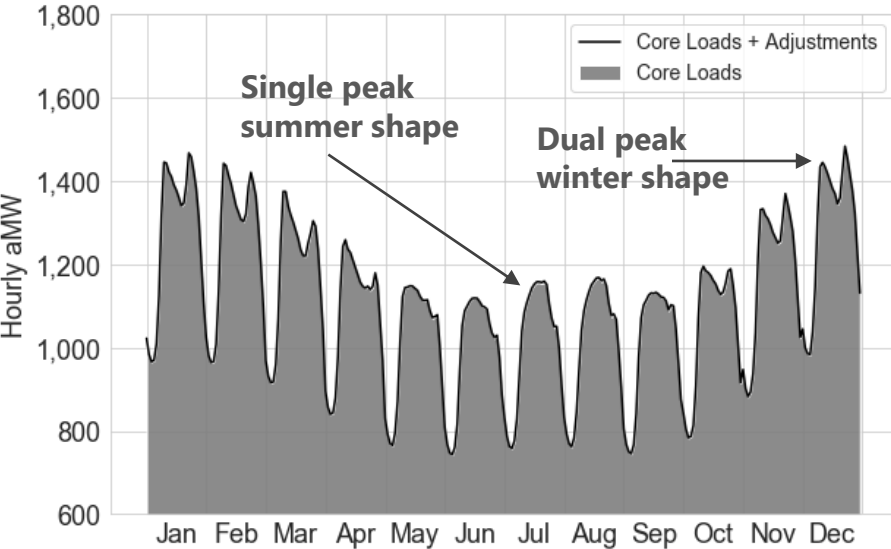
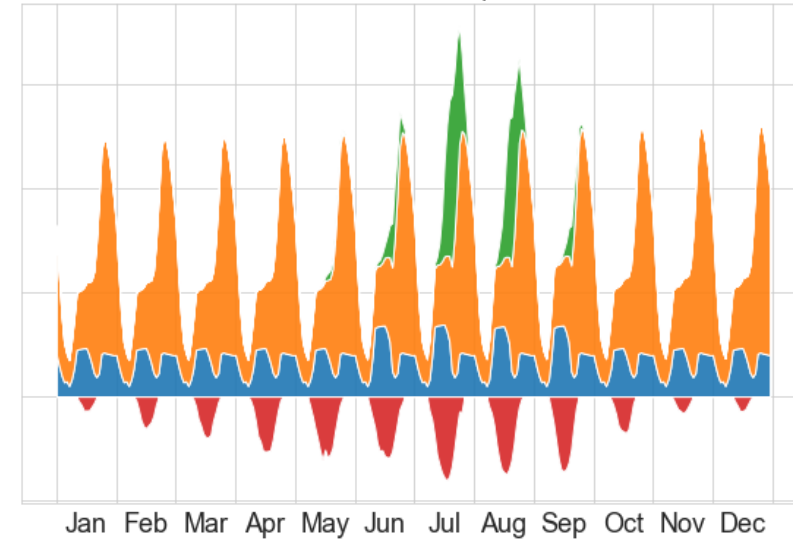
2020 Load Shapes



2030 Load Shapes

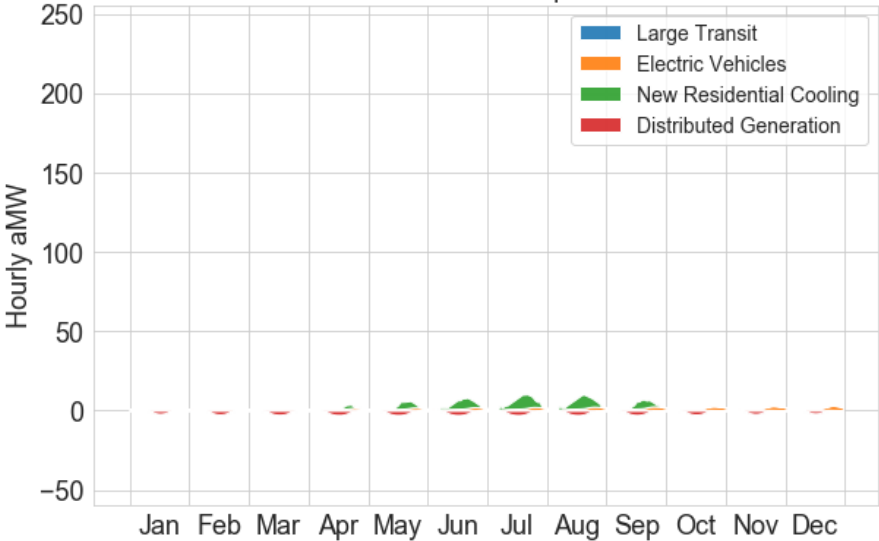


2040 Load Shapes

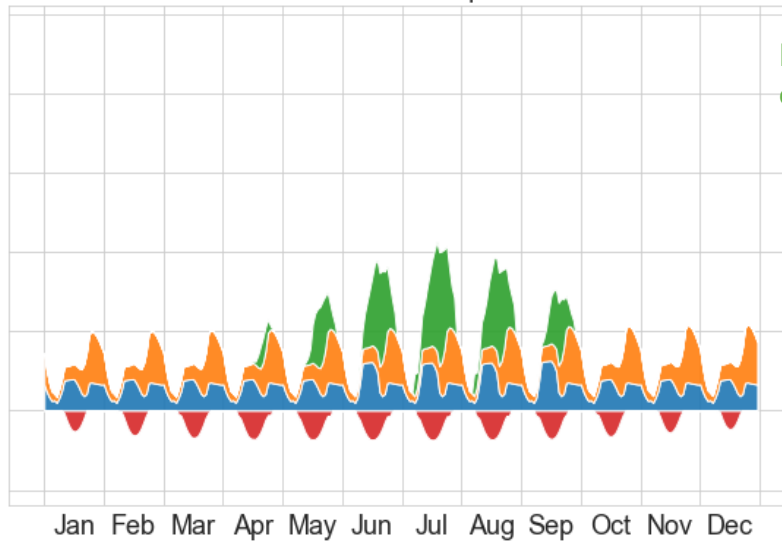


CRITICAL WEEKDAY NON-COINCIDENT 24 HR LOAD SHAPES

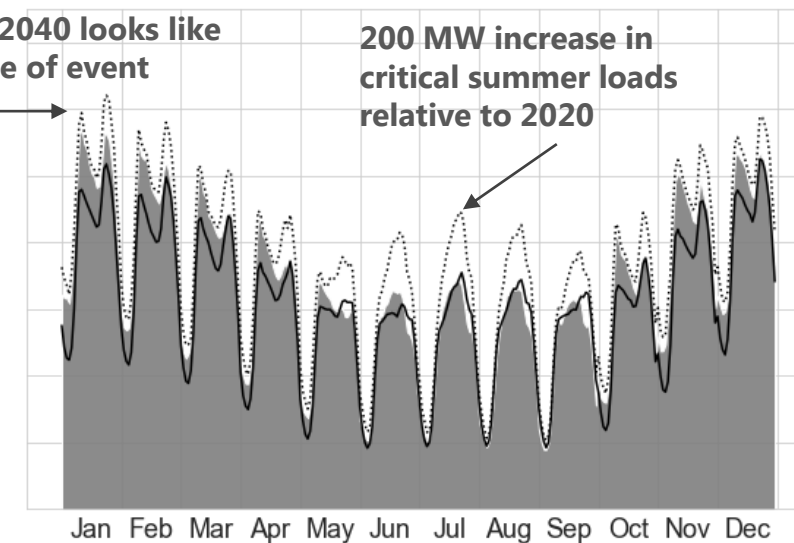
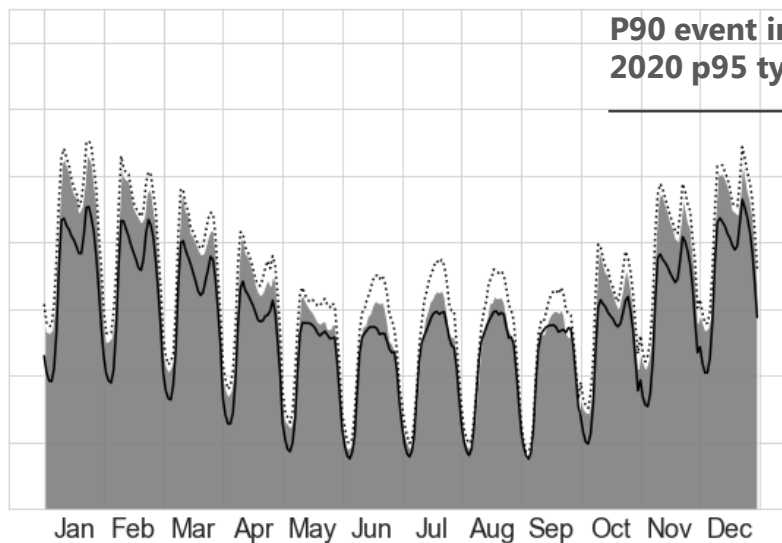
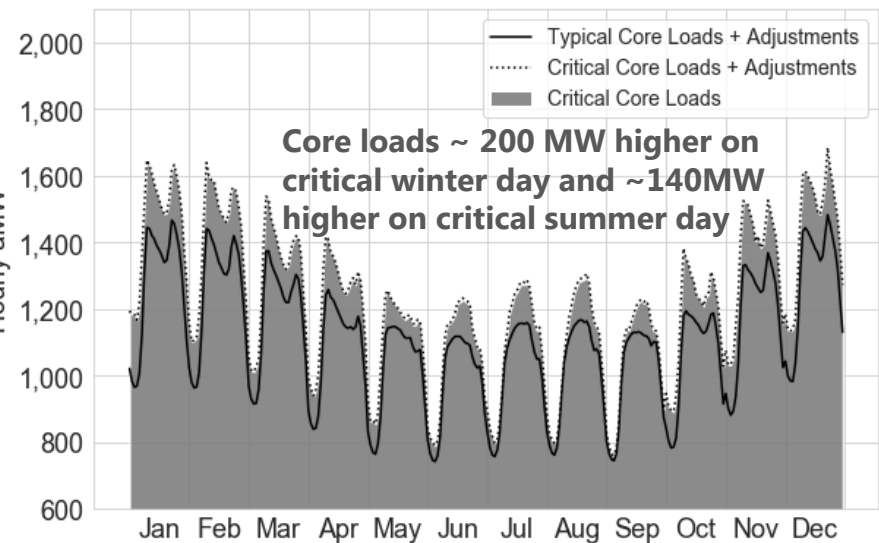
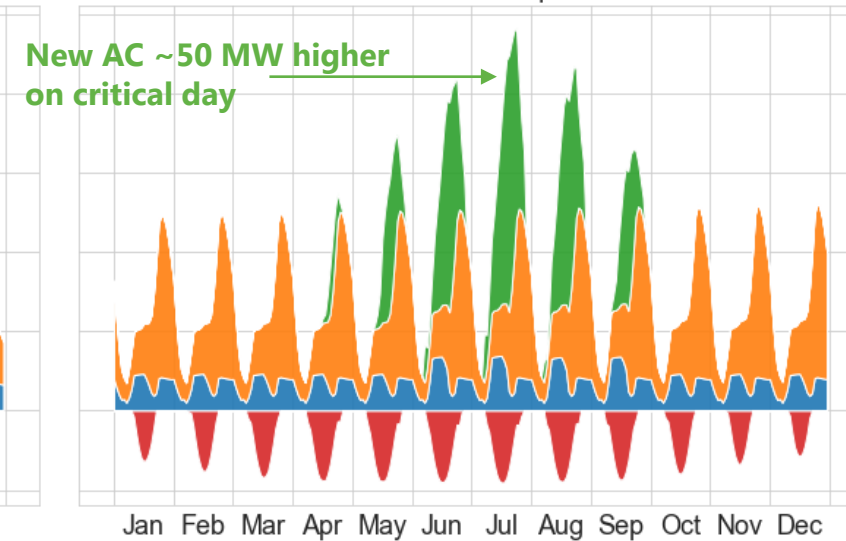
2020 Load Shapes



2030 Load Shapes



2040 Load Shapes





Demand Scenarios

What are the key themes to consider for demand scenarios?

Policies & Regulation

- Taxes & incentives
- CETA, Clean Buildings Act, OSE Benchmarking...etc
- Deep decarbonization proposals

Market Transformations

- Energy as a service
- Micro grids & consumer aggregators
- Large customer exits

The Economy

- Will Seattle continue to boom?
- Could Seattle have a struggling economy?

Technology Adoption

- Equipment efficiency improvements
- Load from new end-uses
- Equipment adoption under electrification

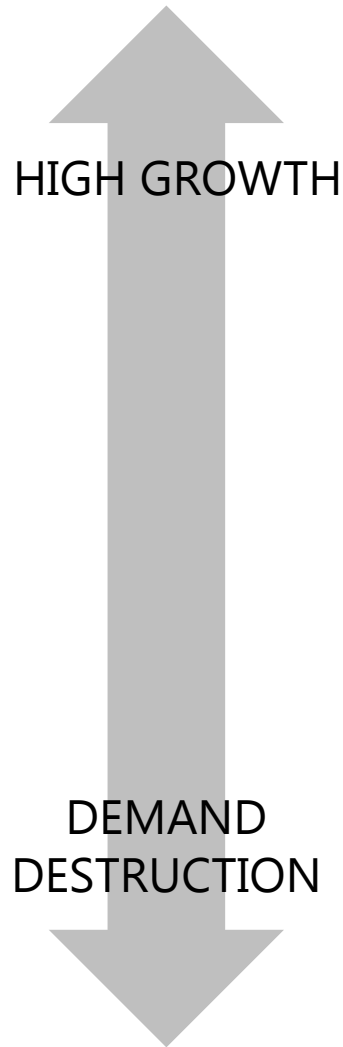
Climate Change

- Which GCM scenarios to use
- Weather data coverage
- Socioeconomic impacts

What Else?

EXAMPLE SCENARIOS

DRAFT



- 1 All buildings electrify with high EV adoption
- 2 New buildings electrify with high EV adoption
- 3 Sustained economic growth
- 4 Deep recession with slow recovery
- 5 Energy as a service, microgrids & customer aggregation

CRAFTING THE SCENARIO: ALL BUILDINGS ELECTRIFY WITH HIGH EV ADOPTION

DRAFT

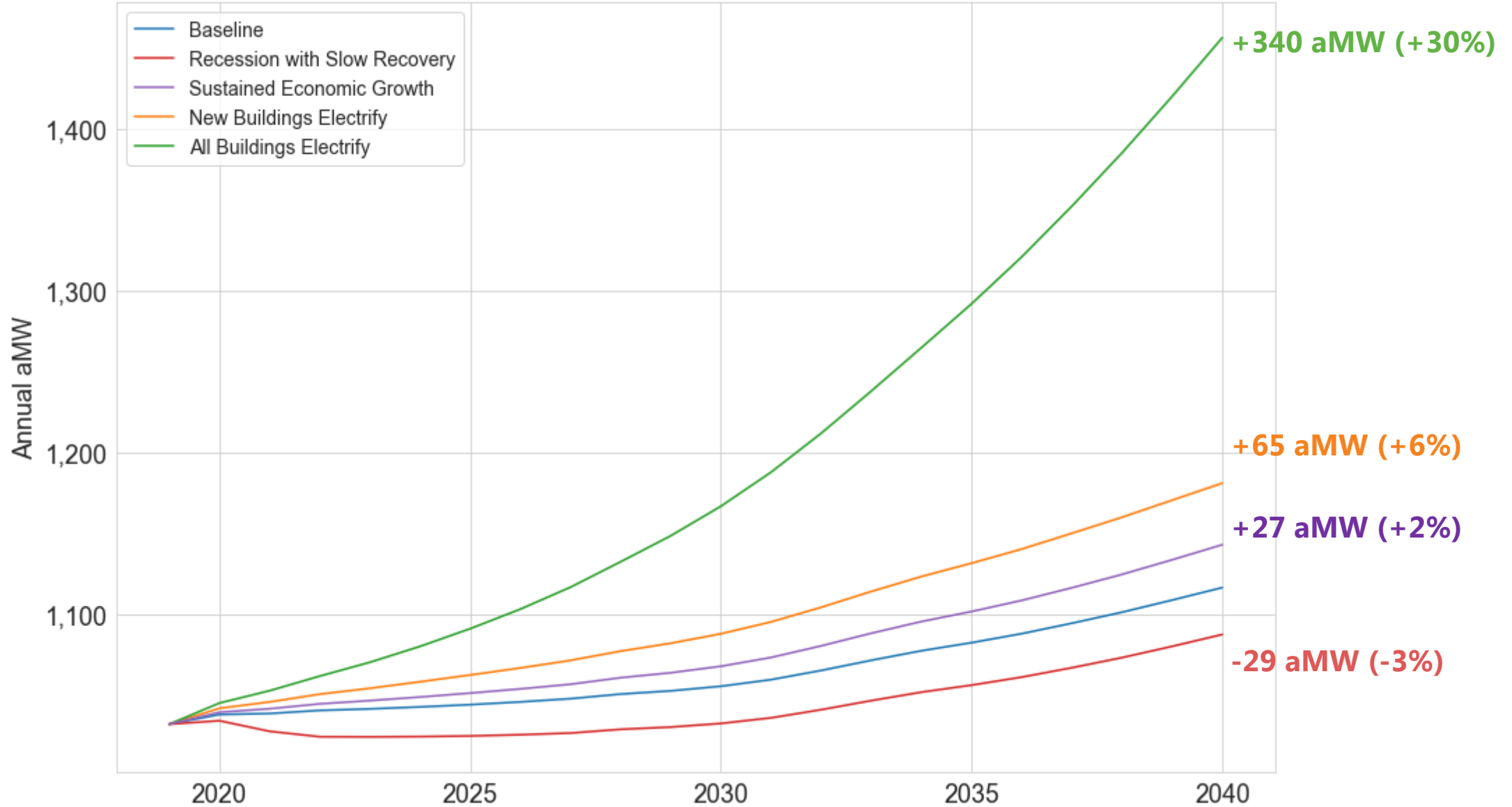
1

All buildings electrify with high EV adoption:

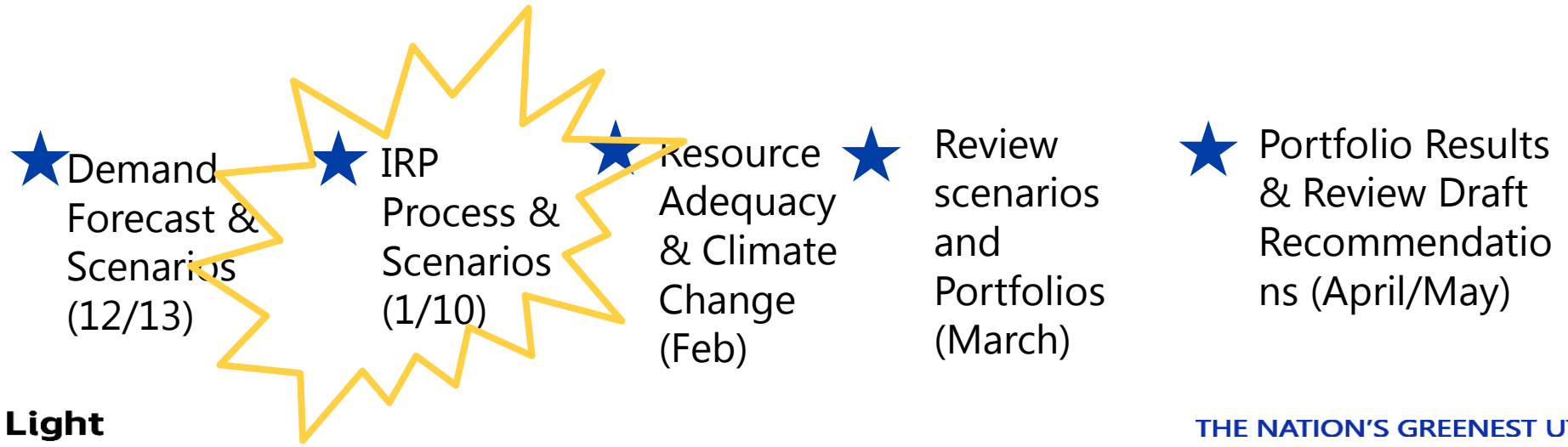
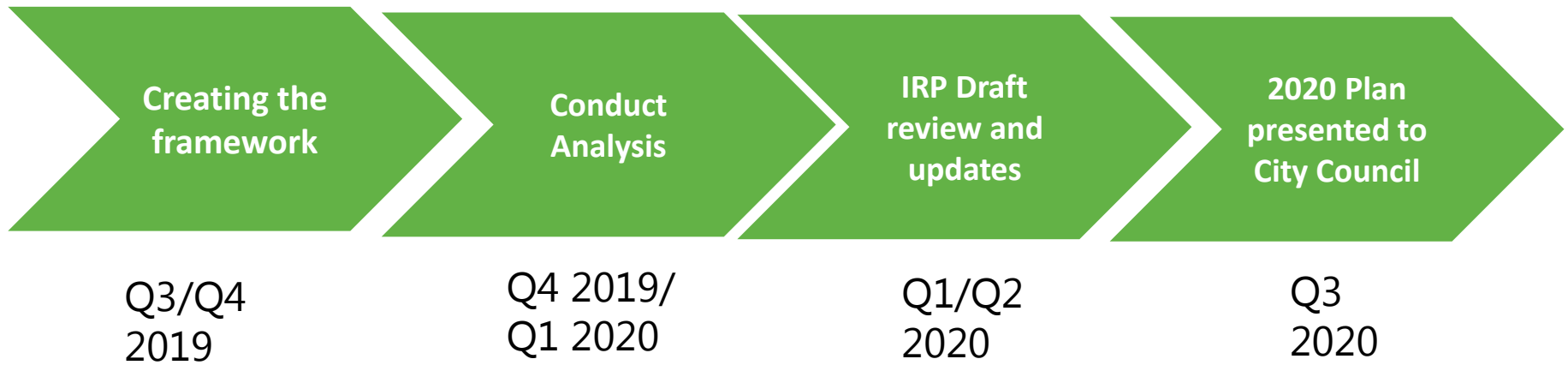
- No new natural gas in all new construction
- Existing building stock is converted to 100% electric
 - Rate of conversion is non-linear (backloaded)
 - Assume high efficiency heat pump conversion for Residential
- !
 - Commercial based on existing end-use equipment assumptions
- High EV adoption scenario from RMI Study

EXAMPLE SCENARIO RESULTS

DRAFT



HIGH-LEVEL INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN TIMELINE





Seattle City Light

